Advertise in the "Times"

THE DELIA TIMES

Classified Ads bring results

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. X., No. 28 DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1928 Subscription $1.50 a Year

For the Summer Season

New Cabbage. New Potatoes.
FRESH BERRIES--
Raspberries. Apricots. Plums.
Cherries and Tomatoes.

Doesn't that read good for next Sunday and other days, and the prices are right, too. Phone your order Saturday for these. They are often gone before night.

For SUMMER FROCKS we have all the makings. A new dress costs practically nothing these days, if you can make it yourself.

Men's Work Sox, 3 pair for 25c
Men's Work Boots, from ..... $3.25 to $8.50
Men's Dress Oxfords, from ..... $3.95 to $7.50

All these we recommend, and stand behind to give you satisfaction

Delia Farmers' Co-operative Association, Ltd.

Phone your Order to 39

Minutes of M.D. Council of Lambton

The council met at Craigmyle on Saturday, June 30th at 2 p.m. All councillors, except coun. Chapman, were present.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and on motion of coun. Simpson were adopted.

Mrs. Devine and some neighbors attended the meeting and asked the council to make a diversion round the slough west of Sec. 7-31-16-4 so as to make that road passable.

Moved by coun. Hawkins that a committee be appointed to look into the matter. Carried.

Mr. Reeves was present, and asked the council to have the road west of 13 and 24-31-17-4, opened up.

Moved by coun. Nelson that a committee be appointed to look into this matter. Carried.

Moved by coun. McDonald that coun. Nelson, Bolster and Hawkins be a committee to look over these roads. Carried.

Some discussion arose as to the amount which should be paid wages for road work, and the number of hours that should be worked.

It was moved by coun. Simpson that we pay $5.00 a day for nine hours actual work, or $7.00 a day for eight hours actual work, for a man with four horses. Carried.

A letter was read from Alberta Pacific Grain Company asking for the sum of $100.00 as payment for the acreage expropriated from their lot south of the railway track at Delia for road purposes.

Moved by coun. McDonald that we pay this amount to the Alberta Pacific Grain Company for the property expropriated. Carried.

The council was advised that a vote was being taken on July 9th in the Hanna Hospital District on a by-law passed to issue debentures for $22,000.00, for the purpose of adding to the Hanna Hospital.

It was moved by E Nelson, and carried unanimously, that this council is in favor of small hospital units as being more acceptable to the public than only one large hospital in the district.

Mr. J. R. Boon was present and gave a report on the weed convention at Olds. At his suggestion the council decided to order for experimental purposes two drums of Atlas non-poisonous weed killer from Chipman Chemical Company, 307 Trust Building, Winnipeg.

Letters were read from Hanna and Drumheller Hospital Districts advising assessments for 1928.

Letter was read from Mr. McQueen, District Engineer, enclosing forms in connection with work being done to earn grants. These forms were handed to the councillors.

The following correspondence was read: Western Municipal News, Drumheller Hospital District, Department of Public Health re clinic, McGillivary & Heiman.

Moved by coun. McDonald that accounts as presented be paid. This was carried.

Meeting adjourned.

DEVELOPMENT OF NEW VARIETIES OF WHEAT

Canada holds a leading position among the wheat producing countries of the world and because of the importance to the Dominion of its spring wheat crop receives the greatest attention in the investigations of the Cereal Division of the Dominion Experimental Farms, Department of Agriculture. One of the present objectives of the Cereal Division is the development of a variety of wheat combining high yield and good baking qualities, with a high degree of resistance is concentrated largely at present in the Rust Research Laboratory at Winnipeg. Attention is also being given to the selecting of varieties adapted to different sections of Western Canada.

Since the beginning of the investigations many notable advances have been made in Canada's present position as a wheat producer is due in a large degree to the development of superior varieties, of which Marquis is the most famous. In recent years Garnet wheat, a cross made in 1906 between Preston add Riga, has been developed and in 1926 several hundred bushels of this new variety was placed on the market for the first time. The performance in the field was closely watched and repeated tests were made as to the baking qualities of the flour. The result was that this variety was classed as an early maturing, high yielding wheat of good weight per bushel, excellent color of grain and fair strength of flour. It was considered a variety which could be recommended to agriculturists in districts to which Marquis was not well adapted, except in localities where stem rust was liable to occur.

The 1927 Garnet was subjected to still more comprehensive and exacting tests with the result that conclusions arrived at during the earlier tests were confirmed to a remarkable degree. As regards yield, Garnet undoubtedly is entitled to rank among the most productive of our common wheat varieties, especially in districts for which it is adapted. In Alberta and in parts of northern Saskatchewan particularly, some astonishing yields have been recorded, but in districts suffering from stem rust, results are less encouraging. The fact that Garnet matures from a week to ten days earlier than Marquis created a hope that the variety might be of value in rust areas, but while this variety may frequently escape rust by reason of its early maturity it is not generally safe to grow in districts liable to rust epidemics.

In weight per measured bushel and in the percentage of flour extracted from a given quality of wheat, Garnet has excelled Marquis slightly, but not to a significant degree. As to hardness, Garnet is undoubtedly inclined to produce a harder or more vitreous kernel than Marquis and appears also to hold its color better under adverse weather conditions.

The introduction of a variety such as Garnet, which directs immediate attention by reason of the remarkable degree in which it combines quick maturity with high yield is destined to have the effect of purging great sections of the Dominion's finest wheat-growing lands of discredited varieties and mixtures, and to this extent should reduce the difficulties which at present confront the official graders of our commercial grain.

I.O.O.F.

On June 26th the Fraternity Lodge, I.O.O.F., Delia, entertained the Oddfellow and Rebekah lodges from Hanna, and also the Craigmyle lodge.

The lodge was opened and the visitors signed the register, amongst which was the D.D.G.M. Brother Elliot, of Hanna. After a short session lodge closed, and the rest of the evening was given over to entertainment.

About eighty people sat down to a 15 hand whist drive, which resulted in Sister Robinson of Hanna carrying off first prize, Brother Reid of Delia second, and Sister D. Trout of Hanna receiving the Booby Prize. After the drive was awarded a short musical program was given, with Mrs A. S. Newcombe and Mrs. F. Patterson at the piano. Amongst the artists were: Mr. and Mrs. Newcombe, F. Patterson, P.N.G., of Craigmyle; Mr. Selkirk. Mr Newcombe led the collective singing of popular songs until supper was served, and from all appearances the lunch was relished by everybody.

During the lunch Brother Farquharson, who acted as Chairman on behalf of the Delia Lodge, thanked the artists for volunteering their services; also all the Sisters who supplied the cakes, and more especially the Sisters who assisted in preparing the lunch. He also announced that Bro L. Dunfield, P. N.G., of Delia, had returned home from the Craigmyle Hospital, where he has been for six weeks. He also mentioned that the Drumheller lodge was unable to be present at this gathering, owing to the roads. The chairman then called upon the following members of the Order for short speeches: Brother Elliot, P. D.D.G.M.; Sister Aldis, of Hanna; Brother Gibson, of Craigmyle; Brother Reid, N.G.; and Sister Reid, N.G., of Delia.

After lodge, with Brother F. Patterson at the piano, the evening was wound up with an impromptu dance.

Much credit is due to the Brothers Farquharson, McKee, and Young for the way in which everything was carried out, as everybody expects to congregate at another such affair in the near future.

DELIA SCHOOL EXAMS.

Promoted from Grade III. to Grade IV.
Conditioned—90 per cent. and over—Ruth Herschel Lawrence, Victor Morrison, Ada Peterson.

Pass—Louis Brunner, Willie Friedley, Guss Gruba, Joe Meyers, Alfred Miller, Stewart Pullar, Henry Reiger, Arnold Zakariasen.

Conditioned—Mike Dmytruk, Douglas Morrison.

Promoted from Grade V. to Grade VI.
Honors over 75 per cent.—Chester Bodenbrenner, Violet Hopper, Steve Howe, Jack Walker.

Pass—Lloyd Burke, John Dmytruk, Ural Lawrence, Embert Morrison, Christine Peterson.

Conditioned—Freda Brunner, Ethel Lane, Harvey Zakariasen.

Promoted from Grade VI. to Grade VII.
Honors over 75 per cent.—Elsie Mc-Kee, Myrtle Wilson.

Pass—Alex Dmytruk, Milton Hamilton.

Conditioned—Patricia Burke (Arithmetic), Freda Lewis, (History & Composition), Robert Morrison.

Teacher, EMILY J. WRIGHT.

Promoted from Grade VII. to VIII.
Honors 75 per cent. and over—Gladys Burke.

Pass—Annis Dmytruk, Evelyn Rowe, Elsie Thompson, Ewart Walker.

Promoted from Grade IV. to V.
Honors—Orton Caswell, Florence Lawrence, Kenneth Mason, Doris McKee, Myrtle Miller, Arthur Robertson, Ray Scott.

Pass—Margaret Cobb, Annie Duncan Eileen Gowen, Evelyn Hall, Jessie Hamilton, Violet Morrison, Irene Wilson, Ethel Phillips.

Conditioned—Catherine Bolster, Clifford Friedley.

Teacher, HELEN M. SMITH

Kelvindale School

RESULTS OF EXAMINATIONS

Passed to Grade VIII.—Lois Thompson, Lydia Monarch, John Monarch, Robert Arvidson.

Passed to Grade VII.—Pauline Morasch, Grace Thompson.

Passed to Grade V.—Gilbert Reth, Emil Morasch, Annie Arvidson, Rez Thompson, Ed Thompson, Louise Weissenherz, Hertha Schafer.

Passed to Grade V.—Elsie Harsch, Clara Arvidson, Emil Schaffmair.

Passed to Grade IV.—Henry Morasch, Vilma Thompson, Harry Schafer, Karl Kohlin, Molly Harsch.

Passed to Grade III.—Fred Harsch, Freda Harsch, Herman Arvidson.

Passed to Grade II.—William Scheffmair.

Passed to Grade I.—Alice Reid, Alma Strand, Sarah Scheffmair, Paul Scheffmair.

Those who missed examinations:—Raymond White, Grade 1; Bert White, Grade 1; Rosa Morasch, Grade 1; Daisy White, Grade IV.

Teacher, Miss E. Reid.

THERESA SHEEHAN
Dramatic reader with the Sheehan Concert Company.

Correspondence

Re While we are at all times willing to publish letters of public interest from correspondents, we do not hold ourselves to the opinions expressed therein.

To Editor of "The Delia Times"
Delia, Alberta,
July 9th, 1928

I would be glad of a little space in your paper to again draw the attention of the farmers of this district to the weed question.

Referring especially to Canada thistle, which, at the present time, is making great headway, I would like to point out that, unless the farmers take some drastic action in the matter, it will be only a short time before there are farms in this municipal district, so completely over-run with this weed, that they will, of necessity, have to be abandoned.

The Department of Agriculture, as well as weed inspectors all over this province are now conducting experiments with chemicals in hope of discovering some effectual means of eradicating this pest, but, in the meantime it is absolutely necessary that farmers themselves do all in their power to keep this weed under control by cutting those which are now coming in bloom, and keeping those which are in summer fallow land completely below the surface, never allowing the leaves to appear.

I would also like to draw the attention of owners of land to paragraph 4 of the Noxious Weed Act, which points out clearly the duty of every owner or occupant, not only as regards the farms, but in the matter of adjacent road allowances. This part of the Act will be strictly enforced, as in some cases a farmer will take care of his fields, but sometimes leave a strip of weeds growing on the road allowance next his property, to come again, naturally, to fields.

There are several amendments this year to the noxious weed act, with which I would be glad to call the farmers to acquaint themselves.

In accordance with the Weed Convention held this year at Olds, I am writing at any time to give a detailed report on the work which is being done all over the province in weed control, at any U.F.A. meeting or other organization.

Farmers will find the information obtained at this Convention not only instructive, but very interesting.

The Department of Agriculture, has also a series of moving pictures, showing the development of noxious weeds, and the disastrous results of allowing them to spread, which we will arrange to show locally on the request of farmers, or others, interested.

Thanking the farmers of this Municipality for their co-operation in the past, which I hope they will continue in the future—I am, faithfully yours,

J. R. BOON, Weed Inspector
M.D. Lambton, No. 306.

Repair Service

In our repair shop we specialize on Ford Service, at a flat rate scale of charges authorized by the Ford Motor Co.

We are also equipped to service all makes of cars, and solicit your business on any make of car.

We guarantee you first-class workmanship, at a reasonable cost.

See that your next Tire is a
Goodyear Supertwist Cord
The World's Greatest Tire

Try our British Motor, Gasoline, and Autolene Oil in your High Compression Head Motors.

Phone 28 **WM. GIBSON** DELIA Alta.

Coleman Air-O-Gas

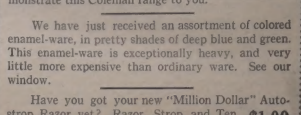
Pressure Stoves Make Their Own Gas

Quick, Convenient and Economical. Let us demonstrate this Coleman range to you.

We have just received an assortment of colored enamel-ware, in pretty shades of deep blue and green. This enamel-ware is exceptionally heavy, and very little more expensive than ordinary ware. See our window.

Have you got your new "Million Dollar" Autostrop Razor yet? Razor, Strop, and Ten Blades for $1.00

F. ANDERSON
Hardware Merchant Phone 6



Another Way to Say the Finest of Low Priced Sixes

JUST as the "sterling" imprint on silver identifies the best, so the mark of Fisher on its bodies distinguishes a car from others in its field. When you speak of Pontiac as the lowest-priced six with bodies by Fisher, you are merely finding another way to say—"the finest of low-priced sixes."

For no other six of such low price offers the score of advantages which make the Pontiac Six the value leader of its entire class. Certainly none other offers any major feature comparable to the staunch, smart coachwork that the Fisher emblem represents.

Not only in style and color—not only in roominess and luxury of interiors—but also in sturdiness and quality of construction, Pontiac-Fisher bodies establish a standard which is better attained in a six at Pontiac price. Like Pontiac itself, they are noted for ruggedness and long life. Like Pontiac itself they provide every element required for complete satisfaction and for justifiable owner pride. P-7-7-28C

Ask your dealer about the G.M.A.C. Deferred Payment Plan which makes buying easy.

LLOYD SMART
DELIA, Alta.

PONTIAC SIX
New Series
PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

Subscribe now to The Delia Times. $1.50 per year.

MRS. D. PIRIE BEYEA
Lecturer on Chautauquas, "Education or Catastrophe."

MAJESTIC AND FARREL LAKE NEWS

The Farrell Lake School Picnic was held at Louis Sherdahl's on June 27, and everybody had a good time. The ball game was won by the single boys, everyone wishing them many more picnics as good.

Mr Miller, east of the Log Lake, run off a grade with his tractor and turned over in a slough by Pearson's Place. Mr. J Slater and Mr Henderickson helped get his engine out.

Mr. Redmond has the Stoneleaf mail contract, and started July 1st.

The Bye-Hour sports were held on July 6.

Cemenets Biel has measels, and is in Stettler hospital.

TRY THE DELIA TIMES

Fire Insurance

The Wawanesa Fire Insurance Company has assets over Two Million, Five Hundred Thousand dollars. They have over One Hundred and Thirty Million of Insurance in force, and have on deposit with the Provincial Government over Five Hundred Thousand. A safe company for you to insure with. Their rate is $1.25 per hundred, for three years. Other companies' rates are $2.00 per hundred, for three years. You save 75c a hundred by insuring with the Wawanesa. Thousands of farmers insure in the Wawanesa.—George E. Kennedy Agent.

Hail Insurance

The Companies we are representing this year are Alliance Insurance Company, The Royal Exchange, The Connecticut, and The British Traders. These are the very strongest companies in the field. Quick adjustments, and prompt settlements.

Geo. E. Kennedy
DELIA, - Alberta.

Its Aroma Is Perfectly Delicious

Packed in Vacuum Airtight Tins

Blue Ribbon Coffee

Always Reliable — Sold by all Good Grocers

Co-operation Rather Than Discord

It has been one of Canada's greatest misfortunes that periodically throughout its history campaigns have been inaugurated having for their object the division of the people into rival camps divided by lines of racial and creed difference. Probably no one thing has in the past operated quite so disastrously to retard the growth and national development of Canada. Time and time again when some large national question was up for decision, the issue turned, not on the merits of the question and the national policy involved, but upon some petty race and creed cry. One of the outstanding cases which is still fresh in the public mind was the Reciprocity election of 1911 when for the last two weeks of the campaign, Ontario was swept by one of these insidious cries, and tens of thousands of voters were stampeded from support of their economic convictions in favor of freer trade and wider markets.

Throughout his long career, both in private and public life, Sir Wilfrid Laurier pleaded and strove for unity and concord among all classes of the Canadian people. Hon. Mackenzie King is worthily upholding the same cause, and it is gratifying to know that Mr. R. L. Bennett, as leader of the Conservative Party in the Dominion, is throwing the whole of his eloquence and influence in the same direction. Speaking at Magog, in the Eastern Townships of Quebec, last month, Mr. Bennett said: "He who sows seeds of discord and distrust in racial and religious matters is a grave enemy to Canada—than one who came with an armed force. You cannot develop a country by ill-will, hatred or contempt." A few days later at Coaticook, Mr. Bennett used these words: "The application of the principle of the golden rule in the life of a nation is quite as important as it is in the life of an individual," and he added that anyone who "in the heat of an election sought to raise old animosities, or seeds of discord, must not forget his responsibility for such unjust action."

Here in Western Canada it is absolutely vital to the welfare of the country that such methods be heeded. To an ever increasing degree the people of the West are looking to and have undertaken co-operative enterprises to solve the economic problems of the country. To date these have attained a marvellous success in a comparatively short space of time. This has been accomplished by all classes and creeds, people of all racial descents, in town and country, working together. There has been no line of demarkation in the upbuilding of these large co-operative organizations. The Wheat Pools of the West, for example, could never have attained their present proportions and power to say such foolishness as so often enters into political campaigns been allowed.

The unfortunate fact remains that if the people of a Province or Community are stirred up and divided upon racial or religious lines for partisan political purposes, or for any other reason, the inevitable result is to create suspicions and animosities in the community, or throughout the Province, which makes it extremely difficult, if not impossible, to get all classes together, or hold them together, in a true spirit of co-operation. If the people of the West are divided into Catholic groups and anti-Catholic groups, English-speaking groups and non-English-speaking groups, it naturally becomes impossible for them to come together in the true spirit of co-operation which is so essential to the maintenance and development of such organizations as the United Farmers, the Wheat Pools, and other co-operative organizations.

These racial and religious campaigns have never got their proponents anywhere, have never accomplished good but have always resulted in harm. They are the most destructive force in the country. Every one of them that may be made for them they are the reverse of British and open denial of that liberty and freedom which, it is our proud boast, is to be found and is guaranteed to all under the British flag.

Not only do these unscrupulous campaigns destructive of a real national spirit; not only do they retard national growth, development and prosperity; they render the task of government, whether in the Dominion and Provincial or in municipal councils and school boards, more difficult and sometimes impossible, and in all cases more expensive and less efficient.

Western Canadians interested in the growth of their country, loyal to its interests, and committed to the policy of co-operation for the common good of all, should most emphatically set their heel upon the ugly head of the serpent of racial and religious ill-will whenever and wherever it may raise itself.

Dressed Poultry Exports

Minister Of Agriculture To Investigate Market In England

Before sailing for England the Honorable W. R. Motherwell agent some time next month, investigating the situation with reference to exports to England of dressed poultry. Latest sales have been made on the basis of 25 to 26 cents per pound for 4 pound chickens, and 39 cents seasoned for 6½ pound chickens. The total export of chickens this year from January 1st to May 31st, was valued at $111,676. It is the intention of Mr. Motherwell to devote some time to the products exported, such as butter, eggs, cheese, bacon, beef cattle, etc.

A colony of spiders that spin silk for use in scientific instruments is kept by a woman at Tatafield, near Westerham.

The average man usually gets less credit than he is entitled to and more than he deserves.

Oligarchy is a form of government in which the power is in the hands of the few.

Opportunities Not Exhausted

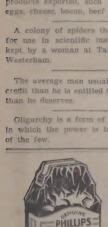
Many Chances Yet For Immigrants Coming To America

Rolvaag, professor at the University of St. Olaf in Northfield, Minn., some time ago in reporting the result of his investigation of the movement of people to England of dressed poultry. Latest sales have been made on the basis of 25 to 26 cents per pound for 4 pound chickens, and 39 cents seasoned for 6½ pound chickens. The total export of chickens this year from January 1st to May 31st, was valued at $111,676. It is the intention of Mr. Motherwell to devote some time to the products exported, such as butter, eggs, cheese, bacon, beef cattle, etc.

! In the English language today are 250,000 words, which is 70,000 more than in the German, Spanish and French languages combined.

The only thing about the cup of happiness is that it has a way of springing a leak.

The real name of Lewis Carroll, author of "Alice in Wonderland," was Charles Lutwidge Dodgson.



Sour Stomach

Just a tasteless dose of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in water. That is an ideal, effective, yet harmless, it has been the standard antacid for 50 years among physicians everywhere. One spoonful will neutralize of once many times its volume in acid. It is the right way, the quick, pleasant and efficient way to kill the excess acid. The gas which becomes sweet. The pain departs. You are happy again in five minutes.

Don't depend on crude methods. Employ the best way yet evolved in all the years of searching. That is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

New Quarters For Wheat Pool

Central Office Building To Be Constructed In Winnipeg

The Canadian Wheat Pool, a farmer's organization, which handles more export grain than any other organization in the world, is to be housed in a new central office building to be constructed in Winnipeg immediately. The building will be 60 feet by 120 feet, of thoroughly modern construction, and will cost $600,000.

The turnover of the Canadian Wheat Pool, which will be directed from this office exceeds an average of a million dollars a day.

ST. VITUS DANCE

A Trouble That Usually Attacks Young Children

St. Vitus dance is the name generally given to a disease described by medical men as chorea. This trouble usually attacks young children, though older people may be afflicted with it. The most common symptoms are a twitching of the face and limbs. As the disease progresses the twitching takes on a form of spasms, in which the jerking motion may be confined to the face or body, but both may be affected. Frequently the patient is unable to feed himself by the hands or walk steadily. In severe cases the speech is often affected. The disease is due to defects in the nerves and relief comes though an enriched blood supply. The ailment is usually due to have been most successful in enriching the blood through their appetites on the blood, which it enriches and purifies. The following letter proves the truth of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in this trouble. Mrs. Thomas Bowers, Delhi, Ont., says:—"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been a household help for years and always with good results. I believe they saved the life of my child. When At ten years of age he grew very nervous and the trouble developed into St. Vitus Dance. His head and arms would jerk and twitch, then his limbs were affected and his condition was pitiable. Just then there came to hand a little testimony of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to give them to him. By the time two boxes were used there was an improvement in his condition and by the time four boxes were were taken all traces of the trouble had disappeared. He is now well, bright and strong. I have also given the pills to my growing girls, and I know of no better strengthening tonic. I gladly add that the same applies to grown-up members."

You can get these pills though any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Kills Of Noxious Weeds

Alberta Farmer Has Invention Which May Prove Valuable

A machine to dig and destroy weeds has been invented by D. W. Weaver, of the Lethbridge district.

A large rotary (horizontal) cylinder is the principal part of the new machine. The surface are studded with hundreds of large spikes. As the cylinder revolves at high speed the teeth attack the soil, lifting deep into the subsoil. Clouds of earth are thrown toward the rear of the machine. The dirt, pulled quickly and violently, the weeds float through the air, finally coming down like shredded stuff over the newly-turned earth.

The machine severs root systems, such as twitch grass and thistles, will fall an easy victim to the digger. Weeds severed cut recently resulted in a field being left covered with finely minced twitch grass roots. The chaff which piles up behind the threshing machine.

No man or woman should hobble painfully with corns of corns when so certain a relief is at hand as Holloway's Corn Remover.

Insulin Distributed Free

Ontario Government Supplying More Than a Million Units a Month

Insulin is being distributed free to diabetes sufferers by the Ontario Government at the rate of more than a million units a month, on the average.

Hon. Dr. Forbes Godfrey, Minister of Health, has announced that the April distribution totalled 1,030,000 units.

Altogether 824 patients are receiving this treatment in Ontario and the total cost of manufacture and distribution per patient was $5.00 during April.

Plane Loses Its Engine

When the engine fell from his airplane the pilot was in the middle of a loop at a 1,500 foot altitude, Walter Brooks, of Allentown, Pa., righted the plane and glided to an easy landing. Neither he nor his passenger, Walter Harleman was injured. The plane had just started to do a loop when the heavy engine broke from its supports and dropped. It fell half a mile from where the plane landed.

Getting Practical Experience

Atvelous to get practical experience in engineering, which he is studying at Cambridge, Lord Fenland, whose maternal grandparents are the Marquis and Marchioness of Aberdeen, sailed from Southampton as a worker in the engine room of the Mauretania. The youthful peer has just turned 21.

If the man who wants the earth succeeded in getting it he would kick about the taxes.

Every Home Needs Minard's Liniment.

W. N. U. 1715

Slenderness And Health !

Excessive flesh is dangerous to your health. Get rid of it safely by MARGO-FAT, a scientific reducing remedy of proven merit. Not a starvation diet. Not a strenuous exercise. Feel better—look better—be better. Money refunded if not entirely satisfied. Sent by mail only. Price $2.00 per box. Price $3 for 2 boxes or $5.00 for 3 boxes.

MAIGRIR DISTRIBUTORS, LTD.
Dept. W.N.U.
525 Pacific Bldg., Vancouver, B.C.

Administering the Law

Metropolitan Police Of the City Of London Lead the World

The City of London, with a population almost as large as that of the entire Dominion of Canada, is a bad place for murderers. According to the report of the Police Commissioner of the metropolis, twenty-seven murders occurred in London last year, all of which crimes were solved and the perpetrators brought to account when they had taken their people's life. John Bull is frequently charged on this side of the Atlantic with being slow, but when it comes to administering justice in the country, detecting and running to earth wrongdoers, the Metropolitan Police of the City of London lead the world. While the police forces of most of the cities on this continent are at their wit's end to cope with the crimes of violence that are yearly increasing, Scotland Yard and the London "bobby" have made the largest city in the world the safest place in the world for the person with homicidal intentions. In thirty years of the Chief Constable last year, with an aggregate population of less than three times that of London, homicides reached the appalling total of 9,640. All of these murders but those responsible for these crimes were never caught. In the matter of detection the New York police force has still some things to learn from the Old.

More Books Being Read

And Percentage Of Good Books Has Increased Greatly

Everywhere people are being asked and read, according to reports of publishers, booksellers and librarians in Prince Edward Island. To-day have five times the circulation attained before the war. England, too, gives better support to popular books than it did before the war, spring lists of publishers, the announcements of the societies selecting books monthly for their subscribing readers, reports of libraries, book advertisements and the growing number of book shops all tell the same story, the great amount of reading done throughout the country.

There are more book readers and readers are reading more books than ever before. Moreover, the percentage of good books has increased appreciably, which means that with a deep satisfaction for publishers, authors, booksellers, educators and librarians, the dirt, rubbish, quickly shortcomings to lack of proper reading.

Entertained German Aces

Dinner Party Given In London By Col. Bishop

Col. Bishop, the Canadian V.C., gave one of the strangest dinner parties ever held when he entertained at London eight German aces, with several of whom he had actually fought bitter and deadly combats in the air.

The best record among the Germans was that of Captain Carl Bolle, leader of the famous Boelcke squadron, who has thirty-four official victories against Bishop's record of seventy-two.

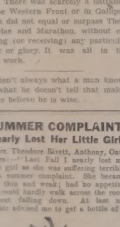
The Humble Here

We may not be more virtuous than our neighbors but assuredly we are bolder. What a talk there was in the past about some few deeds of heroic courage! And think of our timid record! There was scarcely a battalion on the Western Front or in Gallipoli which did not equal or surpass Thermopylæ in deeds, without expecting (or receiving) any particular honor or glory. It was all in the day's work.

It isn't always what a man knows but what he does with what he knows that makes others believe he is wise.

SUMMER COMPLAINT
Nearly Lost Her Little Girl

Mrs. Theodore Rivett, Anthony, Ont., writes: "Last Fall I thought I lost my little girl as she was suffering terribly from summer complaint. She became very thin and weak, had no appetite, and could hardly walk across the room without falling down. A friend advised me to get a bottle of



and after she had taken a few doses she was relieved.

I also found it a grand remedy for cramps, and would not be without a bottle of it in the house for anything."

Her been on the market for over 80 years; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Great Britain Will Assist Stock Raisers

Quarantine Stations Established to Combat Foot and Mouth Disease

Definite action to encourage the importation of pedigree stock from Great Britain by the Dominions and colonies of the Empire has been taken by the British government, with the opening of quarantine stations at the ports of London and Glasgow. At these stations it is proposed to quarantine animals for export until all danger of their contracting disease such as foot and mouth, is passed.

At the opening of the London station, recently, representatives of the Dominions were present, Hon. Duncan Canada, including the agent-general for British Columbia, Ontario and Nova Scotia. Coincident with the establishment of these stations the proposal has been made that the Empire marketing board pay a portion of the cost of transporting pure bred stock to the Dominions. The proposal is conditional on an equal contribution for this purpose from the Dominion Government concerned, and only for stock travelling 1,000 miles or more. No intimation has as yet been given the public as to what extent these stations will comply with the regulations laid down by the health of animals branch at Ottawa. At present importations of all stock, hay or straw or similar products used in the care of animals, are prohibited from entering Canada from countries where outbreaks of foot and mouth disease are known to exist.

How the opening of a quarantine station in a country where the disease is non-existent can be made to comply with these regulations is, of course, a matter for the departments at Ottawa and London to decide. Canadian farmers generally support the department in any measures deemed essential to preserve the healthy reputation of their cattle, but at the same time will welcome any arrangement that permits them to add to their breeding stock from the herds of Great Britain. But with the present lack of definite knowledge concerning the means by which foot and mouth disease is spread it is a difficult question to solve.

Victims Of Diseased Milk

97 Per Cent. Of Population Is Affected by Typhoid

Three out of every four cripples, excluding war and accident cases, are victims of diseased milk, Dr. F. R. Eagles told visitors at the Health and Hygiene Exhibit in Winnipeg recently.

He declared that 97 per cent. of the entire population was affected by tuberculosis and that this condition was not only a medical problem. Out of every ten, seven would not be visibly affected; two would break down and one would not recover.

The disease, according to Dr. Alleyn, came principally from infected milk and could be overcome entirely by pasteurization and compulsory testing of cattle furnishing the supplies.

Five Cent Air Mail

Reduction From Ten Cent Rate Announced In U.S. For August 1st

A new United States five cent air mail postage rate, to be effective August first, is announced by Postmaster-General New. A five cent air mail stamp has been authorized.

The present ten cent air mail rate was authorized by the Kelly Bill recently signed by President Coolidge. Now and for months it was in rates to increase the country's air mail business by from 100 to 300 per cent.

Excellent For Croupy Children.—When a child is croupy, start with croup it is a good plan to use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It reduces the inflammation and tones the throat, giving speedy relief to the little sufferer. It is equally effective for bronchial throat and chest, earache, rheumatism, colds, bruises and sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is regarded by many thousands as an indispensable of the family medicine chest.

New Style Service Station

An ingenious Seattle woman is doing a thriving business supplying anglers with worms for bait. She has converted her garden into a model service "worm: ranch." The bait is all "hand-picked," and packed in assorted cartons containing from a dozen. Anglers find this "service station" a great convenience.

Honey Production

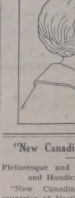
Honey production in Canada in 1927 was 23,647,268 pounds valued at $3,599,859, according to a statement issued at Ottawa, this week. An increase of 77 per cent. over the previous year, due mostly to a favorable season but also to the greater number of colonies.

While it may be true that British law gives a man the right to open his letters letters, yet it doesn't give him a wife who will submit to that sort of thing.

Blowing your own horn is all very well, but it isn't necessary to keep your hand on the button until the neighbors complain.

Minard's Liniment for Insect Bites.

At First Signs of Pimples Use Cuticura



Anoint gently with Cuticura Ointment. After five minutes bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for some minutes. This treatment is best on rising and retiring. Regular use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment soothes and comforts tender, irritated skins and keeps them clear, healthy and attractive.

Cuticura Soap 25c. Ointment 25c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Cuticura, Dept. "Bordeaux, Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

"New Canadians" Celebrate

Picturesque and Colorful Folk-Song and Handicraft Festival

"New Canadians" from fifteen countries of Northern Europe joined in a celebration at Winnipeg recently to illustrate the national arts and culture which they are contributing to Canadian life. The celebration which took the form of a picturesque and colorful folk song and handicraft festival, was opened by Sir James Aikins, former Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba, in the rotunda of the Royal Alexandra Hotel, where handicraft exhibits were also on display representing typical European market centres.

Settlers in Western Canada from Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Iceland, Germany, France, Belgium, Jugo-Slavia, Czecho-Slovakia, Roumania, Finland, Hungary, Ukrainia, Poland and Russia were represented in the display of artistic handicraft. Programs of folk songs and dances were given every afternoon and evening, with 400 performers appearing in national costumes and attracting large audiences.

The festival is regarded as a unique demonstration of the contribution of the nations of Northern Europe to Canadian life and the part which they are taking in the rapid development of Western Canada.

Memorial For Atlantic Flier

Parents Of Hon. Elsie MacKay Give $2,500,000 Toward National Debt

In memory of their daughter, the Hon. Elsie MacKay, who perished in the Atlantic on that night, Viscount and Lady Inchcape have given $2,500,000 (£500,000) to reduce the national debt. This announcement was made by Winston Churchill, chancellor of the exchequer, in the House of Commons. The money will be placed in trust and will be known as the Elsie MacKay fund. The sum given to the nation is the residue of the Hon. Elsie MacKay estate. The donation will be left to accumulate for fifty years.

The Hon. Elsie Mackay, third daughter of Lord Inchcape, the shipping magnate, made the attempt to cross the Atlantic by air with Captain Walter Hinchcliffe. The take-off from Cranwell aerodrome was made on the morning of March 13. No trace of the two has been found since.

Use Miller's Worm Powders and the battle against worms is won. These powders correct the morbid condition of the stomach which nourish worms, and these destructive parasites cannot exist after they have come in contact with the medicine. The worms are speedily evacuated with other refuse from the bowels. Soundness is imparted to the organs and the health of the child steadily improves.

Province Has Large Surplus

The Alberta Provincial Treasurer has just been able to declare a surplus for the end of the last fiscal year of $279,765, which is $209,000 greater than he estimated. The surplus is taken as a reflection of good times both in the business and agricultural life of the province.

Good Advice

"Take care of yourself, dear," said the public speaker's wife, as her husband set off for an open-air meeting.

"Yes, yes, I will," he answered.

"That's right," she said, still anxious. "And, remember, don't stand with your bare head on the damp ground."

The radio is thirty-one years old, but it has not yet stopped howling.

The average time of vessels going through the Suez Canals is 16 hours.

Automobile For Every Sixty-Four Persons

This is Declared by U.S. Estimates To be World Ratio

At the beginning of 1925, with an estimated world population of 1,900,000,000 and about 29,700,000 automobiles, the automotive division of the Department of Commerce estimates that the rate of persons to automobiles is 464 to 1.

Thus the enormous number of automobiles registered in the United States is largely responsible for this world ratio. Outside of the United States the ratio is about one automobile to 277 persons, while there the ratio is one car to each five persons. Kindred comments the opposite extreme, with 109 automobiles divided among a population of 10,000,000, or one car to each group of 91,743.

Next to Continental United States, the region having the most automobiles per habitant is Hawaii, where the ratio is 8 to 1, followed by Canada and New Zealand, in each of which it is 10 to 1, and Australia where there is one automobile for every fourteen persons.

The ratio in Great Britain is 41 to 1, France 49 to 1, and in Italy 254 to 1. Germany with 656,000 registered automobiles has one car to 127 inhabitants.

Learning From Canada and United States

Nations Realizing Foolishness Of Fighting Against Each Other

The idea of outscouncing war is not unfamiliar to us. War is unsounced between England and Scotland, between the States of the Dominion, between Madras and Bombay, between Bengal and Behar. The idea of war within the Empire is a travesty from our thoughts. The apprehension of the thing does not add a sixpence to the estimates. And we may say the same of the relations between Canada and the United States. It is true that war has never been formally renounced by these two neighboring Powers: but in practice it is renounced, and another country arms against the other. To these conceptions familiar within the British Empire and characterising for more than a hundred years the relation of the United States to Canada, there is now proposed to give a wider existence.

English Pheasants For Saskatchewan

An attempt is being made in the Alsask and Loverna districts to raise English pheasant on the wing-assisted variety. It is not many years since the Hungarian partridge was introduced into Canada and Canada. The experiment will take some years, and if successful will furnish an added attraction for bird hunters.

Drives Asthma Like Magic. The first dose of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems like magic. Nevertheless it is only a natural result of a scientific way. The smoke or vapor, reaching the most remote passages of the affected tubes, brushes aside the trouble and opens a way for fresh air to enter. It is sold by dealers throughout the land.

Indian Alimony

An Alaskan Indian was sentenced to six months' alimony of one bull moose, properly butchered and delivered: ten mink skins, dressed and stretched; four gee fox pelts, or one silver pelt, and 100 full-grown salmon delivered in season.

Eva: "I dreamed last night that I was going to marry the handsomest man in the world."

Jack: "Let's make it come true."

HERCULES

PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

You can Eliminate Wind and Dampness

With one sheet you can assure a client a comfortable house by eliminating wind and dampness. Specify Hercules Permanent Building Paper. Tested and proven wind proof and damp proof, Hercules is made in three grades—s, xx, xxx.

A sample in your hands will best prove to you the quality of Hercules. Will you write us?

Coppleford Paper Products
HAMILTON, CANADA

When Food Sours

About two hours after eating many people suffer from sour stomachs. They call it indigestion, it means that the stomach nerves have been over-stimulated. There is excess acid. The way to set it is with an alkali, which neutralizes many times its volume in acid.

The right way to Philips' Milk of Magnesia — a tasteless dose in water. It is pleasant, efficient, and harmless. It has remained the standard with physicians in the 50 years since it was introduced.

It is the quick method. Results come almost instantly. It is the approved method. You will never use another when you know.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting acid troubles. Each bottle contains full directions for any drugstore.

PAINTED FIRES

— BY —

NELLIE L. McCLUNG

Copyright, Canada, 1925

CHAPTER XXVI.—Continued.

The next day Helmi went to the North Star Rooming House, walking wearily up the stairs to No. 19.

Mrs. Corbett opened the door to her as she had four months before, and again the anguish in the girl's face took its own story.

"My God! Helmi, is she dead?" asked Mrs. Corbett.

Helmi sat down before she answered.

"Is that all? Sure that's nothin', every child takes scarlet fever. They've grand at the isolation hospital. I know big Miss Blair up there, as grand a girl as ever went on rubber heels. Cheer up, Helmi, the little pet will be all right, please God. I thought the gypsies had stolen her by the look on your face, and I'm glad it's nothin' worse than scarlet fever."

"My man has gone to the war!" said Helmi brokenly; "I saw him on the train. He did not see me—he does not care about me."

Mrs. Corbett paused. This was a harder complication than the illness of little Lili, and for a moment even this determined optimist was floored —but only for a moment.

"Well, sure then he's there you know where he is, and it's noble of him to go. Helmi—remember that. Now then, does take a cup of tea. Yes you can; a person can always take a cup of tea, no matter who's gone, and it makes life look a little brighter. Drink it, and then we'll have another. You look better now. Don't get down to mourning, Helmi; there's nothin' so upsettin' to me that can't come right, remember that; and your darlin', blessed child with God's love close to her heart the fever just the way we all did, and your man will come back again."

"But he doesn't want me any more, I know now. They've been tragic trate has turned him against me. I said I would kill that man, and I will."

"No, dear, no; you mustn't talk of killin' anyone. God will deal with the wicked in His own good time. You come with me to the Army and you'll find comfort in God's love. No killin', though, Helmi; that's bad. And see, dear, the Captain's dead; there's no letters for you—just came yesterday."

Helmi took them eagerly and opened one. "It's a mistake," she said, listlessly. "See, there's money in it. No one would send me money. It has been opened too, and sealed up again."

Mrs. Corbett took it out of her hand. "Sure, it's for you, right enough; she said; "here's your name on it. It's a separation allowance for fifteen dollars from Arthur Warner, Eagle Ranch."

"I do not know anyone called Arthur Warner," said Helmi.

"Well, I know you, and that's better—anyway, he wants you to have the money, and you're a fool if you don't take it. Read the other one—maybe it will tell."

Helmi opened it and read. It was the letter Jack had opened at Eagle Mines. Helmi read it aloud to Mrs. Corbett. "I know now," she said. "He is a good man, that Mr. English. I will take the money—he means good by me."

"Sure he does," agreed Mrs. Corbett; "a good man, and there's a good Englishman, and there's nothin' finer in the world. Now Helmi, dear, I want you to lie down in Rosie's bed and have a good sleep, poor child. Now you'll be havin' trouble with your breasts, puttin' off the baby so suddint, so I'll run in and borrow Mrs. Kalinski's breast pump—she's the grandest woman that for a neighbor, for she has everything from a hoot-jack to curtain stretchers. You see in their business there's all sorts, and he gives her the run of the store—but have your sleep now, honey."

But Helmi's thoughts were not of sleep, and a duty to performed, and which she had no desire to evade. One great purpose dominated her heart and cried aloud for fulfilment. She must find Sigurd at once—if he had made it possible. When Mrs. Corbett came back, Helmi was gone.

CHAPTER XXVII

Dr. St. John lay one evening on the chesterfield in his den, before a cheerful wood fire. Eva was entertaining her guests on Wednesday night. "Bridge," and tinkles of laughter, high-pitched and nervous, shot through the velvety murmurs of conversation.

The doctor had listened to such conversation many times, and knew the little razor-sharp points of antagonism which underlay it, ready to pop out like needles from a squeeze-of pin-cushion, thin, sharp, unexpected. He wondered why his guests were not certain. They had no community or purpose—they were pursuing no particular thing, except the killing of time killers, sensation hunters. He knew the very odor of the room — sachet powder, cigarette smoke, fresh paint, women's clothes, and perfume, heavy and exotic, a sweet smell, yet not wholesome—like good apples mixing air.

The doctor could see it all like a picture. The dark brown background, shot through here and there with lit-up spaces of white shirt-fronts, the gain in nothing and ended in nothing-ness. Eva's friends met, chatted, laughed, met again. No one met or better, more inspired to nobler living. They were doing nothing wrong—in the sense of wrong, but they thought—they were doing nothing.

The doctor recalled that it was Wednesday night. He noticed always went to prayer-meeting on Wednesday night. How Eva would laugh if anyone mentioned prayer-meeting as a night for humble folk was the same. But somehow it was getting off the track. His mother would be there, and a treadmill, the days laid out for her in regular lines. Work stared at her from morning till night, and she liked it, and half a hundred knew it all. She was always sweet-tempered, interesting, sympathetic. Eva having nothing to do, and doing nothing; dead-alive, degenerated, grew shallow, selfish, cross-grained and hard.

In his struggling days Dr. St. John had dreamed of having a house like this and a wife who would help him by her sympathy and understanding. Something had spoiled his dream. He had the house and the practice, and some one to spend his money, but—

In some ways he had been to blame—he had been too easy, indulgent and foolish. Eva and her friends laughed at him, he knew. The easy with which Eva was able to deceive him furnished many a good story for the lively company which sat the bridge tables.

It was when his mother came to visit him a year ago that the doctor began to see Eva as she was. He was then in the height of his success. Folk will tell you, but in the north of England, they say to do this signifies a quarrel.

Had New System

Employer: "I trust you are not the kind of workman who drops his tools and runs when the whistle blows."

Applicant: "Oh, no sir, I always have my tools packed away long before the whistle blows."

The chayote, a vegetable similar to the cucumber and squash in taste, is raised in the Gulf Coast regions of the United States.

Take Census Of Animals

National Park At Jasper Teeming With Wild Life.

A census has been taken of the wild animals in Jasper Park, which constitutes a sanctuary for wild life over 5,000 square miles in extent.

Park wardens have for some years periodically estimated the numbers of the large wild animals in Canada's national parks. Heading the list is Jasper Park, there are, according to approximate estimates, some 15,000 Rocky Mountain sheep, a good number of mule deer, 5,000 to 6,000 caribou, 3,000 to 5,000 moose, 2,000 to 3,000 Rocky Mountain goats, 10,000 elk and 2,000 to 3,000 black, cinnamon and grizzly bears. For the smaller animals no figures are available, but there are large numbers of beaver, otter, fisher, marten, mink, muskrats and porcupines.

The wild life of Jasper Park is indicative of what may be found in the other great Canadian national parks of the Rockies, Banff, Yoho, Kootenay and Waterton. Together, they measure close to 10,000 square miles of mountain wilderness, and protected wild life two-thirds as great as all Switzerland, and almost as large as Belgium.

Royal Air Force Band

Will Be Heard At Western Points During the Summer Months

The band of the Royal Air Force, now on a three months' tour of Canada and an engagement at the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto, is the youngest among the first-class bodies of military musicians in Britain.

The band, unde rthe leadership of Flight-Lieutenant Dan Godfrey, will play for a week at the fairs at Brandon, Man., Calgary and Edmonton, Alta., Saskatoon and Regina, Sask., and for a week at the Exhibition at Toronto, late in August. In the interval, between the western fairs and the opening of the Canadian National Exhibition, the organization will give concerts at Victoria and Vancouver, B.C., Seattle, Wash., Portland, Ore., Alta., and Winnipeg, Man., as well as other cities, and finally will reach Montreal and Quebec.

Miller's Worm Powders act mildly and effectively. They are so mild that there can be no doubt of their deadly effect upon worms. They have been put to the test for a long time, and are recognized as a leading preparation for the purpose. They have proved their power in numberless cases and given relief to many little children, who, but for the good offices of this compound, would have continued worm-stricken sufferers.

Where the Catch Was

A man who had persistently refused to attend Wesley's meetings was one day persuaded to go. The preacher's first point was "Make all you can," and the man was delighted. The second point was, "Save all you can." This threw him into ecstasy, and he thought how foolish he had been to absent himself from such preaching. But the third point was, "Give all you can." That last point," the man said, "spoiled the whole sermon."

"Did you hurt yourself much when the branch broke?"

"No, not until I reached the ground."

Eczema Formed Painful Blisters Cuticura Healed

"Eczema started with a fine rash on my arms. Later it formed blisters about the size of a bean which broke into a thick scab. It was very ill. It burned and was so sore I could not bear clothes. The night of a cup in my hand would dairly make me cry with pain. The weight of my hands and arms tied up from the ends of my fingers to my shoulders. Sometimes I kept me awake for hours.

"A friend recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment so I sent for a free sample. I purchased more and in about three weeks I was healed." (Signed) Miss Emily B. Davis, R. R. 3, Northwood, Ont.

Keep your skin clear by using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum for daily toilet purposes. Touch pimples and itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment, bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Depot: "Cuticura Laboratories," Dept. 20C, Montreal. Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

QUEER SEA ANIMALS TAKEN TO ENGLAND

"Mermaids" Caught By Sailors Are Anything But Beautiful

The first "mermaids" ever seen in England, landed at Plymouth recently from the liner Madura.

According to sailors' fables, mermaids are beautiful creatures, but these particular specimens could only be described as ugly beasts. There were four of them—husband, wife, and two children—and gaten families was easily the ugliest of the quartette, all of whom, by the way, were stuffed.

The adults were fearful-looking creatures, with heads singularly like human ones, both in size and shape, large mouths, well-proportioned necks and shoulders, big chests which gave the impression of great strength, and long tails ending with fins. They were nine feet in length and tipped the scale at 448 pounds. The tough and leathery skin of their fins had been stripped to show the human-like fingers which they possessed. Father was provided with tusks and a fine crop of whiskers. He and his spouse and their two boys" came to their untimely end a couple of years ago, near Aden, when they were washed ashore during a monsoon.

These "mermaids" are not infrequently encountered in the Red Sea, but they are seldom caught, and, indeed, are looked upon with a certain amount of awe by the fishermen. Therefore, when this particular family was jettisoned by the waves during the monsoon in August, 1926, the fishermen watched their plight from a respectful distance.

The creatures made frantic efforts to get back into the sea again, and when they failed to do so, uttered loud cries of distress, which, to judge from exposure and exhaustion.

They came into the possession of S. Fischbacher, "bird and animal dealer," who had lived at Aden for 15 years, and he has now brought this strange family to England in two huge crates, armed with a letter attesting his bona-fides from Major Fisher, British assistant-resident at Aden.

Heart Not Automatic Pump

Simply Controls Flow Of Blood Says German Specialist

The heart is not an automatic pump, according to a leading surgeon of the body, as generally believed, says Dr. Mendelsohn, a famous heart specialist of Germany. The organ, he says, is simply a governor to control the orderly flow of the blood, the work being done through the constant outgo and intake of liquid caused by chemical action in the body cells. He further declared recently that the heart will play only the size of a man's fist, "could not possibly be capable of driving the enormous mass of blood through the entire body."

For Rheumatic Pains.—The pains and aches of Sciatica and Rheumatism should be treated with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. The soothing and healing properties of this famous oil relieve the pain demonstrated for fifty years. Use it also for inflammatory rheumatism, scratches, bruises and sprains, either in human beings or the lower animals.

Most Sensitive Device

Valuable Information On Blood Circulation Gained Through "Geiger Counter"

The "Geiger Counter" is an exceptionally sensitive device which enable by means of ionization produced by a count the wandering electron to enter it from any cause. It may be attached to a loudspeaker of conventional type and a loud noise will be heard as each electron enters. Many of it almost as spectacular as the instrument itself has recently been made by Dr. Hugh Cabot, of the Boston City Hospital. Dr. Blumgart injects an infinitesimal quantity of radio-active material into the body of a patient, and with this counter traces the time for this material to be carried back to the heart and to the arm. He thus obtains valuable information on blood circulation.

Living On the Level

It is more difficult to live on the level than it is to think on the level. In your mind you may have a pack of splendid ideals. You may admire actions, and abhor the other sort. But when it comes to putting these together into practice you find something else. But if you really think right a lot of your thinking is bound to crop out in your actions. Keep the old brain on the decent track and it's apt to pull the rest of you along with it.

Natives of East Africa

Natives of East Africa reverse cigars when they smoke, putting the lighted end in their mouths.

If a man is not great in little things he lacks the element of true greatness.

Harrison: So Norton's doctor ordered him abroad to take the mud baths.

Jackson: Yes, but Norton told the doctor he would rather stay here and run for public office instead!

Little things frequently annoy a man—small boarding-house steaks, for instance.

After all it isn't exactly a carol for that stray Prince in England.

Believe It Or Not

Electric Light Burned Unseen In Scotland For Twenty-Two Years

How a light in an unknown room in a theatre at Glasgow, Scotland, burned unseen for 22 years, has just been reported. When electrical engineers were asked to give quotations on overhauling the lighting system in certain line of conduit disappeared in a wall, and the trail ended. Nearby was a locked door, the key to which had been lost. No one from the manager to the call boy could remember that the door had ever been opened. It was forced. The unknown room had been used by billposters, and according to a poster lying there the place had not been used since 1906. A 16-candle-power carbon lamp was burning brightly just as it had evidently been left by the last occupant of the room. The report adds that when the manager estimated the cost of the wasted light off 60 watts for 22 years he fainted.

Arresting Decay In Wood

New Treatment Being Used May Make It Imperishable

A new tool has been invented for the purpose of giving logs a "hypodermic injection" to preserve them. This new scientific method is being used to inject into telegraph poles a spreading paste that is said to keep fungi at bay. Many years are said to be added to the pole's life. This treatment of wood is a step that may lead eventually to complete arrest of decay, if that is found successful, buildings of wood can be erected that will be as imperishable as structures of concrete, brick, or steel, while the cost will be much less. The effect will be that of transmuting wood into rock. "

BABY'S OWN TABLETS THE HOME DOCTOR

Baby's Own Tablets meet all the need that exists in every home where there are young children. They are a laxative, but do not gripe. They are purgative, but do not contain one particle of opiate or other injurious drug that can in any way do the slightest harm to the most delicate infant.

Baby's Own Tablets reduce fever, relieve colds, banish constipation and indigestion, check diarrhoea, sweeten the stomach and allay the irritation that accompanies the cutting of teeth. They quiet the nerves and promote health-giving sleep and repose. In fact they are as good as a doctor in the house, and once a mother has used them for her little ones she will use nothing else. Thousands of mothers bear testimony as to their value among them is Mrs. Thomas Falls, Man., who says:—"I was told by my Baby's Own Tablets by a friend who had used them for all her little ones and said she could not do without them. After using them for my baby boy I quite agree with her and honestly think they are the finest medicine in the world for little ones."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Teeth and Health

Issued By The Canadian Dental Hygiene Council and Published By The Canadian Dental Society

TOOTHACHE

As a child, you may have thought a tooth solid right through just as a piece of ivory which it resembles in other goes to the record office.

Then one day, you noticed that something strange had come into the "hole" in a tooth, it hurt a little, but the thing passed away.

So you kept "mum" for fear you would have to go to the dentist.

Until, one night you wakened your parents with crying and announced that your head was about to "start hurting."

Now, what had happened? Within each tooth is a chamber that is filled with nerves. Germs have entered the nerves, and the decay which is a disease process had been steadily progressing towards the nerves. Until the soft tissue had become infected with the disease germs of decay.

Then nature had rushed to the defence to combat them by sending blood to the tooth a greater supply of blood, containing millions of little warriors called "Phagocytes" Some of these burst through the vessel walls to attack the organisms, and with this increase of blood there was a swelling of the tissue, causing increased pressure on the nerve endings—which signalled to headquarters—and so pain resulted.

And, just as in battle, as the fight goes on, the wounded grow hotter, the nerves signalled more furiously, crying "Help—help—help." And then the war was over and the wires cooled off and the pain stopped, and you were so glad that it was over, that you forgot to wonder how it stopped.

Predicts Ocean Air Service

A regular passenger service across the Atlantic Ocean in only a few years is believed to be a possibility by Sir Frederic Stupart, director of the local meteorological office. Sir Frederic who has returned from a visit to Great Britain.

Edmonton Canning Factory

Edmonton's newest industry, the Broder canning factory, has started operations with 70 persons on the payroll. This is the first industry of this nature in Alberta.

During 11 months of the past fiscal year over 37,000 Canadians who had gone to the United States to reside returned to Canada. Those who stick to the old ship will find her a pretty staunch craft.

Minard's Liniment heals cuts, bruises, etc.

MEDICINE FOR YOUNG GIRLS

Mothers Endorse Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sydney, N.S.—"My seventeen year old daughter took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for weakness and pains. She could not go about much with the other girls and was not strong enough. We got six bottles and it did her a great turn. Where working out now in a store and walks three miles every morning and back at the evening."—MARY VANCE, 44 Lingan Road, Sydney, N.S.

Pinewood, Ont.—"I constantly had pains in my back and side and after two days in bed every month; I have taken three boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets. They have done me good and I always have them in the house, I have recommended your good medicine to several friends and have given it to my 15 year-old girl."—Mrs. ALFRED OUELETTE, Pinewood, Ontario.

Built For Extra Mileage

Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires assure greater safety, comfort and economy.

Gum-Dipping saturates and insulates every fibre of every cord with rubber—builds extra strength and endurance, while the scientifically designed tire tread grips the road and provides positive traction.

Your nearest Firestone Dealer sells these better tires. See him to-day and let him serve you better and save you money.

FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO. OF CANADA LIMITED
Hamilton, Ontario

MOST MILES PER DOLLAR

Firestone

Builds the Only

GUM-DIPPED TIRES

Little Helps For This Week

"His compassions fail not; they are new every morning."—Lamentations iii. 22, 23.

New every morning is the love
Our waking and uprising prove;
Through sleep and darkness safely
thou hast kept,
Restored to life and power and
thought.

New mercies each returning day
Hover around us while we pray;
New perils past, new sins forgiven,
New thoughts of God, new hopes of
heaven.

—John Keble.

Each day, each week, each month, each year, is a new chance given by God. A new chance, a new leaf, a new life, this is the golden, the unspeakable gift which each new day offers to you.

—Frederic W. Farrar.

Minard's Liniment for Insect Bites.

World's Smallest House

Carnavonshire boasts the smallest house in Britain. It stands on the quay at Conway, and is built on the back of the old town wall. Its frontage is 72 inches, depth 106 inches and height 122 inches. It consists of two rooms and until a few years ago was occupied by a man who stood 6 feet 3 inches.

Two copies of every act of the British Parliament are printed on vellum. One, endorsed with the royal assent, is kept among the rolls; the other goes to the record office.

"What is leisure, mamma?"

"It's the spare time a woman has to think up an excuse for some other kind of work, my dear."

Don't Make a Toy Out of Baby's Nerves

By RUTH BRITTAIN

Much of the nervousness in older children can be traced to the over-stimulation during infancy, caused by regarding baby as a mere animated toy for the amusement of parents, relatives and friends. Baby may be played with but not for more than a quarter of an hour to an hour at most, before being handled, tickled, caused to laugh or even scream, will soon become fretful, wearying, and invariably causes irritability, crying or sleeplessness.

Fretfulness, crying and sleeplessness from this cause can easily be avoided by treating baby with more consideration, but when you just can't see what is making baby restless or upset, better give him a few drops of pure, harmless Bromo-Seltzer. It's amazing to see how quickly it calms baby's nerves and soothes him to sleep; yet it contains no drugs or opiates. It is purely vegetable—the recipe is on the wrapper. Leading physicians prescribe it for colic, cholera, diarrhea, constipation, gas on stomach and bowels, feverishness, loss of sleep and all other "upsets" of babyhood. Over 25 million bottles used a year shows its overwhelming popularity.

With each bottle of Castoria, you get a book on Motherhood, worth its weight in gold. Look for Chas. H. Fletcher's signature on the package so you'll get genuine Castoria. There are many imitations.

Hail Insurance

Only Strongest Companies Represented

"The Delia Agencies"

(INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS)

JAS. W. CLARK, - Town Hall

DELIA
Chautauqua!
JULY 21st to JULY 27th

TWICE DAILY!—Afternoons & Evenings

BIG PROGRAMMES

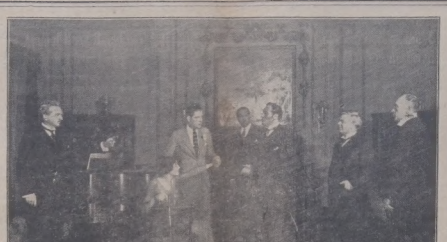
Interesting Lectures
High-class Concerts
Music, Drama and Comedy

6 DAYS HIGH-CLASS ENTERTAINMENT

Come and Camp on the Grounds!

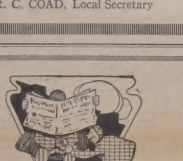
Season Tickets Now on Sale

R. C. COAD, Local Secretary



"THREE WISE FOOLS"

Thrilling Comedy by the Martin Erwin Players at Chautauqua.



A Chain of Contacts

If you, as a merchant, could be constantly meeting new prospective customers, you could keep your business healthy and flourishing without advertising.

But the main reason why

ADVERTISING is a Sound, Paying Investment

is because it does this missionary work for you, constantly, efficiently, at low cost, and leaves you free to render personal service and plan further business developments.

Look into the value to you of advertising in THE DELIA TIMES from a business-building point of view. Talk it over with us.

Progressive Merchants Advertise

Popular C. P. R. Official Promoted.

J. M Cameron, who for the past thirteen years has held the post of General Superintendent of the Calgary division of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has been promoted to the position of manager of C P R lines on Vancouver, it is announced by Vice President D C Coleman. The appointment took effect on July 1st, when Mr Cameron took up his headquarters at Victoria, succeeding E. Beasley who is retiring after 45 years' service with the company.

The world is your oyster. Don't hurt yourself opening it.

Smouldering camp fires start forest fires.

Getting along nicely in this world is not inherited.

W. C. King

AUCTIONEER and VALUER

Phone 42, Delia

Canadian Game Animals Shipped To New Zealand

One of the happy results of the wild life conservation policy carried out in our national parks by the Department of the Interior is that Canada is now in a position to assist conservationists of other lands. At various times in recent years donations of wild animals have been shipped to points in the United States and other countries.

Recently one pair of beaver and one pair of Rocky Mountain sheep were shipped from Vancouver to the city of Auckland, New Zealand. The beaver were taken in Jasper national park, while the sheep are from the rapidly increasing wild herd in Rocky Mountains national park.

Every precaution was taken to see that the animals reach their destination in good condition, and on arrival at Auckland they were placed in the Zoological Gardens of that city.

It is only in the novels that they finally get married and live happily ever after.

Third Annual Hand Hills Constituency Girls' Camp

Over forty-five girls, under the leadership of Mrs. Vallery, Mrs. Barss and Mrs. Martin, gathered at the Lone Pine Ranch, owned by Mr. Bierriot, on July 2nd, constituting the third annual Hand Hills Constituency Camp.

The old house where they did their cooking, is over twenty-five years old, and seemed to hold many secrets of olden days in sunny Alberta. The river with its high banks, and the old trees surrounding made an ideal setting for the camp.

At seven o'clock the whistle called for "physical jerks," followed by a dip in the river (when possible) lead up Miss Margaret Hudson. At 8 a.m. a breakfast was served in one of the three tents used as a dining-room. This was followed by a silent watch and repeating of the Lord's prayer in unison; then came the announcements for the day. This was lead by Mrs W. J Barss. Unfortunately, nature cannot be controlled, and this year on account of the height of the river, together with its muddy color and extra swift current, the girls were very disappointed in only being able to go swimming a few times.

One interesting sport of the week was a croquet tournament, in which the girls took very keen interest, and provided splendid camp enthusiasm. During rest periods and while the groups were preparing meals, four very interesting hikes were featured. At the end of one there was a weiner roast, at which some of the girls showed surprisingly good appetites.

On Friday night everyone was rushing hither and thither, and a stranger would be interested in knowing why. At 8.30 p.m. all the girls emerged from their tents in fancy dress ready for the ball, which was to be given on the new ferry which is being built. At 10:30 dancing ceased and a large luncheon was in. The girls gathered around roasted marshmallows, were treated to fruit, peanuts, etc. As the fire died out everyone joined in singing a few of the old favorite songs. Thus one of the most impressionable evenings of the week closed by the girls forming a ring around their leaders, and singing "For they are jolly good fellows."

Nearly every evening the girls had a camp fire, around which they sang songs, or put on an impromptu concert, which certainly brought out wonderful originality. The camp paper was read, telling of some amusing and interesting events of the day.

During the week the girls were fortunate in receiving some of the best of instructive talks. Mrs L. McKay spoke of the world-wide type of girl, which all should aspire to be. The qualities she emphasized were:—Willingness to serve, courtesy, honesty, dependability, etc.

Mrs. F. J. Stewart, in telling the life of Nicolo Paganini, brought out the value of open air and the physical culture the girls were receiving at camp.

Father McGillvary, of Munson, gave a talk on the human body, its value and care. He said: "Do not use your body as a tool; it is the dwelling place of your soul.

Mrs. McClaughlin, of Drumheller, gave an interesting and instructive talk on usefulness emphasizing the fact of "having ideal work to do, with something sublime about it."

The ideal week closed on Sunday every girl going home a little wiser than she came; she had learned many things from the lectures; she had learned to live with others; she had learned to give and take. It had been a week of ideals with ideal leadership, in an ideal spot. All this was made possible, and we hope will be again by the leaders and the kindness of Mr. Bierriot and Mr. Tucker, of the Munson Ferry.

The cigarette stub has laid low many a noble tree.

Test Value Of Chemical Weed Destroyers

A series of tests to determine the value of two chemical preparations in the destruction of Canada Thistle, Sow Thistle and Quack Grass is being conducted at a number of points in the province under the direction of Field Crops Commissioner W. J Stephen. The first of these, known as the Chipman Atlas Nauposipsum Weed Killer, is manufactured in the United States and the second is a preparation, formulated by A. W Weddon of Gainsford, Alberta. The first trials of the efficacy of these chemicals were made on a number of plots in the vicinity of Edmonton on June 8 and additional tests will be made at a number of points before any announcement is made as to their value.

DR. TSHYI HSIEH

Distinguished Chinese lecturer sparring on Chautauqua.

Chester White Hog Selling Scheme

The attention of farmers and livestock men throughout the province is called by the Department of Agriculture to an article appearing in the Calgary Albertan of Thursday, June 21, over the name of S. G. Freeborn, District Sheep and Swine Promoter for Alberta.

The article answers very thoroughly the arguments previously published in defence of the scheme being promoted in different sections of the province by representatives of the Central United States Swine Company, and Mr. Freeborn effectively points out the economic unsoundness of the proposition from the point of view of the farmer, and produces a good deal of substantial evidence to prove that similar experiences have been very costly to farmers in a number of the American states.

GEOFFREY F. MORGAN

Nephew of the celebrated Samuel Smiles, author of self-help, character and duty letters, on "Success with Ease" at Chautauqua.

Fined Under the Noxious Weeds' Act

Before Peter Thompson, J.P., Dr. Brown, of Drumheller, on the information of J. R. Bone, weed inspector, was fined $20.00 and costs, for neglecting to destroy noxious weeds on his farm north of town. W. N. Grahame, L.L.B., prosecuted, and W. A. Law, L.L.B., defended.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

REST

During the summer vacation, when school is closed, there is a tendency to change the usual routine of life that is followed during the school term. The idea is a good one in a general way, because the change gives a sense of holiday freedom which is good for everyone, including the children.

Holidays are given with the idea that a rest for the body and mind is a good thing. The best work is done after periods of rest and relaxation. In order that school children may receive the greatest benefit from their summer vacation, it is necessary that parents realize that sufficient rest is essential. It is not a kindness to allow children to stay up late at night. Sleeping late in the morning does not make up for staying up late in the evening.

The necessary hours of sleep with windows open, are:—

Age	Bed -time	Hours of Sleep	Rising -time
5— 6	6 30	13	7 30
6— 8	7 30	12	7 30
8—10	8 00	11½	7 30
10—12	8 30	11	7 30
12—14	9 00	10½	7 30
14—16	9 30	10	7 30

Children who have plenty of sleep, who play out of doors, who drink plenty of milk, and who eat fresh fruits and vegetables are the ones who grow up strong and well.

Children who are not physically strong, who are not gaining regularly in weight, need extra rest, and they should lie down for one hour at least after the noon meal.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered by letter. Questions as to diagnosis and treatment will not be answered.

Craigmyle News

The Hanna Municipal Hospital District, No. 9 Plebiscite on By-law No. 5, as to the extension of the Hanna Hospital at a cost of $22,000.00, was held on Monday, and the Poll here resulted:—For "Yes", 12; for "No", 160; and there were two ballots spoiled. At the Poll at S. Horsky's residence the "Yes" got 4, and the "No", 49; while at Risner School, "Yes" got 12, and "No" got 77; while 12 ballots were rejected, all indicating "No". As two-thirds of the number of votes actually polled must be in favor of the By-law, it is considered most unlikely that the extension will be authorized, even though tenders were already advertised for before the vote was over.

Quite a number of local people are visiting the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede this week.

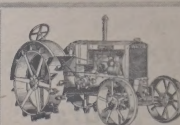
The induction of Rev. R. W. Griffith, Minister of the local United Church, took place on Wednesday evening, and we hope to give a fuller report thereof in next week's issue.

We are pleased to report that Lionel Farrell, junior, is progressing favorably after his recent operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. Nicklin, of Toronto, arrived here on Sunday last on a visit to her son in law and daughter, Mr and Mrs. D G Innes.

SEND IT IN!

"If you have a bit of news—
Send it in;
Or a joke that will amuse—
Send it in;
A story that is true—
An incident that's new—
We want to hear from you—
Send it in;
If it's only worth the while
Never mind about your style—
Send it in!



WALLIS Tractors

With each U S gallon used the Wallis tested developed 37.68 h.p., which is the highest fuel economy ever officially recorded for any wheel tractor approaching it in piston displacement and weight

Try our Massey-Harris Plows, Cultivators 14-ft. Disc Harrow, Cream Separators, etc.

MAPLE LEAF OILS — WE SUPPLY DRUMS

S. SCHATZ, Agent

Hail Insurance

Insure your crop against HAIL!

with **R. C. COAD**

Phone 48 DELIA, Alta.

OLYMPIA THEATRE

FRI.-SAT., July 13-14

RICHARD DIX *in*

"THE GAY DEFENDER"

Coming!--WED., July 18th:

A COMEDY PICTURE

"Baby Mine"

WITH

KARL DANE and GEO. K. ARTHUR

SHOWS EVERY WED., FRI., AND SAT.

NOTICE

I wish to intimate to the public that my Fox Ranch is now open to visitors.

A. S. DUNBAR

Drive your own Car!

WHY walk, or be dependent on public transportation facilities, when you can drive your own car . . go where you like, when you like, as you like.

There is no barrier of price standing between you and the ownership of a good used car.

We have a finer selection of used cars than ever . . and the prices are the lowest we have ever been able to quote. These cars have been taken in exchange on new Chevrolets . . checked over carefully and priced to interest shrewd buyers.

Come in and learn how easy it is to own and drive your own car. Easy payment plan available.

It's Easy with a **GOOD USED CAR**

1 1923 Touring Car, overhauled. Price..... $250.00

1 Ford Touring, in first-class shape. Price..... $250.00

A. C. PULLAR, Delia, Alta.

CHEVROLET

Canadian Arctic Explorer Heads Expedition For Purpose Of Locating the Magnetic Pole

In quest of treasure relics and to conduct important Arctic research work, Major L. T. Burwash, war veteran, Arctic exploratory engineer and Canadian government official, will leave shortly on a 5,000 mile jaunt to end at the magnetic pole.

Travelling by rail, boat and dog team, Major Burwash will traverse nearly 100 miles of icy Arctic waters with only native Eskimos, a stray trapper or fur trader, to assist him to navigate a forty foot government launch. His destination at the magnetic pole cannot be reached until late in September or October. His task will not be completed before the autumn of 1929.

At "the top of the world," Major Burwash will make a scientific examination to determine the extent to which the magnetic pole has shifted since Amundsen made his investigation about 1908. Each year the magnetic pole varies in a westerly direction, and its present position, once accurately will be noted on the charts of mariners who ply the seven seas.

Records of the ill-fated expedition of Sir John Franklin—central figure in the chapter of Arctic exploration of the nineteenth century—will also be sought by Major Burwash. The two ships "Erebus" and "Terror," carrying the Franklin party, met disaster near the magnetic pole in 1845. Some of the records were found on Boothia peninsula; and it is said that one of these ships may be seen in the Arctic ocean somewhere near King William Island or Boothia Peninsula. If this theory is found to be correct, the ship may be lifted to obtain for Canada the valuable records and relics believed to be aboard her.

Conditions among the Eskimos north of the district of Mackenzie and Keewatin will be examined by Major Burwash; and his survey in that district will be the first since care of the Eskimos was transferred from the Indian department to the North West Territories and Yukon branch early this year. An examination of navigating conditions in Franklin Strait and Peel Sound will be made, and, in addition, Major Burwash will investigate the proposed tractor-train route from Wager Bay on the west coast of Hudson Bay to Chesterfield Inlet along King William Island.

Queer Creature Found In Mediterranean Sea

Fish Has Parrot's Beak and Chews Like a Cow

The Parrot Fish, which is found in the waters of the Mediterranean Sea is one of the most curious creatures known. It has a beak resembling that of a parrot's, and a pouchee similar to those of a monkey, and it chews a cud like a cow. Its favorite food is the seaweed and other plant life that grow on the floor of the Mediterranean. With its beak, formed by a hardening of the points of the upper and lower jaws, it snips off portions of the plants. These are passed back and stowed away in the cheek pouches. When enough has been accumulated for a meal the fish stops browsing and begins leisurely to chew the weeds, for all the world like a cow. Unlike the cow, however, it has no teeth in its jaws; instead they are set back in the throat. This appears to be no disadvantage, for they serve their intended purpose admirably.

—Health Bulletin.

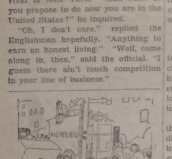
To Preserve Children

Take one large grassy field, one half dozen children, two or three small dogs, a pinch of brook and some pebbles. Mix the children and dogs well together and put them in the field, stirring constantly. Pour the brook over the pebbles and sprinkle the field with flowers. Spread over all a deep blue sky and bake in the hot sun. When brown remove and place in a bath tub to cool.—Health Bulletin.

Not Much Competition

The immigration official was examining an Englishman on his arrival in New York. "And what do you propose to do now you are in the United States?" he inquired.

"Oh, I don't care," replied the Englishman hopefully. "Anything to earn an honest living." "Well, come along in, then," said the official. "I guess there ain't much competition in your line of business."



"Look here, why are you following me about all day?"

"For protection. My wife has threatened to beat me!"—Buen Humor, Madrid.

A YOUTHFUL RULER

Martanda Sydney, 12-year-old son of the late Rajah of Pudukota, Indian rajah died recently of internal complications in the American hospital at Neuilly, Paris. The rajah was 52 years old. He was the ruler of the Indian province of Pudukota, but had his residence in Cannes, while his brother acted as his regent. Martanda Sydney will assume the position held by his father.

Reindeer For H.B. District

Moving Reindeer From Alaska To Hudson's Bay Area

Beginning with 1,240 reindeer thirty years ago, a huge herd of these valuable little animals numbering 11,600 is to be moved this year from their Alaskan range to feeding grounds on the shore of Hudson Bay.

The shortest and easiest route across country will be sought which is estimated that eighteen months will be required for the journey. Progress of ten miles daily is planned, pouchee similar to those of a monkey, and it chews a cud like a cow. Its favorite food is the seaweed and other plant life that grow on the floor of the Mediterranean. With its beak, formed by a hardening of the points of the upper and lower jaws, it snips off portions of the plants. These are passed back and stowed away in the cheek pouches. When enough has been accumulated for a meal the fish stops browsing and begins leisurely to chew the weeds, for all the world like a cow. Unlike the cow, however, it has no teeth in its jaws; instead they are set back in the throat. This appears to be no disadvantage, for they serve their intended purpose admirably.

—Health Bulletin.

Capital and Labor

Mussolini Sees Necessity For Whole-Hearted Collaboration

Premier Mussolini urged the necessity of whole-hearted collaboration between capital and labor in a speech at the inauguration of the first national congress of Fascist Industrialists at Rome.

Under the Fascist system, said Mussolini, employers were no longer impoverished, but were co-workers with the producers, whose scale of living should be raised materially and morally, according to favorable moments and possibilities.

Reviewing the crisis in European politics and industry since the war, he said: "It is to be forecast that peace will not be disturbed by the great western nations which are their own directors to world's civilization. After political peace will come social peace."

Must Have Been Some Clock

The Provost of the little Scottish town was noted for his unhappy choice of phrases, but he excelled himself on the occasion of the presentation of a clock and a purse to a local resident who was leaving the town.

"The contents of the purse," said the Provost, "will in time inevitably disappear, but," he added, placing his hands on the clock, "here is something which will never go."

Up-To-Date Shop

Fifth Avenue, New York, has a shop dealing exclusively in aviation products and accessories. Everything is for sale, from airplane goggles to a commercial ship. The shop maintains hangars on Long Island with a corps of instructors to teach those who make purchases.

First Lamb—"Do you suppose it's safe to go onto that lawn while the dog's asleep?"

Second Lamb—"Well, I wouldn't gambol on it."

ALL FOODS CONTAIN WATER

Body Gets Sufficient Even If People Drink Little

Water is absolutely essential if the body is to keep up the activities. It is necessary not only to aid in building up the tissues, but in order to permit the carrying on of all of the chemical and physical functions that take place.

Most of us get more water than we drink as much through the fact that practically every food substance contains some water and most of the beverages are practically entirely water. Milk contains 88 per cent. water, while anywhere from 50 to 95 per cent., and even distilled alcoholic drinks are usually more than one-half water.

If both food and water are withheld, life cannot be prolonged for more than eight or ten days. With food and water, life can be prolonged for a considerable time, even though food is not given. Professional fasters always drink water during the starvation period. Some of them carry on from three to five weeks without food.

Milk is probably the best of all beverages, particularly when it is taken from properly inspected cows under sanitary conditions; transported under clean conditions to the place where it is used, and pasteurized in most instances before use.

Lemonade and other drinks made from citrus fruits are excellent because they counteract acidity in the body and serve as a valuable source of vitamin C.

Tea and coffee are good beverages if taken in moderation; if taken in excess, overstimulation may result due to an overdose of the drug called caffein, which has the power of stimulating the nerve centers of the brain. Tea varies in its qualities according to the manner in which it is prepared.

One expert recommends that the proper way to make tea is to pour it off the leaves after five minutes, adding it to another warmed teapot.

Soda water, pops and similar beverages have a stimulating value, due to the amount of carbonate they contain.—By Dr. Morris Fishbein.

Turning the Tables

Automobilist Receives Bill For Damage Done To Locomotive

Tony Straber's warning to automobile owners is this: When driving your car into a railroad train be careful not to damage the locomotive.

Tony's car and a Grand Trunk train were involved in an argument over the right-of-way at Western Avenue near 104th Street, Chicago, last November. The automobile wound up in a ditch in a status described by wreck writers as "twisted wreckage."

Recently Tony got a letter from the Grand Trunk Railroad. It made no mention of his automobile, confining itself to the following succinct sentence:

"Inclosed please find bill for $29.18 for damage to our locomotive No. 6038."

Getting Over the Difficulty

A man who had great difficulty in spelling words that had "ei" and "ie" in them mentioned the matter to a friend.

"Oh," said the friend, "I have a splendid remedy for that. It's infallible, too. I've used it for years and never beat let down yet."

The first man expressed his delight and interest, then waited for enlightenment.

"The rule is this," the friend declared: "Write your 'i' and 'e' exactly alike, and be sure and put your dot exactly between the pair of them."

The keener the critic the more cutting the criticism.

PREMIER OF NEWFOUNDLAND

Hon. W. R. Monroe, premier of Newfoundland, is to resign office next month, it is reported. Pending a general election in the fall he will probably be succeeded by Sir John Bennett, colonial secretary.

Asphalt Highway Across Canada

Union Of Canadian Municipalities Has An Ambitious Program

Immediate construction of an asphalt highway right across Canada was urged at the 28th Annual Convention of the Union of Canadian Municipalities at Winnipeg. Dominion and Provincial Governments will be memorialized as to the necessity for such a road. It is estimated that the cost would be $50,000 per mile and construction would occupy five years. It would afford to motorists access to much of the most beautiful scenery on the continent, and in view of the vast number from the United States who are now touring in Canada every summer the expenditure would not be without direct financial returns.

Use Modern Methods

Birds Ride On Airplanes and Horses Fly Motor Trucks

Airmen find that birds are not afraid of airplanes as they used to be. Now the birds make use of them to help them along in their flights. It is not uncommon, airmen say, to find ten or twenty birds hooking a ride, all comfortably settled on the machine and being relieved of much effort and fatigue on a long flight.

Not long ago we saw two horses being hauled to market on a motor truck at a speed per hour than any we ever travelled before. They seemed interested in the scenery.—Capper's Weekly.

Sure To Be Successful

It is greatly becoming more difficult to persuade young doctors to practice in the country. Young doctors who have plenty of courage and are determined to succeed and who go to settle in the country and practice their calling there in an intelligent manner make a quicker and bigger success than three-fourths of their colleagues who have settled in the cities. If they do not actually attain great fame, which is reserved for a few, public life often takes hold of them, bringing honors with it.

Her Favorites

The teacher, wishing to arouse the interest of her Sunday School class, asked them to write down the names of the favorite hymns. All the pupils handed in their lists but one.

"Come on, Mary," said the teacher, "bring your paper to me."

Mary, with downcast eyes and flaming cheeks, handed the teacher a slip of paper bearing the words, "Daddy and Tommy Jones."

Footprints, taken on the lines of our fingerprint system, are now being used for identifying criminals in Ceylon.

The Greatest Garden Pest

Nothing Can Cause Greater Damage Than Cut Worms

Scientists generally agree that there are about 2,000 species in the Noctuidae family of insects in which are found the common garden cutworms. All of these are native to the United States and judging by what is happening this year all of the destructive members of this family are busy making life miserable for the home gardener.

It doesn't make any difference if one's hobby is raising flowers, vegetables or fruit, he is a strong willed person who can control his feelings these days. Cut worms, due to some unknown reason, are more pestiferous than year than they have been in many years past. Unlike other years, their range of destructiveness is not confined to a few species of plants but they have an insatiable wild flower gardens, taking especial delight in cutting down lady slippers.

Just what is the special niche in life that this pest occupies? Like the more persistant weeds in the garden the only reason for their existence may be their ability to make the amateur gardener work harder to bring his crops to maturity.

We may rave about imported bird and animal exotics, but when the cut-worm was turned loose in our gardens something mighty disconcerting was wished upon us. Its no fun to buy a couple of dozen small cabbage plants at 50 cents a hundred, plant them tonight and wake up to find them nipped off at their base the next morning. Garden mules are a delight compared with this nightmarauder and disturber of harvest dreamas. His kind ought to be boiled in oil.

Cater To Varied Tastes

Trans-Pacific Liners Have Passengers From Many Nations

When the big trans-Pacific liners leave Vancouver for the Orient they take enough provisions to last a modern hotel for weeks, but they must cater to tastes far more varied than even the most pretentious hostelries in this country. This is on account of the varied nationalities of the passengers. Foreigners, principally Orientals, make up a large proportion of the trans-Pacific traveling public and they demand an good service as Occidentals.

The appetite of many of these foreigners are governed by their religious beliefs and the food must adapt to accordingly. Such delicacies as shark fins, bird nests, snails, and a host of other strange dishes have to be included in the menus of these liners. Followers of Confucius and Mohammedans, Buddhists and Brahmadans, Fajputs, all have to be served.

Caviar, mangoes, passion fruit and various Russian foods which can only be pronounced by a Canadian with a hearty sneeze, are all found on the menu. The Chinese demand a big "rice, more rice" is met by the purchase of three and a half tons of that commodity when one of the larger vessels leaves port.

The staple items carried by these ships for a single voyage aggregate 24,000 pounds of beef, 17,000 pounds of flour, 67,000 eggs, 9,000 pounds of sugar.

Wrigley Swim

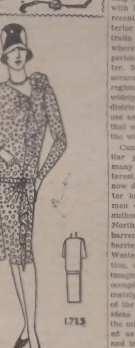
Swimmers from the four corners of the world will seek the world championship in the Tunni Wrigley $50,000 Marathon Swim at the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto.

The fact that Nero was a fiddler instead of a saxophone player must have been some satisfaction to the Romans.

Great political reforms are set in motion by the hand that rocks the cradle.

Geographical Misconceptions That Have Retarded The Development Of Canada

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Fashion



Long-Waisted Slip-On Dress

Long-waisted slip-on dress, with open neck and diagonal pin tucks. Bias-plain, long dart-fitted sleeves of short sleeves. Attached three-piece skirt. Sizes 36 to 46. Two contrast trimming pieces stitched to left side of waist and skirt. For ladies and misses.

Sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 3 yards 36-inch material with long sleeves. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 176 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. ..... Size .....

No. .....

Name .....

Town .....

Horses In Modern Wars

Increase In World War Over Those Used In Former Conflicts

Figures compiled in the United States War Department indicate a great increase in the number of horses per thousand soldiers used in the World War over the number used in the Russo-Japanese War, the Franco-Prussian War, and the Austro-Prussian War. In the World War the Central Powers used 256.8 horses per thousand soldiers, while the Allies used 285.8. In the wars mentioned there has been a continuous increase in the number of horses used from the time of the Franco-Prussian War in 1870-1871 up to the World War. The most notable increase was that of 197.4 horses per thousand soldiers in the Russo-Japanese War to 285.8 horses per thousand soldiers in the World War. The increases were largely due to the voluminous increase in equipage, armament, ammunition, and supplies of the armies.

German Has Gargoyle Clock

Stettin, Germany, the home town of Otto Peltzer, the great runner, has one of the most unique tower clocks in Germany. In the centre of its huge dial there is the terrifying face of a bearded man who every second rolls his eyes from right to left like a bogey man. In his opened mouth he holds a metal plate on which the day of the month is recorded. The clock bears the inscription 1736.

Business Is Increasing

Vernor Smith, minister of Alberta's railways, reports a one hundred per cent. increase in business for the first three months of this year as compared with a year ago. That is good news. It not only indicates that the market position of those roads will be vastly improved by the end of the year, but that the Peace River country is coming into its own even more rapidly than the most sanguine had hoped.

Spain Insures Travellers

Beginning July 1, all persons travelling by rail or water in Spain will be insured against accident, the cost being added to the price of boat or train tickets. The insurance covers injuries to passengers first and carriers' employees next. Proceeds will be paid to an agency encouraging tours in Spain.

Developing Talc Industry

Establishment Of a Manufacturing Plant in Calgary Is Being Considered

National Talc, Limited, is considering the establishment of a manufacturing plant in Calgary to utilize the rare talc deposits of the Rocky Mountains. About seven miles of the new road up the Red Deer Valley from Massive to the blue talc property on Red Mountain were constructed last summer and work is again proceeding with the idea of completing the road by August. Production will be started on the blue talc property as soon as weather conditions permit. The American Lava Corporation of Chattanooga, Tennessee, are reported willing to purchase all of this year's production of the plant.

Calgary Flying Field

The City of Calgary has decided to purchase a flying field on the north hill, almost overlooking the Bow River. It affords an ideal jumping off place for aircraft. Weed inspection from airplanes is the latest device under construction by the Alberta government. Fields infested with simpleweed are conspicuously discernible from the air from their contrast with clean fields.

Forests

There are now 62 forests in England and Wales and 50 in Scotland, although the trees in many of them are young. It is estimated that in the 15 new ones are established by the Forestry Commission every year.

FOLKSONG AND HANDICRAFT FESTIVAL

This orchestra playing Ukrainian airs, the members of Ukrainian origin and arrayed in peasant costume of that country, was a great hit at the New Canadian Folksong and Handicraft Festival, held at the Royal Alexandra Hotel, Winnipeg, from June 19 to 23. Over 400 performers, representing different European nationalities, took part.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The new German dirigible, LZ-127, may make a trip to East Asia by way of California.

Miss Mercedes Gleitze, London stenographer, failed in an attempt to swim the Irish Channel to Great Britain.

Assurance that representations made on behalf of the blind in Canada will receive government consideration has been given to a delegation of blind persons by Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance.

The King has approved the appointment of Sir John Middleton as Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of Newfoundland, in succession to Sir William Allardyce, whose term has expired.

The University of Wisconsin, at Madison, gave recognition to the attainments of its most celebrated former student, Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, by conferring the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Lindbergh arrived there by plane.

Fritz Von Opel's rocket car, the Rak-3, was wrecked, but not until after it had attained a speed of 150 miles an hour. This is claimed as a world record on rails. There was no driver in the car.

England's most picturesque visitor, Sir Offri Atta, blue-black potentate of Akim Abuakwa, has received from the King of England the Bronze ace the accolade of his new British knighthood.

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh carries a blanket public liability aviation insurance policy to the amount of $100,000 on any aircraft piloted by him. The policy also covers him for property damage.

Fur-bearing animals in Ontario are growing scarcer each year, as frontiers of civilization move northward, it is indicated in a statement issued by the Department of Fish and Game, which states that there were received last year totalled $112,762, compared with $130,793 in 1926. With the trapping of beaver eliminated the amount is likely to be still smaller for 1928.

Why the Discrimination

Reckless Drivers Who Cause Accidents Are Seldom Adequately Punished

If a man kills his neighbor by recklessly stepping out and firing an automatic pistol, experience has shown that he will be liable to a charge and conviction of manslaughter and a substantial prison sentence. But if the same man takes a two-ton-automobile, drives recklessly and kills his neighbor, the sequel is often a mere exoneration or a negligent homicide charge, followed by a light fine. Why the discrimination? The man who practices with a firearm in his backyard and pots his neighbore through a window is rare and up his whole life a menace. The reckless driver appears to become more common every day, and more of a hazard to every man, woman and child in every community. Why this habit—considering manslaughter by reckless drivers a minor offence to be condoned by the courts—continues, the gunman may as well put away his traditional weapon, lay in wait on his enemy's usual route to the office and shoot him at his home at 40 miles an hour and tell the authorities it was an accident.

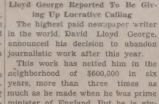
Highest Paid Newspaper Writer

Lloyd George Reported To Be Given $1,000 a Word

The highest paid newspaper writer in the world, David Lloyd George, statesman, has decided to make journalistic work after this year.

This work has netted him in the neighborhood of $600,000 in six months, and he has contributions in such as he made when he was prime minister of England. But he is giving up his lucrative job to return to politics.

He said that he will devote himself to a revival of the Liberal party and to working for the success of the party in the coming general elections.



How Far Voice Will Carry

Depends On Atmosphere, Wind and Competing Noises

The distance to which a man's voice will carry depends upon many different circumstances, but the condition of the atmosphere is one—damp will slow down the sound-waves, while a dry, crisp air will forward them easily. Wind is another factor —so is the height of the speaker in regard to the number of objects, rocks and so on in front of him. The number of competing noises also has to be considered. Under ordinary circumstances, few voices will carry intelligibly much over a couple of hundred yards, but this distance has been far exceeded by exceptionally favorable conditions. In the stillness of the frozen North, for instance a voice will carry for over a mile. And a song, as rendered from a mountain top, was once heard at a distance of four miles.

Egg Yolks Used In Tanneries

There is a use to which egg yolks are put that is not generally known, even by poultry keepers. This is their use in the process of tanning certain leathers. They are used in the processing of the best grades of leather and buck leather. The yolks are purchased by the tanners during egg-breaking establishments and are used salted to process the leathers already referred to. An extremely large number of yolks are used in this way in the course of a year.

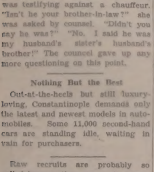
Question Of Relationship

In a recent court case at Toronto, a nice question in relationships was propounded. The plaintiff, a woman, was testifying against a chauffeur. "Isn't he your brother-in-law?" she was asked by counsel. "Didn't you say he was?" "Yes, I said he was my husband's sister's husband's brother!" The council gave up any more questioning on this point.

Nothing But the Best

Out-at-the-heels but still luxury-loving, Constantinople demands only the latest and newest models in automobiles. Some 11,000 second-hand cars are standing idle, waiting in vain for purchasers.

Raw recruits are probably so called because they are not accustomed to fire.



Mistress: "Is there anything we require from town?"

Maid: "Yes, the china will not last for ever Sunday."—Kasper, Stockholm.

Came From Many Lands

Common Vegetables Were Not Used Few Centuries Ago

Vegetables did not form part of a meal a few centuries ago, as they do today. In those days the dishes consisted mainly of beef, fish or fowl.

Potatoes were introduced into England by Sir Walter Raleigh from Virginia, over 300 years ago. They did not, however, come into general use till the beginning of last century, when they were—very wisely—always cooked in their skins.

The Romans knew the onion, turnip, cauliflower, and cabbage, to which list vegetables they ascribed the quality of preserving them from drunkenness.

Cucumbers are said to have originated in India, and were known to have been introduced into China 200 B.C.

The carrot came from Greece, and the English name is derived from a Greek word meaning "root."

Taking Long Air Journeys

The longest flight ever undertaken to an air taxi is being made by Mr. Van Lear Black, a Dutch-American millionaire. He has left London to fly to Capetown and Tokio and back, a distance of 40,000 miles. His departure was casual. Dressed in an ordinary suit and hat, he left the aerodrome as unconcernedly as though he were only going to motor up to town.

If people could ride up in elevators there would be less room at the top.

One-Piece Dress

One-piece dress, clothed in front in coat style, fitted with convenient collar, forming revers. Drooping shoulders, forming short kimono sleeves. Long sleeves that are gathered into wristbands and finished with turn-back cuffs may be substituted. Patch pockets and removable belt for tie and sash.

Sizes 16, 18, 20 years; 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 3¾ yards 40-inch fabric with long sleeves, ¾ yard 32-inch contrasting material to trim facing view. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest in every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. ..... Size .....

.....

.....

Name .....

Town .....

.....

Canada Leads the World

Sixty years ago 480,000 acres was sown to wheat in Canada. Last year the wheat acreage of the Dominion passed the 21,000,000-acre mark. This year it is planted 22,000,000. Canada today leads the world in wheat exports, and actually exports as much as India, Australia, and Argentina combined.

A New York bank advertises itself as America's largest savings bank. It has deposits of $300,000,000. The Financial Post points out three Canadian banks have savings deposits in excess of the amount.

STALWART HEBRIDEANS

Three stalwart crofters, all over six feet in height, who left the Hebrides where they "scratch a bare living by tending sheep," to settle in Ontario. They reached Canada last week in high spirits. The picture shows some cabin boys comparing their stature with the settlers aboard the liner Letitia, on which the Hebrideans arrived in Canada.

Recipes For This Week
(By Betty Barclay)

FRIZZLED BEEF FOR HOT DAYS

Melt butter in hot frying pan, add dried beef, and stir until it browns and curls. Add more butter for cream sauce. Add flour and stir until well blended. Add milk gradually until desired consistency is obtained. Stir to avoid lumps.

Use the proportion of 2 tablespoons of flour to 1 cup of milk. If the dried beef is too salty, soak for 10 or 15 minutes in cold water; drain thoroughly and dry by parting between folds of clean, dry cloth. Have dry before adding to melted butter. Serve on toast if you wish.

ORANGE AND RHUBARB SAUCE

2 pounds rhubarb.
2 oranges.
1½ cups sugar.
1 tablespoon granulated gelatine.
1 tablespoon cold water.

Wash rhubarb, cut into inch pieces; peel oranges, removing membrane with peel, and cut in small pieces; put rhubarb, orange, and sugar in an earthware or glass baking-dish, and bake about one hour. Dissolve gelatine in cold water, add to rhubarb mixture, and when cool, fill individual pastry shells with sauce, and decorate with whipped cream. Cover through pastry bag and rose tube.

Changed Objectives Of Wheat Breeding

High Yield Per Acre and Protein Content Are Objects To Be Attained

The objectives of wheat breeding have changed notably in the past century. According to the Food Research Institute of Stanford University, California, it was not until the harvest and growth of world trade in wheat in the last century, and the introduction of the roller milling process in the 1870's, that protein content of wheat received attention from the wheat breeder. Previously the objectives had been high yield per acre. Today the objectives of the breeder are complex, and his problem difficult. High yield per acre and high protein content are characteristics not easy to combine. Moreover, wheat must be adapted to the locality in which it is grown. Hence the breeder must consider in breeding wheat for each region such problems as the development of resistance to drought and insect pests, to drought, to cold, to hot winds, to a short growing period, and the like. Changes in agricultural technique such as the successive invention of the scythe, the cradle, the reaper, and the "combine" have called for the development of wheat that would not lodge and would not shatter its seed if allowed to stand in the field after maturity.

Wheat breeding did not become truly scientific until after 1900, when the laws governing the manner in which the characters of the parents are transmitted to the offspring were put generally known, though they had been discovered earlier. Nevertheless several excellent varieties were developed by more or less haphazard methods. The increasing application of the science of genetics to wheat breeding in the past twenty years, much progress in the technique and equipment of the wheat breeder to deal with changes in objectives as they arise has been greatly enlarged, and more progress may be expected.

Ecuador Bars Cigar Lighter

Automobiles equipped with automatic cigar lighters cannot be imported into Ecuador. A match monopoly contract between the Provisional Government of Ecuador and a Swedish match company is now effective for 25 years, by terms of which the entry into the country of matches and cigar lighters of all kinds not produced by the Swedish company is forbidden under penalty of fine or imprisonment.

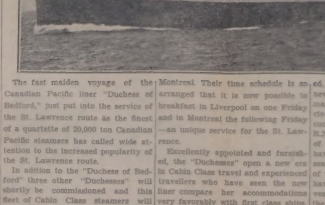
It has been estimated that a hospital doctor walks an average of 16 miles a day in the course of his duties; a shop assistant eight miles; a waiter 12 miles, and a tram conductor seven miles.

Professor—"Frankly speaking, he got my caprine, hollow-horned ruminant.

His Wife—"What?"

Professor—"My goat!"

POPULARIZING THE ST. LAWRENCE ROUTE



The fast maiden voyage of the Canadian Pacific liner "Duchess of Bedford," just put into the service of the St. Lawrence route as the finest of a quartette of 20,000 ton Canadian Pacific steamers has called wide attention to the increased popularity of the St. Lawrence route.

In addition to the "Duchess of Bedford" three other "Duchesses" will shortly be commissioned and this fleet of Cabin Class steamers will consist of the largest ships to call at Montreal. Their time schedule is so arranged that it is now possible to breakfast in Liverpool on one Friday and in Montreal the following Friday —an unique service for the St. Lawrence.

Excellently appointed and furnished, the "Duchesses" open a new era in Cabin Class travel and experienced travellers who have seen the new liner compare her accommodations very favorably with first class ships.

Silk hundred feet long, two-funnelled, 85-burning and 75 feet wide, the new liner has broad deck spaces and many marine innovations, all conducive to passenger comfort. She is commanded by Captain H. Robinson, R.N.R., whose 21 years in the service of the Canadian Pacific Steamships have taken him through the seven seas. He was formerly in command of the "Minnedosa" and "Montroyal," having been in charge of the latter vessel on several occasions during the West Indies—a feature to be repeated by the "Duchess of Bedford."

Legal Definition Of Canadian

Canadian Nationality Should Be Recognized Without Reservations

The great majority of Canadians will agree with the National Council of Women that Canadian nationality should be recognized without any reservations and that the people who have the full rights of citizenship in this country should be legally described as "Canadians" and not as "British subjects resident in Canada." This does not imply in the least, any aversion to the word "British," and there is no ground for the opposition from those who seem to fear that to drop the old legal definition of Canadians and make the natural name the legal name will signify a tendency to break away from the British connection.

Canadians abroad, when asked as to their nationality, would not think of saying anything else than that they were Canadians; and of recent years they have been able to say it of record, thanks to the Canada Act. Is it natural or consistent that we should have national aspirations or should be worthy of the name, when Canada now holds among the nations, and yet that there should be no legal recognition of our natural and proper name?

As the Toronto Star points out, there is specific recognition in certain documents that have been passed by Parliament. The immigration Act of 1910 provides that "a Canadian citizen" means: A person born in Canada who has not become an alien; a British subject who has Canadian domicile; or a person naturalized under the laws of Canada who has not subsequently become an alien or lost Canadian domicile." Then in 1921 the Canada (Naturalization) Act (not a Liberal government), passed an act which defines the term "Canadian nationality" as meaning "status of a British subject who is a Canadian citizen within the meaning of the Immigration Act." And any person "is such citizen; any person born out of Canada whose father was a Canadian national at the time of that person's birth, or (with regard to persons born before May 3, 1921), any person whose father, at the time of his birth, possessed the qualifications of a Canadian national."

There is no reason why Canadians should be content to be described by that name or be described as Canadian subjects of the King of Great Britain, Ireland, Canada, Australia, etc., rather than as "British subjects resident in Canada." This would be in line with the new practice of describing the Dominion cabinet as "His Majesty's advisers in Canada."

Full recognition of the Canadian name is just one of the suggestions following from principles accepted at the last Imperial Conference, which will all be adjusted, after which Canada will continue to ask for a member of the British family in spite of the nervousness of some people.—Free Press.

To Improve Quality Of Wool

Looking to the improvement of wool produced by the sheep ranches of the Prairies, a party of experts has started out under the direction of Mr. Benjamin Rothwell, Ottawa, to make a survey of the representative sheep ranches of the three provinces. British Columbia is included in the tour.

Should Be Popular

Aerial tea parties every Friday afternoon throughout the summer have been arranged by the Imperial Airways Limited, Londonderry and visitors to see the Metropolis from the air. A big 21-seater aeroplane will circle over London for about 30 or 40 minutes, and tea will be served.

Alone a man can stand up for his right; but he must organize to find new rights to stand up for.—Oshawa Times.

Farmers' Marketing Tour

Canadian National Railways' Tour To Great Britain and Denmark, 1928

(Continued.)

New experiences awaited us the following day when as guests of the Port of London Authority, we were taken to see something of what London's handling facilities are. It was not possible to see more than a small part of the Port of London, in one year, handles merchandise to the value of hundreds of millions of pounds sterling. For example, the imports and exports passed through the port in 1926 totalled in value $3,500,000,000 and included 65,000,000 tons of wheat. In the same year 50,000,000 tons net register of shipping entered and left the port. Walking through one set of shed rooms, ten acres in extent, we visited the Ivory Room, where we were astounded to see a perfect specimen of pre-historic mammoth tusk 11 feet long, weighing 163 pounds, and having an estimated age of 56,000 years. The Rosin Room, 220,000 cases of pepper was stored, and an interesting feature of it was its weight factor in a bath of mercury. The Wool Room which contained a number of bales of Canadian wool stores in a single year nearly 2,000,000 bales.

Another interesting warehouse was the Iodine Room, holding 25,000 small bottles of iodine, which in any case was worth $500. The hide covering is necessary because of the rotting effect of iodine which it has upon the wooden legs in a comparatively short space of time.

But the thrill of the day came when we visited the Port's wine vaults. Before descending to the cellars we were handed a glass bearing the crest of

Democrats Nominate Alfred E. Smith For Presidential Candidate

Houston, Texas.—Alfred E. Smith, four times governor of New York and long the favorite son of his native state's Democracy, was nominated for the Presidency by the Democratic national convention.

A single ballot was sufficient to break through the last resistance of the group of candidates opposing him. Although at the conclusion of the roll-call of the states he was a handful of votes short of the two-thirds needed to nominate, he was so near the mark that state after state broke away from the favorite sons they had been supporting and sought in a noisy band-wagon rush to be the first to lay their support at his feet.

The official announcement, after all changes of votes in favor of the leader had been recorded, gave the New Yorker 849 2-3 of the 1,100 votes in the convention. He needed but 733 1-3 to nominate.

Announcement of the nomination was followed by a loud and colorful demonstration on the convention floor, with the Smith people parading about the hall shouting the skies above their banners and their voices.

The prohibition storm cloud lifted from the convention tonight leaving a clearer air of harmony in platform principles.

Communist Plot Alarm Tokio

Cabinet Proposes To Punish Conspirators With Death Penalty

Tokio.—Alarmed by the recent discovery of Communist plots the Cabinet proposes to amend the measures for preserving law by imposing the death penalty on leaders of conspiracies against the Constitution. The maximum penalty for this offense is ten years' imprisonment. As the Government desires to have the revised law promulgated immediately by Imperial ordinance, instead of waiting until the next session of the Diet, it was submitted to the Privy Council, which has appointed a committee to examine it.

Ratifies Opium Convention

Canada's Formal Approval Handed To League Of Nations

Geneva.—Dr. W. A. Riddell, Canadian representative at Geneva, has handed to the secretariat of the League of Nations, Canada's formal ratification of the convention of the second opium conference under the League of Nations. A sufficient number of ratifications have not been secured to enable the convention professed to come into force immediately.

The convention aims at controlling the international traffic in narcotic drugs.

Will Tour West

Sir Henry Thornton Begins Tour Of C.N.R. Lines

Montreal.—Sir Henry W. Thornton, chairman and president of the Canadian National Railways, has left Montreal on his annual inspection four of the western lines and properties of the National system.

His inspection will take him through Eastern Quebec and Ontario, the prairie provinces and to the Pacific Coast, and he will be away from Montreal during the month of July.

Search For Lost Continent

Expedition Has Left New York For the Azores

New York.—An expedition in search of traces of the supposedly "lost continent" of Atlantis has sailed for the Azores.

The expedition's ship, named the Atlantis, was designed by Columbus O'Donnell Iselin, 2nd, of New York, captain of the expedition, and is equipped with machinery invented by Iselin, which is expected to dredge the ocean bottom at a depth of three miles.

Ambitious Project Planned

Regina, Sask.—According to a news despatch carried by a local newspaper, a move is being made at Lethbridge, Alta., to pipe gas from the natural field in Alberta to Moose Jaw, Regina, Brandon and Winnipeg. No names are divulged, but it is alleged that a bond issue will be floated in New York to obtain the necessary financial backing.

Sail For Home

Southampton, Eng.—Miss Amelia Earhart, Wilmer Stultz and Louis Gordon left from their central welcome given them in Great Britain after their flight across the Atlantic from Newfoundland, have sailed for the United States.

Receives Promotion

Winnipeg. Robert Nelson Munroe, assistant division commissioner of Immigration for Western Canada, has been promoted to a post in the Dominion office at Ottawa, according to word received.

Wireworms Damage Saskatchewan Crops

Report Shows Activity Was Unusually Severe This Spring

Regina. — The greatest damage in Saskatchewan crops this year is by wireworms, according to the recently issued report of the Dominion Entomological Laboratory, Saskatoon, on insect conditions. Much of the damage attributed to cutworms is in reality due to wireworms, it is stated. "Wireworm damage appears to have been unusually severe this spring due to the prevailing dry weather, the use of summerfallow and green manure and the fact that moisture was sufficiently high to enable the wireworms to keep working on much of the seed and particularly the lower part of the stem," says the report. "A certain degree of recovery has been noted as a result of the recent rains, which, however, may tend to lengthen the period of wireworm activity." The districts which have suffered infestation now includes an area in the Lloydminster-Maidstone District and the Battleford district, which is unusually abundant in Western Saskatchewan.

Working For Disarmament

League Of Nations Has Made No Progress This Year

Geneva.—A last effort to accomplish something tangible toward disarmament before the League of Nations' annual assembly convenes in September has been begun by the League's security and arbitration committee.

No secret was made of the committee's belief that 1933, which was to be the year of the disarmament accomplishment, has developed nothing to date.

The committee hoped to draft model security treaties for submission to the assembly as a basis for eventual disarmament treaties.

It had been admitted that a group of European nations will not disarm themselves until such security treaties have been drafted guaranteeing them against possibility of attack.

As a result six model treaties of various sorts were decided. The commission at its present meeting hopes to draft model treaties in their final form and submit them to the League for approval and action.

World's Dairy Congress Opens

Forty-Five Countries Represented At Conference In London

London. — Sixteen hundred delegates, representing 45 countries, assembled in London for the World's Dairy Congress under the auspices of the International Federation, whose patron is the King.

Lord Bledisloe, president of the British Imperial Council of Commerce, presided. Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Canada's Minister of Agriculture, is representing the Dominion, while the delegates also include Lord Lascelles.

The program is twofold, comprising presentation of technical and scientific papers, etc., and the visits to the dairying centres of England and Scotland.

Registration Cancelled

Panama.—Treasury officials have announced that the registration of all ships flying the Panaman flag which were found engaged in smuggling liquor or contraband into the U.S. had been cancelled. The ships affected were the Federal Ship, of Vancouver, B.C., which was arrested more than a year ago by prohibition authorities on the West Coast of the U.S. and later released by order, and the Chasma and the Hakadata.

Celebrates Anniversary

London.—The Duke of Connaught, former Governor-General of Canada, celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of his entry into the army by entertaining the members of the army council. The Duke, who recently observed his 78th birthday, enjoys wonderful health and fulfills a constant series of public and social engagements, although he has eliminated evening engagements.

All Murders Are Solved

London.—Twenty-seven murders were committed in London last year, all of which were solved, according to a report by the Police Commissioner. Twelve persons were charged and ten murderers committed suicide, while one died in an asylum. The value of property stolen was $2,821,000. Property recovered amounted to

Has Valuable Hands

New York.—Wm. Bloom's left hand has been insured for $500,000 by his employers, and his right hand for $100,000. He is a designer of sport togs.

Suggests New Subject For School Study

Alberta Premier Thinks Co-Operative Marketing Should Be Taught

Edmonton, Alta.—Spreading of the gospel of co-operative marketing in public and high schools of this province was favored by Premier Brownlee during his address at the banquet tendered to the Alberta Institutes of Co-operation by the Alberta Wheat Pool, presided over by Henry Wise Wood, chairman of the provincial wheat pool.

Premier Brownlee declared that there should be a place for such teachings in the public and high schools of this province. Devoting of certain pages of text books to this subject would not be enough, he said, as teachers and instructors should be inspired with a belief in co-operation and co-operative efforts. He indicated that the government was working towards this objective and believed that it had the co-operation of all the people.

To Consider Kellogg Note

Japan Approves Of Latest Proposal To Outlaw War

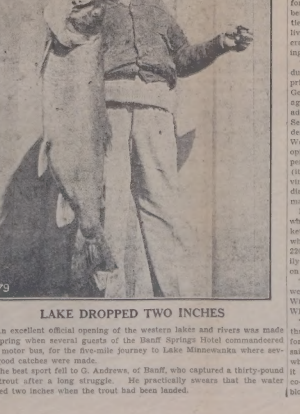
Tokio.—The foreign office spokesman says that Japan was in complete accord with the latest proposal of Frank B. Kellogg, United States Secretary of State, for treaty to outlaw war. The cabinet was expected to meet soon, to consider the Kellogg draft, after which a reply would be sent. The spokesman said the government believed the proposed treaty did more to ensure the peace of the world than any similar document in history.

RESEARCH WORK IN CANADA TO RECEIVE IMPETUS

Ottawa.—Industrial and scientific research work in Canada will receive an impetus as a result of a visit made to Washington by Hon. James Malcolm, minister of trade and commerce, and Dr. Henry Marshall Tory, president of the national research council of Canada, who have returned to Ottawa. Mr. Malcolm and Dr. Tory obtained a bird's eye view of what is being done in the bureau of standards at Washington with the object to introducing the latest methods in Canadian laboratories, to be located in Ottawa, and with the purpose of co-ordinating research efforts throughout the Dominion.

Mr. Malcolm emphasized the fact that it is not the intention of the federal government to duplicate what is being done in the universities or provincial government laboratories in Canada, but rather to secure co-operation and eliminate overlapping. The national research council will assign Nova Scotia problems to the scientists of that province and to the experts of other provinces will be given the problems peculiar to their particular district. Financial aid will be given to scientists working in the various universities.

Plans for the new Canadian laboratories to be established on a ten acre site at the Dominion Experimental Farm, at Ottawa, are now in course of preparation and the government is confident the national research council, working in conjunction with the provinces and the universities, will accomplish notable work in connection with the economic development of Canada.



LAKE DROPPED TWO INCHES

An excellent official opening of the western lakes and rivers was made this spring when several guests of the Banff Springs Hotel commandeered a big motor bus, for the five-mile journey to Lake Minnewanka where several good catches were made.

The best sport fell to G. Andrews, of Banff, who captured a thirty-pound lake trout after a long struggle. He practically swears that the water dropped two inches when the trout had been landed.

PLANS SPEAKING TOUR

Hon. R. B. Bennett, leader of the Federal Conservative Party, who is planning an extensive speaking tour of the dominion. This picture was taken just at the end of the session.

Lord Plumer Vacating Post In Palestine

Has Held Position As Commissioner For Three Years

London. — Field Marshal Lord Plumer will shortly vacate the high commissionship of Palestine, which he has held since 1925. The Daily Express, in an article from its Jerusalem correspondent, says that the retirement will be brought about by Lord Plumer's differences with the British colonial office over the division of the cost of the Trans-Jordania force as between the British Exchequer and Palestine, Palestine having already a budget deficiency of $5,000,000.

Lord Plumer commanded the second army during some of the most important operations of the British front in the war, in some of which the Canadian forces took part. He was specially mentioned for good work in connection with railway and forestry battalions. Lord Plumer, who is 71 years old, as a matter of fact, had Canadians constantly with him during the war and he also commanded men from the Dominions in the South African war.

Youths Charged With Stealing Locomotive

Took It From Siding To Have Joy Ride

Warren, Pa.—Two youths are held in Sheffield jail for stealing a narrow gauge locomotive owned by the Central Pennsylvania Lumber Company for a joy ride.

They are said to have admitted taking the locomotive from the railroad yards at Sheffield, running it seven miles and deserting it after the return trip.

Railroad officials said the locomotive was damaged by being run at high speed. It was used to haul log cars. When taken, it was standing on the siding with fires banked ready for use next day.

"Big Tim" Murphy Slain

Assailants Use Machine Gun Method To Finish Gang Leader

Chicago. — "Big Tim" Murphy, Chicago labor leader, was shot and killed at his home at 2043 Morse Avenue in the exclusive Rogers Park district, by assailants who attacked him with machine guns.

An automobile parked on a side street a few hundred yards away threw its glare of lamps on the labor leader as he stepped from the basement doorway his silhouette reflected by the basement lights.

In response to a knock, "Who is there?" Big Tim was answered by the rat-a-tat-tat of a machine gun.

He fell into the area-way, his brother-in-law grabbing his body and dragging it into the bungalow dining room.

Mrs. Murphy returned home as the brother-in-law, Harry Diggs, brought her husband's body into the room. The former Alma Semenick, widow of labor leader apparently was in the direct line of fire from the machine guns, as Diggs escaped injury. Diggs said he saw "one or two men in a big automobile."

A neighbor said he at first thought the firing was one of the acts of a mature Fourth of July celebration until he learned that Big Tim was shot.

Drowned When Car Plunges Into River

Accident Happened When Driver Took Wrong Turn In Fog

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—Three young people, all natives of Elliotvale, P.E.I., were drowned, and two others narrowly escaped a similar fate, when a touring car took a wrong turn in the fog, and plunged into the river, at Southport recently. The deceased and survivors were all brothers and sisters.

George Walsh had driven the car here from Elliotvale with his two brother and sisters out motoring, last night. They lost their sense of direction, and took the road, ending in a wrong turn, plunged over a wharf, into the river.

Refuses a Peerage

Retiring Speaker Of British House Of Commons Does Not Desire Title

London.—Right Hon. J. R. Whitley, who retired last week from the speakership of the House of Commons, has declined with the government that for personal reasons he does not desire to accept the peerage which has been offered for the purpose on speakers on their retirement.

His refusal breaks a precedent which has been maintained for more than 120 years. Out of ten speakers of the House of Commons who relinquished office since 1802, seven have been created viscounts.

INFLUENCE OF WHEAT POOL ON WORLD MARKETS

Edmonton.—Tales of the success of producer co-operative livestock associations in the United States were unfolded before the interests of co-operation here by C. G. Randell, of the United States Department of Agriculture, specialist of co-operative marketing, Washington.

"Bigger and better livestock co-operation" was the topic of Mr. Randell. He outlined the progress of the farmer co-operatives in the republic, stating that their turnover last year exceeded two and a half billion dollars.

Mr. Randell gave six reasons for success, guide posts to new standards of efficiency on the part of co-operatives. These are: Efficient management and employees; able and working board of directors; well informed sales and supporting membership; proper financing and facilities for doing business; volume of business sufficient for economical operation; working program, embracing perhaps a research department.

"The greater control of our product, the better control of our price," was the axiom laid down by George McIvor, general sales manager, Canadian Wheat Pool, in an address on "Functions of a Central Selling Agency." He expressed the desire to see every farmer in the West a pool member and was of the opinion that if the pool controlled 75 per cent. of the Canadian wheat crop (it now has 55 per cent.) it would virtually be able to control the Canadian price, having regard to world markets.

He remarked that the total of wheat traded upon the world markets was 800,000,000 bushels and when the Canadian pool handled 220,000,000 bushels, it could be readily seen what influence it already has on the world market price.

"Some problems of management" were dealt with by E. B. Ramsey, of Winnipeg, manager of the Canadian Wheat Pool.

"There is no trick of management that can make up for a badly informed and dissatisfied membership," said Mr. Ramsey. He added that when a commercial concern failed, it was soon forgotten, while every co-operative that failed struck a blow at world co-operation.

Co-Operative Union Wants Wholesale Society To Cover All Of Canada

Awarded Gold Medal

Royal Canadian Humane Society Grants Medal To Saskatchewan Man For Bravery

Hamilton, Ont.—Awards for bravery were announced by the Royal Canadian Humane Society here.

The gold medal, highest award in the society's gift, was granted to Albert J. Ewen, Riverhurst, Sask. Mr. Ewen was working as hired man on the farm of H. J. Sitzbeech in February last, when hearing screams he rushed to the house to find Mrs. Sitzbeech's clothing a mass of flames from the stove on fire from a gasoline explosion. He wrapped her in a blanket, suffering terrible burns himself, and carried her to safety and then returned to rescue three children. He then took the family car and drove over the prairie with the injured woman to get help. The car broke down and he carried her until he fell exhausted. The woman died later and Ewen was taken to the hospital in Moose Jaw, from where he was discharged three weeks ago.

Honorable mention was given to Verner Johnson, Dore Lake, Sask., Harry Tupper, Vancouver, B.C.; Harry Stevenson, Kamloops, B.C., and Agnes McLean, Fernie, B.C.

Wrong Man Executed

Tragic Miscarriage Of Justice Reported From Germany

Berlin.—"We therefore have no doubt that this unfortunate man was executed to death and so executed for a murder of which he was completely innocent."

That is the sensational statement with which the Mecklenburg-Strelitz Ministry of Justice confesses to a shocked public opinion in Germany, it is described by Berlin newspapers as the most terrible in the U.F.C., extended trials at appeared that the invitation to the pools to affiliate was for the express purpose of finishing the Union.

The only co-operative organization now holding membership in the Union is the United Grain Growers, it was stated by Secretary George Keen as a result of a question asked by J. H. Wesson, a director of Saskatchewan Wheat Pool, Mr. Wesson in reply to a question asked, said he did not think that the fact that the U.G.G. had membership in the Union could be used as an obstacle to the Pools becoming affiliated. He did not, however, give any indication that the pools would do so.

A resolution asking enactment of legislation providing administrative machinery to insure furnishing annually, funds of all political activities of co-operative societies in their respective provinces was approved by the congress.

Imitation Strike At Antwerp Made Real

Dock Workers Turned Joke Into Real Thing

Antwerp, Belgium.—An imitation strike turned out to be a real one, with 11,000 dock workers calling off work in the harbor of Antwerp and refusing to listen to the plea of the employers to return to their jobs. The affair started out as a joke.

Two Communists bicycled around the harbor, telling the surprised dockers that the union had ordered a strike to get a raise of 10 francs (40 cents) a day. The union officials immediately decided to make the strike a real thing.

Jews Promise Three Millions

London.—The Jews of the United States were pledged to raise annually a minimum of $3,000,000 to make up for the next five years the annual budget for the rebuilding of Palestine as a Jewish national home in accordance with the terms of the mandate of the League of Nations entrusted to Great Britain.

$650,000.

May Try Westward Crossing

London.—Another Westward crossing of the Atlantic by aeroplane may be attempted early in July. The trans-Atlantic aeroplane of Maurice Drouhin and Joseph Lebrix should be ready before July 4. This flight will be a commercial venture. Lobrix said in a message at Lyons.

Awarded Gold Medal

Royal Canadian Humane Society Grants Medal To Saskatchewan Man For Bravery

Hamilton, Ont.—Awards for bravery were announced by the Royal Canadian Humane Society here.

The gold medal, highest award in the society's gift, was granted to Albert J. Ewen, Riverhurst, Sask. Mr. Ewen was working as hired man on the farm of H. J. Sitzbeech in February last, when hearing screams he rushed to the house to find Mrs. Sitzbeech's clothing a mass of flames from the stove on fire from a gasoline explosion. He wrapped her in a blanket, suffering terrible burns himself, and carried her to safety and then returned to rescue three children. He then took the family car and drove over the prairie with the injured woman to get help. The car broke down and he carried her until he fell exhausted. The woman died later and Ewen was taken to the hospital in Moose Jaw, from where he was discharged three weeks ago.

Honorable mention was given to Verner Johnson, Dore Lake, Sask., Harry Tupper, Vancouver, B.C.; Harry Stevenson, Kamloops, B.C., and Agnes McLean, Fernie, B.C.

Wrong Man Executed

Tragic Miscarriage Of Justice Reported From Germany

Berlin.—"We therefore have no doubt that this unfortunate man was executed to death and so executed for a murder of which he was completely innocent."

That is the sensational statement with which the Mecklenburg-Strelitz Ministry of Justice confesses to a shocked public opinion in Germany, it is described by Berlin newspapers as the most terrible in the U.F.C., extended trials at appeared that the invitation to the pools to affiliate was for the express purpose of finishing the Union.

The only co-operative organization now holding membership in the Union is the United Grain Growers, it was stated by Secretary George Keen as a result of a question asked by J. H. Wesson, a director of Saskatchewan Wheat Pool, Mr. Wesson in reply to a question asked, said he did not think that the fact that the U.G.G. had membership in the Union could be used as an obstacle to the Pools becoming affiliated. He did not, however, give any indication that the pools would do so.

A resolution asking enactment of legislation providing administrative machinery to insure furnishing annually, funds of all political activities of co-operative societies in their respective provinces was approved by the congress.

May Merge Wireless and Cable Interests

Report Of Pacific Cable Conference Is Awaited

London.—The Evening Standard said that it understood an announcement was expected immediately to the effect that the government would approve a merger of wireless and cable interests. Consequently, Marconi stock rose a dollar a share on the London stock exchange, many of Eastern Telegraphs were also active.

Pending report of the Pacific Cable Conference which has been sitting in London for some time, rumors have been spread of a huge merger of existing cable and wireless company to take over from the various governments of the Empire the present system of Imperial communications. Marconi is interested as a part operator of the Pacific cable system, the revenue from which has in recent years been unsatisfactory.

Customary Pension For Retiring Speaker Is Opposed By Labor

London.—The customary pension of $20,000 annually for retired speakers of the House of Commons was attacked in the House by the Labor Party, when Premier Stanley Baldwin moved a resolution granting the annuity to Rt. Hon. J. H. Whitley.

The official Labor Party amendment moved by Rt. Hon. J. R. Clynes would have made the pension $5,000, but it was defeated by a vote of 224 against 153.

The resolution favoring the customary pension was then passed.

Mr. Clynes emphasized that the Labor amendment was not any attempt to minimize the value of Hon. Whitley's services as a speaker. He thought there existed a real case for revision of the emoluments attached to the speakership, in view of the fact that expenses in connection with the office. He proposed, however, that the pension of $20,000 was unjustifiable.

Rt. Hon. Ian MacPherson on behalf of the Liberals supported the amount of the pension which he considered might be regarded as "deferred salary."

After a few speeches by Labor members the premier intervened and appealed for an early decision without further discussion. He fully accepted the fact that reduction was moved on principle, but pointed out that the speaker, like the premier, was absolutely debarred from entering any business or seeking his own fortune.

The value of the pension today was much smaller than formerly he added.

Jack Jones, Labor member from Silvertown, promptly offered to retire on pension of even $5,000 immediately.

The Farm As An Industrial Adjunct

Edison Thinks Farm Should Produce Something Besides Food

The common conception of the farm is that it is designed solely to produce those things by the consumption of which we are enabled to live. Having fulfilled that purpose, there is no other field or purpose for the farm.

But Thomas A. Edison advances a new thought in this connection. He says the farm should be made an industrial adjunct as well as a food producing medium. "We over-produce food," says Mr. Edison, "and prices are too low to give the farmers a profit. So the extension of non-food uses for farm products is a sound, practicable and important idea."

Just now Mr. Edison is experimenting with some hundreds of wild plants that will grow in various parts of this country, to test their rubber producing qualities. Up-to-date he has collected some 400 of these. The seeds of 1,400 will be shown in his experimental plot of nine acres. So far he has not found that any of our wild plants contain rubber. At least twelve of them, says Mr. Edison, will grow on the southern cotton lands without injury to the cotton. "Golden rod, plain golden rod that grows wild in nearly every state, is one of the best sources of rubber that I have found among native wild plants," he announced.

One does not have to go further to discover the basis of Mr. Edison's thought that some of the energies of the farmer will be turned in the future to the production of things that are needed in the industrial field. Some advance in that direction has been made in utilizing what used to be waste material of the farm. Straw makes paper and cellulose is obtained from corn stalks, and, of course, we do not let cotton or flax. However, if Mr. Edison is going to encourage the farmer to grow golden rod for its rubber, we hope that he will be able to divest it of its propensity to spread hay fever sniffles.—The Buffalo Courier-Express.

A Great National Asset

Holiday Travel Has Increased Canada's Revenue By Millions

Holiday travel is taking a place with the Dominion's greatest national assets. According to investment returns, revenue from vacationists in the Dominion grew from $83,734,-000 in 1925 to $95,045,000 in 1926. It is estimated that in 1925 the favorable balance of tourist traffic, after deducting the expenditures of Canadians in other countries, amounted to $100,429,000, representing an invisible export exceeded only by Canadian wheat and newsprint. In 1927 all the provinces recorded increases in travel over the previous year, and the total revenue accruing to the Dominion from this source is declared by the minister of the interior to have been approximately $200,000,000. It is believed that the total will be doubled within the next ten years.—Regina Leader.

Toys For Bazaar Of Nations

Carved from wood by the toymakers of Prague, Czecho-Slovakia, an assortment of quaint toys and trinkets have arrived at the Red Cross headquarters at Regina. They are to be shown at the Bazaar of Nations which is being held by the Saskatchewan Red Cross Society next autumn. The assortment includes a tiny menagerie of wooden ducks, turtles, rabbits and fish, and even minute wooden ladybugs. As quaint as the articles themselves is the lullaby in Czech which shows that a "zhuneczka" is a ladybug and a "dreveny kun" a wooden horse.

Rubber Trees Vary In Yield

Experiments with rubber trees in Haiti show a wide variance in the yields of trees. The experiments, which were conducted under Government direction, revealed a difference in that ranged from less than a thousand cubic centimeters of milk for a single tree in a given period to more than 10,000 for another tree in the same period.

Husband: I can't get the car to go — we're stuck. The thing won't budge!

Wife: Wait, I'll run over to May's I heard her say ones that they kept a budget.

The man who tells you the faults of others will tell others of your faults.

Teacher: Don't you feel sorry when you condemn people to many years in prison?

Judge: What about you when you marry them?"—Tyrihans, Oslo.

CHINESE ARE NATURALISTS

Have Greater Knowledge Of Insects Than Any Other Country

Chinese fads have many odd ways of enjoying themselves and utilize many odd creatures and things to contribute to their ideas of pleasure.

For instance it seems strange to the occidental mind that crickets should be cultivated and cared for because of their fighting powers and musical ability.

Of the many insects that are capable of producing musical sounds, writer Dr. E. Laufer, Curator of Anthropology at Chicago's field museum of natural history, first and foremost are the crickets who during the latter part of the summer and in the autumn fill the air with a continuous concert. They are well known on account of their abundance, their wide distribution, their characteristic chirping and the habit of many of them have of seeking shelter in human habitations.

The relation of the Chinese to crickets and other insects presents one of their most striking characteristics and one of the most curious chapters of culture-historical development. The entire stages of life man took a keen interest in the animal world. First of all, he closely observed the habits of domestic animals, and next to these, birds and fishes. A curious exception to this allembracing social rule is presented by the ancient Chinese.

They were more interested in the class of insects than in all other groups of animals combined, while mammals, least of all, attracted their attention. Their love of insects led them to domesticate several species which still elicit our admiration. The curious life-history of the cicada was known to them in early times, and they studied the stridulating of hoppers. It is intended that such grades apply first to the export trade.

Canada exports honey to the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Holland, Norway, Sweden, and the United States. Since the praying mantis as a symbol of bravery, and many other insects play a prominent role in early religious and poetical conceptions as well as in art, as shown by their effigies in jade.

As regard to mammals, birds, and fishes, Chinese terminology does not rise above the ordinary, but their nomenclature of insects is richer and more colorful than that of most languages. Not only do they have a distinct name for every investment of every species found in their country, but also numerous poetic and local nances for the many varieties of each species. Such names are also lacking in English and other tongues.

Fish Of Northern Lakes

Study To Be Made This Year Of Finny Tribes In Waters Of Province Altered

The Fort McMurray Board of Trade recently initiated a movement to have the entire lake fishing geographic survey made of Great Slave Lake and Lake Athabasca and their connecting and tributary waters. It is pointed out that the fish have not been surveys of nearly every kind in the north country a good deal of ignorance on its habits and food known that in Legend Lake there are land-locked salmon, and in Lake Athabasca in 1921 fine monsters of three of whitefish, but a survey is requested to reveal accurately the territory's food fish and fish food.

Succeeded Too Well

"Step this way, lay-dost and gentlemen," the ragged guide called to the old dime museum. "and gaze upon one of the greatest wonders known to modern science. The missing link—a human being perfectly formed in every respect, but who has turned to stone!"

"How did he get that way?" came a voice from the awe-stricken throng.

"I guess," shouted the lecturer, then lowering his voice, confidentially, "Love did it. He fell in love with a very beautiful statue and tried to make himself solid, and over did it!"

Preserved Her Memory

"How do you manage to remember so many things, Sarah?" inquired the maidens of her housemaid. Then they were simply eager with the infallible rule for memory training.

"I'll tell ye, ma'am," said she. "All my life I've never told a lie. And when ye don't have to lie ye don't have to put yer memory to be remembers' what ye told this one or that one, or how ye contradicted yerself, ye don't even work it, and it lasts ye, good as new, for ever.

Cattle Raising In Northern Alberta

Alberta's far north is making progress in cattle raising. Two hundred head recently brought into Edmonton from the Peace Coupe country by fatched top prices. All travelled at least one hundred miles before being loaded on the cars at Vermilion, and one lot raised 40 miles beyond Dawson Creek travelled 130 miles by trail.

"My name's Cadgett—and yours?" "Jones."

"H'mm, I knew a fellow in my old home town by that name."

David Lloyd George first came into prominence when he campaigned against the Boer War in 1899.

Illustration Stations

Total Of 195 Stations Are Now In Operation

The Illustration Stations Division of the Experimental Farm reports an increase for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1928, of 46 stations, bringing the total up to 195. From these stations last year there was sold to farmers in the vicinity of each 30,942 bushels of seed grain, 11,893 bushels of seed potatoes, 20,-080 lbs. of grass and clover seed, 266 purebred bulls and heifers, 106 hogs, 185 sheep, 602 cockerels, 682 pullets, and 1,528 settings of eggs.

These illustration stations are chosen by Experimental Farm officials in districts where it is felt it will be of advantage to introduce in a practical way the work being done by the Experimental Farms. The owner of the farm continues to operate but does so under the supervision of an expert appointed by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. By this system each station becomes a centre for the growing and distribution of high grade seed, purebred live stock, and also as a demonstration station for the best type of cultural practice.

One of the outstanding accomplishments of the Illustration Stations is the production of pure seed in British Columbia. The first clover seed ever produced in British Columbia was harvested last year at the stations at George and Salmon Valley stations.

Standardizing Honey

Preparing Grades For the Better Merchandizing Of Product

The Dominion Department of Agriculture in co-operation with the handlers of honey are engaged in the preparing of grades for the standardizing of honey. It is intended that such grades apply first to the export trade.

Canada exports honey to the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Holland, Norway, Sweden, and the United States. Since the praying mantis as a symbol of bravery, and many other insects play a prominent role in early religious and poetical conceptions as well as in art, as shown by their effigies in jade.

As regard to mammals, birds, and fishes, Chinese terminology does not rise above the ordinary, but their nomenclature of insects is richer and more colorful than that of most languages. Not only do they have a distinct name for every investment of every species found in their country, but also numerous poetic and local nances for the many varieties of each species. Such names are also lacking in English and other tongues.

A School For Parrots

Texas Man Teaches Birds To Speak English

A parrot school consisting of 1,500 pupils and holding terms in Esperanto is run by Mr. W. A. King, of Brownsville, Texas. The birds come from Mexico and Central America and are taught to speak English. During school hours they sit on perches rising in tiers. Each class is provided with a gramophone with records containing different kinds of sentences.

The term lasts about three months. Examinations are held once a week and each bird is carefully graded. If a bird lags behind in its lessons it is placed in a separate class and given special training, and if at the end of six weeks a parrot has not learnt to come up to the required number of expressions or sentences, it is "expelled."

Briar Becoming Scarce

Source Of Supply For Popular Pipes Is Giving Out

The briar root from which pipes get their name is really the root of a tree heather formerly found only in France, where, however, the supply is giving out. At St. Claud nearly 10,000 people are employed in the manufacture.

The British have been making meerschaum pipes for 116 years, and Austria has been busy making briar pipes, employing 150 people.

Pipe bowl-making is a highly skilled occupation, and not more than 1,000 persons are employed in it in Great Britain.

Fame Is Waning

Few First Fliers Left For Trans-Atlantic Flight

Whoever was sitting further back in Miss Amelia Earhart's aeroplane "Friendship" when it crossed the Welsh coast, was the 100th person to fly across the Atlantic Ocean.

With the first flight by a woman, only a few secondary feats remain to be made besides successive ones for distance, duration and speed.

One is that of being the first woman to fly Westward.

Since Sir Arthur Whitten-Brown and Sir John Alcock made the first non-stop flight in 1919, fifteen persons have made similar air crossings in planes.

Seventy-eight persons have flown across in airships and of these 29—the crew of the British R-34—have made the round trip. The R-34 made the round trip in five days.

Of the non-stop aviators, Lindbergh, Byrd, Chamberlin, Brook and Schlee and Mine Earhart followed the trail blazed by Brown and Alcock, The Bremen flew Westward.

Six United States navy fliers crossed via the Azores, taxiing on the water part of the way. Four United States fliers crossed via Iceland.

Four crews of amateurs have made the South Atlantic crossing since Captains Sacadura and Coutinho of Portugal showed the way in 1922—a flight listed in few reference books. They used four aeroplanes altogether to fly from Lisbon to Rio de Janeiro, but they flew all the way.

Briar Becoming Scarce

Source Of Supply For Popular Pipes Is Giving Out

The briar root from which pipes get their name is really the root of a tree heather formerly found only in France, where, however, the supply is giving out. At St. Claud nearly 10,000 people are employed in the manufacture.

The British have been making meerschaum pipes for 116 years, and Austria has been busy making briar pipes, employing 150 people.

Pipe bowl-making is a highly skilled occupation, and not more than 1,000 persons are employed in it in Great Britain.

Cruser's Island Fruitful

A recent survey of Juan Fernandez Island, on which Alexander Selkirk, the reputed original of Robinson Crusoe, lived for four years, showed the island to be one of the most fruitful spots in South America. Besides the goats which were found to grow on the island, One Frenchman was ship-wrecked on the island for two years, but he knew it so much that he refuses to leave.

Encourage Flower Growing

Flower exhibits of all kinds merit encouragement. They have an important part to play in the community, because they stimulate the development of lovely lawns and gardens and when you have thousands of citizens working along these lines, the general improvement of the appearance of your community must be marked.

Pale brown is the normal color of mourning in Persia.

INSECTS OF THE FLOWER GARDEN

Knowledge Is Necessary To Successfully Combat These Pests

While the loss in field crops annually from the depredations of insects is estimated to run into hundreds of millions of dollars, damage to garden crops is relatively no less serious. While the damage done in the fields and orchards may not be as apparent to the observer it is perhaps even more annoying when it is happening to roses, irises, dahlias, and many others of the beautiful crops of the flower garden that are continually under observation.

In combatting the bugs and worms that work in garden crops, it is necessary to have some knowledge of their life history and habits. An observation of how the insects feed will help materially in deciding the proper remedy to apply. To assist gardeners to understand these matters the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, has issued Bulletin No. 99, entitled "Insects of Garden and Their Control," by Mr. Arthur Gibson, Dominion Entomologist. The author points out that injurious insects may be divided roughly into two classes by the nature of their mouth parts which indicate whether they destroy by eating the leaf substance, or by sucking the juices from within the leaves or the tissues of the plant. Both are injurious beneficial and injurious, each of scores of the destructive ones is pictured and described and definite instruction given for its control. This bulletin, which is obtainable from the Publications Branch, of the Department of Agriculture, is very helpful to rosarians who, at this season of the year, will find it recommended to treat the rose bud worm that does great damage not only to roses, but to delphiniums, the snapdragon, and the columbine, by arsenical sprays and powders. It is also applied to plant lice that yield readily to sprays of dilute nicotine.

Many Unknown Heroes

Scientists Are Seldom Given Credit For Being Courageous

The men who have given themselves in the cause of science would make a noble roll of honor, though few of them the world at large has ever heard but vaguely. Their exploits are not spectacular, or, as a rule, of thrilling interest to onlookings. The imagination of all of us responds to the picture of the airman courageously poised in his frail machine high above the earth and the explorer isolated among the Polar snows, fighting for his life in a blizzard. But scientist in his laboratory overall just off one of our familiar streets is not at first sight so romantic a figure. He has his little corner, place home that morning and gone by the bus or the train, which will bring him back home that evening—home again at night. We find it hard to realize that in the interval he may have been facing wild adventure with the courage of a Lindbergh or a Scott.—London Evening Standard.

Making Sacrifice Complete

Unexpected company had turned up just in time for dinner and Little Lucy was told privately to explain to her mother would have to have oyster soup without oysters.

The child was very flattered at her share in the intended sacrifice of hospitality and was apparently disappointed when she found one small oyster in her plate.

Holding it up in her spoon she turned to her mother and in a stage whisper inquired:

"Mother, shouldn't Mrs. Mop have this oyster, too?"

Fishing Business Increases

Fish caught and landed on both coasts of Canada in the first three months of 1928 had a value of $2,-012,464, as compared with $1,963,920 in the first quarter of 1927. Substantial increases were recorded in the period by British Columbia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

NEW MANAGER FOR MINAKI LODGE

A. H. Mould (inset) has been appointed manager of Minaki Lodge, the summer resort of the Canadian National Railways in the Lake of the Woods district. The appointment of Mr. Mould is in keeping with the growing importance of this summer resort, which, with its new building and bungalows, is regarded as the finest east of the Rockies. A portion of the new main main building, the first tee of the golf course and a part of the tennis courts are shown in the photograph. Minaki opened for the season on June 23.

ARRIVE BEFORE THEY START

Queer Feature Of Date Change Faces Future Fliers Of Pacific

The feat of the crew of the Southern Cross, flying to Australia, of jumping twenty-four hours ahead of the moment they crossed the 180th meridian just before landing at Suva, will undoubtedly be repeated in an even more startling way. When a plane makes the trip the other way, it may actually be possible for them to arrive the day before they started!

These curious effects are the result of the international date line, as astronomers and navigators have agreed to call the 180th meridian of longitude. When a person travels from New York to San Francisco, it is necessary for him to set his watch back an hour every time he enters a new time belt. When it is 8 o'clock in New York, it is four in Chicago, three in Denver, and two in San Francisco. If you were to keep on going around the world, setting his watch back an hour every 15 degrees of longitude that you travelled, when he returned to New York, his watch would read the same as other clocks there, out it would be the same time the preceding day, for the watch would have been set back a full twenty-four hours!

The reason for this ridiculous, so that some place, on the trip westward around the globe it is necessary to add a day of some other sort of disease. Thousands are now hopelessly insane because their parents, fearing the disgrace of insanity, delayed taking them to mental experts when treatment might have been successful.

The time have not a single symptom that the average person has not experienced, in a milder form. Depression, interpreted in the prejudices which many tenaciously retain in the face of the most convincing proof that they are wrong. Elation, doing exactly the opposite of what they are told is stubbornness intensified to the highest possible degree.

Relic Of Roman Era

Stone Sack Is Interesting Curio At Oxford Museum

Among the interesting curios to be found in the museum at Oxford, England, is a huge stone sack. It is carved as though fresh from a man's back; it bears the mark of a rope which once encircled its two places, and has the usual puckers at the mouth, where the string once secured the opening. All over the stone can be seen the scars of tiles of stone sacking which once covered it. Its history is curious. Some years ago it was found in the Roman fort below London Bridge, where it must have lain for centuries. Some workmen in the days of the Romans was carrying the sack of cement from a heat to the shore, when the burden slipped from his shoulders into the water. The sack, under the action of the water, it became solid, and as years passed away, the sack at last rotted off, leaving only the hardened cement within.

Growth Of Forest Industries

Canada has made rapid progress in the development of her forest industries and has lately taken first place in the matter of world's newsprint production. The wise conservation of the forest resources of the Dominion, particularly the reduction of losses from preventable forest fires, and the encouragement of systematic reforestation and tree-planting campaigns, have been increasingly urged upon the attention of the general public.

Putting It Strong

A colored preacher was trying to explain the fury of hell to his congregation.

"You all is seen molten iron runnin' out from the furnace, ain't you?" he asked.

The congregation said it had.

"Well," the preacher continued, "dey was a big stuff by ice cream in de place what I'm talkin' about."

Plasma Gold Production

The total value of the gold which has been produced from placer mining operations in Yukon Territory, might conservatively be placed at $165,500,000, according to the Department of the Interior's latest annual report.

General Manager of Radio Corporation of America declares that radio has saved the world $50,000,000 in communication charges. But at what cost?

Siam is the country whose flag bears the likeness of an elephant.

"I am very nervous. I want a companion who will not answer me back."

"I have just what you want—a former telephone operator."—Sup Bias Parts.

Upkeep Of Mental Hospitals Is Costly

Reaches Nine Million Dollars Yearly In Canada, Says Dr. Hicks

"In Canada there are more people in mental hospitals than there are in all the general hospitals put together," declared Dr. C. M. Hicks, medical director of the Canadian National committee for mental hygiene, during an address at Edmonton recently.

Continuing to quote from figures which he has compiled during ten years of experience with mental hygiene work, Dr. Hicks stated that at present there are 24,000 people in mental hospitals in Canada, and an equal number suffering from severe mental disorders are scattered among the various communities. Between fifty and seventy-five million dollars is invested in mental hospitals in Canada, making the annual upkeep of these institutions about nine million dollars a year, or a dollar a head for each Canadian. In addition to the 50,000 insane, there are approximately 60,000 mentally defectives in Canada, and many thousands more are suffering from nervous diseases.

The speaker strongly condemned the general attitude of normal people toward the insane, pointing out that insanity or mental disease was no different from any other sort of disease. Thousands are now hopelessly insane because their parents, fearing the disgrace of insanity, delayed taking them to mental experts when treatment might have been successful.

The time have not a single symptom that the average person has not experienced, in a milder form. Depression, interpreted in the prejudices which many tenaciously retain in the face of the most convincing proof that they are wrong. Elation, doing exactly the opposite of what they are told is stubbornness intensified to the highest possible degree.

Reject Division Plan

Saskatchewan Boy Scouts Do Not Favor Division Into Two Parts

For Administrative Purposes

Directors of the provincial council of Boy Scouts in Saskatchewan have unanimously rejected at the annual meeting of the Saskatchewan Boy Scouts held recently in Regina. The suggestion was that two commissioners be appointed, one to be located in Saskatoon with two headquarters office men, and that the province be split half of the province directed from there. There were twenty-nine delegates in attendance representing all the province. Hon. S. J. Latta, minister of municipal affairs, was selected as president.

Saskatoon was chosen as the venue for both the annual summer and the annual meetings next year.

Work In Best Clothes

Street Sweepers In Havana Have To Be Dressed Up

Havana is probably the only city whose street cleaners appear for work wearing starched linen, neckties, immaculate gloves and with shoes shining as though for work in crews of six and a correspondent of the New York times reports that this is nevertheless carried by the smooth precision with which these gentlemen pass through a street, magically making it even more tidy than it was before. Not a scrap of paper is even to be seen on the thoroughfares and each afternoon the trees in the parks are sprayed.

Canada's First Aircraft Show

The first aircraft show ever staged in Canada and one of the few ever held on the continent will be staged at the Canadian National Exhibition this fall, it was announced by exhibition officials. Details have not yet been worked out but it has been decided that the show will differ from the aircraft exhibition recently held in Detroit in that it will be more in the nature of a pageant, as all types of aircraft are being used and can be used in Canada.

Bird Held Up Construction

A bird caused stoppage of work on the new suburban bridge in Donegan Ireland. A plasterer was about to close a little hole in one of the new walls when he discovered a robin and two eggs there. He brought the contractor to the scene, and the latter ordered that the hole should not be closed nor glass put in the windows until the little birds were able to fly.

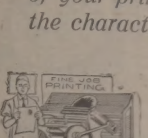
A visitor who came into a business man's office gasped: "My goodness, this place is a regular oven!"

"So it ought to be," returned the other, "it's where I make my daily bread."

Six hundred chauffeurs in Panama are organizing to form a tourist agency

The .. Appearance

of your printed stationery reflects the character of your business



If it's Printing we can do it

FIRST impressions are usually lasting, and you should no more think of representing your business with ill-arranged, poorly printed stationery than with an uncouth, inexperienced salesman. The psychological effect would be the same.

THE SNAP and vitality of our "distinctive" PRINTING registers instant approval. **Ask a user.**

SHIFT your printing troubles over to our shoulders—they are a burden to you—a pleasure to us.

The Times Job Dept.

Phone 17

RUSSIAN COSSACK CHORUS
On third night of Chautauqua first Canadian Tour.

General Motors News

"What is an inver strut piston?" That is the question that has echoed in hundreds of automobile showrooms throughout Canada since the introduction of this new feature by Chevrolet last January. H. H. Moyse, chief engineer of General Motors of Canada, attempted last today to answer the question for the thousands of people who have seen the car and asked about this outstanding improvement.

Inver, according to Mr. Moyse, is a contraction of the word invariable. It is the name coined to describe the metal used in making the piston struts which is cast as an integral part of the piston just above the ring belt and has its cells firmly embedded in the metal forming the piston face.

"Inver," Mr. Moyse explained, "is less responsive to the heat and cold than any other metal known. It is a special nickel steel alloy of extreme toughness and rigidity, and is practically the same metal as that used by governments to construct their standard gauges, and by the manufacture of precision instruments.

"A light alloy piston expands when heated, which means that unless the expansion is properly controlled, excessive clearance must be allowed between the piston and cylinder walls to prevent sticking and scoring, resulting in piston "slaps" and oil "pumping." This control is effected in the Chevrolet piston by use of the strut which permits a clearance of only .0020 inches between the piston and the cylinder wall as compared to .004 to .006 on engines with a piston that has no controlled expansion.

"A practical demonstration of the controlling properties of inver strut pistons is possible. All the cooling water was drained from the radiator of a test car, a blowlight was thrown over the head, and the engine was run at high speed for an extended period without a single piston scoring or seizing the wall of the cylinder block.

"Inver strut pistons have been used for a long time on some of the noisiest cars. They have been thoroughly tested and proven entirely satisfactory.

"Inclusion of them on the 1929 Chevrolet involved considerable outlay. They cost three times as much as the ordinary piston. Chevrolet will spend $3,500,000 additional this year on this feature alone in order to maintain the standard of quality in the low priced field.

Mr. Cornish and Dorothy are among the well known Canadians who will shortly be heard Wherever in Canada broadcasting services Wherever in between the two that he serves

Without forty-eight hours occurred all he said— Canada from coast to coast the world with its bound; Canadian Broadcasting Corporation In Service with sales, They are fine, he stood. —Toronto World Magazine.

Supervision in Rural Schools

Supervising in rural schools today is almost non existent, consisting only of a more or less hurried visit once a year of the inspector and results in little more than informing the teacher, school board and the Department of Education, in a general way of the strong and weak points of the teacher and the amount of an inspector's report. Two visits a year at least was a recommendation adopted at the last convention of the Alberta Trustees' Association. Two inspectorial visits each year may be desirable, but this will not add enough to gain to meet the supervisory problems of this province; more supervision rather than more inspection can be effective in raising the general tone and standard of teaching. Supervision demands a visit to many school rooms at least five or six times a year, and in some cases even more than that.

A specific example will serve to illustrate the point. One of the county seats of the State of New Jersey with approximately 105 schools, and a county superintendent and three supervisors, each having 35 schools to visit, which schools are closer together and more accessible than most schools in our rural municipalities. Here we have experience in the educational field, visiting schools for the sole purpose of improving the quality of the teaching work. Is there not a free hand to visit wherever help is needed and in the short space of a few months, often visit the same school four or five times, constantly encouraging the teacher. The supervisors are not required to report except occasionally to the county superintendent.

All supervisory work need not necessarily be done in the school itself; a considerable amount can be done by correspondence, by using the mails—anything to make the teacher feel that she is not an isolated unit in the system and that others are ultimately and professionally interested in her work; anything to make her acquainted with the work done by other rural teachers; anything to give her a chance under her isolated condition to make comparisons and provide an opportunity to learn from the advice and help of a supervising officer.

Travel broadens some. Others return as skimpy as ever.

Canadians Like Eggs

Canadians refuse to go without their breakfast egg. They are so regular in their egg diet that the dominion's consumption of eggs is almost one per person per day and exceeds that of any other country.

Statistics compiled by the Canadian Dominion show that each Canadian eats 337 eggs a year, while Belgians eat 213, Americans 180, the French 133, the people on the British Isles 125, Germans 117, Swedes 85, Danes 75 and Norwegians 61.

The Imperial Economic Committee attributes the high consumption of eggs in the dominion to the attention and encouragement which has been given by the department of agriculture at Ottawa to the poultry industry. A large percentage of Canadians are poultry raisers and find eggs not only a convenient but a cheap item of food.

Canada exports fewer eggs than formerly because she is eating more. Her production is not decreasing. The situation in the United Kingdom corresponds to that existing in the dominion. Consumption there is increasing in size and importance. England is importing fewer eggs and her importations are being drawn more from Australia and South Africa than before the war. Chinese eggs have supplanted Russian eggs in London markets.

The agricultural provinces of the dominion should promote poultry raising as the source of a nutritious and appetizing food and as a source of new wealth.

—o—

You can do what you like if you like what you do.

Smokers—be careful in the woods

Weed Control in Alberta

[By Clyde C. Gillies, B.S. No. 2, Strathcona, Member of Alberta Advisory Weed Board]

Anyone who has made only a passing study of the subject realizes that the control of noxious weeds is one of the most serious problems facing the province of Alberta today. To say there is no menace from weeds, to say that everything is being done that can be done, would be misleading and far from the truth. We have heard many words, and possibly always will have them, but the damage they do is to a great extent overlooked and to a small or nil effort on the part of Federal and Provincial Governments, Municipalities and individuals there is no doubt but that the situation will be met and the loss reduced to a minimum.

The estimated loss due to noxious weeds in Alberta in 1927 was put at $18,000,000 by the Field Crops Commissioner. Were the total losses for the whole Dominion put in figures, the amount would probably exceed $100,000,000. The annual loss from forest fires ever which we show so much concern, pales into insignificance when compared with these appalling losses due to weeds. The loss due to forest fires in 1927 was estimated to be less than $1,500,000.

It is not the purpose of this article to describe methods of destruction or of identification of our weed enemies. This information is contained in a bulletin issued by the Alberta Department of Agriculture, "Alberta Weed Problem," a copy of which will be sent free to any address in Alberta on applying by letter, or by calling at the Field Crops Branch, Department of Agriculture, Edmonton. The purpose of this article is to call to the organizations of the forces directing weed control work in the province.

The work of directing weed control and the administering of the "Noxious Weed Act," comes under the Department of Agriculture, and is carried on under the direction of the Minister of Agriculture, by the Field Crops Branch. This Branch is in charge of a Commissioner, Field Inspectors. These men have definitely stated districts, and their duties are, in part, to supervise weed control work in these districts, to advise farmers and others as to the best means of eradicating and identification of weeds, and to supervise the work of municipal or L.I.D. Weed Inspectors. They are in the field from June 1 to October 31 or later, if required. These supervisors are appointed on a purely political fund men. Their position is a responsible one, and besides a good knowledge of farming and weed eradication methods, they must be capable of lecturing and be of sound judgment as they are frequently called upon to be adjudicate when disputes arise between land owners and weed inspectors. The Municipal and L.I.D. Weed Inspectors are what might be termed the junior members of the weed control staff. These are responsible to the local municipal Council and Field Supervisor in Municipalities and in L.I.D.'s are responsible to the Field Supervisor. Their duties are similar to those of the Supervisors, but on account of the relatively small area over which they operate, they do not have the detailed supervision work. Stated briefly, there is at the disposal of farmers and others a staff of competent men, trained and experienced who are willing and able to advise on matters pertaining to weed control. The extent of the work carried out and the measure depends to a great extent on how much the public avails itself of the services offered and the amount of money the public puts into the hands of this staff. It is the wish of the Provincial Government to make this branch of the service as effective as it is hoped that everyone will make the best use of the organization.

Coupled to a certain extent from the claim of responsibility is the Advisory Weed Committee, legislation passed at the last session provided for this committee. This will be composed of seven members who represent the Alberta Seed Growers' Association, the U.F.A., the Weed Control Organization of Municipalities, the Dominion Experimental Farms, the Unorganized Farmers' Association, the Provincial Government. As the committee's name implies, its work is purely of an advisory nature and it is not necessary to say more about it here.

Last, but not least, we come to the fighting members of the weed control effort—the men in the field. Let me define the men on the land to be, the owner or occupant of my land and in this is the very first difficulty varying in size from a fraction of a village, city or town lot to the largest parcel held by any company, government or individual. Here there is no difficulty in defining the duties of the officials of the weed control service but the duty of the individual—if there is such—is somewhat complicated field. As the writer sees it, the man on the land has a duty to himself, a duty to his neighbors, and a duty to posterity. In fairness to himself, an occupant of land should so manage his land that it brings him a maximum of profit. In fairness to his neighbors, he should see that his operations causes no damage or loss to his neighbors. In fairness to posterity, he should see to it that his land is maintained in such a way that it will be a help and not a hindrance to those who will follow him. It is obvious that a man on the land who allows his land to become polluted with noxious weeds is injuring himself, his neighbor, and posterity.

Many people consider that it is the duty of the Provincial Government to detect and destroy all the weeds in the province. Another will say that as an owner of the land he is privileged to do what he pleases with the land and the Government should adopt a "hands off" policy entirely. To arrive at a reasonable commission as to what the Provincial Government's duties are, we must turn to the "Noxious Weed Act" as this is the tangible expression of the opinion of the duly elected representatives of the people. Since an act exists, it is the first duty of the Government to administer the terms of this act. A close study of the Act shows it to be a piece of legislation drafted for the protection of property. The main provisions made by objectors to this Act is that it interferes with a man's personal liberty in that it provides penalties for the man who fails to control he also to do what he likes with his own land. This fact is not directed against the good farmer who is doing his best to control the weeds menace, but is designed for his protection. The writer knows of no other duties provided for by statute or otherwise for the Provincial Government to appoint Weed Supervisors who act in the dual capacity of Weed Act administrators and advisers on weed problems, the Government has done so in order that persons affected by the Act may not only be acquainted with the terms of the Act but will be provided with information that will enable them to avoid penalties by the adoption of weed control methods into their system of farming.

The attitude of many of us towards supervisors and inspectors leaves much to be desired. It is human nature to resent criticism and the pointing out of our faults. Let us rise above this feeling and try to see in the weed inspector a friend who may point out our faults but who is willing to advise on the best way to correct them. Let us not wait for the inspector to find our noxious weeds but be our own inspector; for it is a better position to control the weeds than the man who is in the course of his field operations, crosses and re-crosses every foot of his land several times each year?

It would be well to impress on the newcomer to this country the necessity of becoming familiar with the weed problem in this province. Many of our weeds are of European origin, and will be readily recognized by a great many experienced European farmers, but it must be borne in mind that in this province, agriculture methods and climatic conditions are so different to those existing in other lands that weeds which may be easily controlled in the British Isles, for example, are particularly difficult to control here.

In conclusion, the writer wishes to point out one way in which we may profit by the experiences of the older provinces. Some weeks ago, in order to obtain information on the weed question the name of five or six farmers in a well known district of another province was obtained, more or less at random. Certain Questions were asked and for the most part varying answers were received but each farmer volunteered the information that their trouble was due entirely to the fact that in the early years of its arrival in the province perennial sow thistle was not recognized as a serious menace. Another farmer stated that the effects of sow thistle were worse than the combined bad effects of frost, hail, rust, drouth, freight rate, elevator charges, and other things which are rightly or wrongly charged against us have a serious situation to face. Recognition of the situation is half the battle. Let us put forth our best efforts. Let us couple up the farmer's well known ability for hard work with the knowledge and skill approved by skilled farmers and trained technicians and endeavor to avoid the unhappy experiences of the older provinces."

—o—

Put out your matches and save the forests.

Leaving for the Fashions Centres on Buying Trip

Mr. I. Cherkow, of Drumheller's most popular ladies' and children's wear store ("Tony's Ladies' Wear Ltd."), left Sunday for the fashion centres on a month's buying trip.

During the time Mr. Cherkow plans to make visits to Toronto, Montreal, Boston and New York, with a sole object in view in bringing back to Drumheller the latest fashion creations in ladies' and children's wearing apparel.

From a small beginning, to the store he now occupies in Drumheller has been enlarged practically to double its former size, modern in every respect and comparces with any of the biggest cities specialty shops. All these improvements are a reflection on the good taste and ability of Mr. Cherkow, and the support of the buying public of Drumheller and the vicinity, who know that quality and moderate prices go hand in hand at "Tony's", while nothing but the newest and most fashionable merchandise is handled by him.

Mr. Cherkow stated that he was more than pleased at the opening response to his annual mid-summer clearance sale, and he hopes to be able to pick up several good buys to incorporate in this event before his return —Advt.

Delia Women's Institute

The June meeting of the Delia Women's Institute was held on Wednesday, June 27.

Reports of various activities during the month of June and the proceeds, included a lecture by Nellie McClung, netting $16 50; the picture show, "Padlocked", netted $18.25; and the garden party at the home of Mrs. Harcus in aid of the Cemetery Fund, which realized $67.

Mrs. Farquharson gave a full and very comprehensive report of the Fourteenth Annual Convention of the Alberta Women's Institutes, held in Calgary, May 29 to 31.

Following this, Mrs. W. W. Wilson, of Calgary, gave a very entertaining demonstration of candy making, using the Alberta Beet sugar.

Mrs. N. Burke, Mrs. Hamilton and Mrs. F. A. Stewart were the hostesses for the afternoon

—o—

Two wrongs don't make a right. They often get to one left.

If a man wants his dreams to come true he has to wake up.

FIRST AID IN CASES OF POISONING

As with many other emergencies in life, the treatment of a case of poisoning is largely a matter of common sense, of keeping one's head, and of seeing that others do not.

To send for a doctor is of course, one of the first and most important steps to be taken in a case of poisoning. But a Doctor may not be found at once, and meanwhile life may go. It need not do so in many cases if the person in charge of the case what to do. It is not expected that all should know the antidote to every poison, but all should know the general principles involved.

If it is a case of attempted suicide, no bottle, half empty or full should be thrown away. The same applies to vomited matter and anything else the doctor may want to see when he arrives. Do not leave the patient alone.

There are two general rules to follow: Get rid of the poison, administer the antidote. If the poison has been taken by mouth as it usually is, empty the stomach. Induce vomiting by tickling the throat or by giving an emetic of one tablespoonful of mustard to one half pint warm water, or two tablespoonfuls of salt to the same quantity. When the stomach is empty give the antidote. Although most antidotes are peculiar to certain poisons, there are some so called general antidotes. One of these that can be had at a moment's notice is albumin in the form of the white of an egg. Give two or three whites in a glass of warm milk. Another general antidote is soap which may be dissolved in four times its bulk of hot water, the patient being made to swallow the tuick suds in large quantities.

Always remember that the patient may be on the verge of collapse and that the treatment must not be so heroic as to exhaust him unnecessarily. He should be warmly covered, allowed to drink plenty of barley water, and if throat and mouth are inflamed relief can be obtained by sucking gurg.

Free booklets on first aid may be obtained from the Red Cross Society, 408, Circe block, Edmonton, Alta.

—o—

Canada's Bass Fetch $83 Each

According to a statement issued by the Forestry Association, the amount of money spent by American fisherman visiting Canada last year works out to be $83 for every black bass caught by them. The highest known price for a Canadian game fish was $1,670; representing the amount spent by an American and his family in several weeks' sojourn during which "Dad" fished just one day and caught that three pound trout.

The Canadian Forestry Association points out that while the "Tenderfoot" fisherman, whether Canadian or foreign, is often a fire menace to the forest which guards his fish and game supply, the amount of educational work on both sides of the border is rapidly limiting careless conduct in the woods. The training of boy scouts, girl guides and other juvenile organizations is having a splendid effect on forest fire prevention. For many years the Association has been looking for a case of forest fires attributable to boy scout campers and thus far none has been reported.

Atom is the smallest thing in the world. Up an atom the biggest.

Use Model Airplanes on Trip to Europe

(1) This indoor commercial model with its enclosed fuselage looks and flies like a real ship.
(2) Aram Algerian at work carving propellers—his specialty.
(3) Canadian Pacific Railway Locomotive.
(4) Winding an indoor tractor motor.

One of three hundred boys in Canada and the United States are hoping that the design, strength and air capabilities of their model planes models will carry them to Europe.

Two of them must succeed. These two will be the winners of the indoor and out-door divisions in the National Airplane Model Tournament to be held in Detroit at the end of the month under the auspices of the Airplane Model League of America of which Commander Richard E. Byrd is Honorary President. The Tournament, conducted by the "American Boy" Magazine, will be entered by district champions supported by leading newspapers of the continent which are conducting local contests.

A trip to Europe is the biggest prize for which the boys are striving. All the boys who go to Detroit for the tournament will be prepared to leave on July 7, and the successful contestants will sail from Montreal on the Canadian Pacific S.S. Montcalm July 6. En route to the ship they will be entertained at Niagara Falls, Toronto and Ottawa by officials of the Federal, Ontario and Civic Governments. In Ottawa they will fly their models for His Excellency the Governor General and the Prime Minister, both of whom have shown great interest in airplane models. In Montreal the young champions will be the guests of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Your Grocer Recommends It

Blue Ribbon Tea

250 Cups to the Pound

Another Step Toward Permanent Peace

Throughout the years of the Great War, the people of the allied nations were repeatedly told that it was a war to make the world safe for democracy, "a war to end war." And when at last the great struggle ended and the League of Nations came into being it was thought that, with the bitter experience of the war fresh in all minds, there would be little hesitation on the part of any country to join the League, and that, with 100 per cent. world membership in the League, world disarmament would follow in due course.

The refusal of the United States to have anything to do with the League of Nations,—the very country in which the idea originated,—came as a rude shock to all lovers and advocates of peace. It discouraged Europe, revivified all the old fears, and actually led to renewed activity in the piling up of armaments. Nevertheless, the League struggled on, gaining new adherents, and, with each succeeding success in settling international disputes and preventing open ruptures, the League grew in strength and prestige. Nonetheless, so long as the United States remained aloof it was felt that the structure for world peace was imperfect and insecure.

Because of this fact, the recent action of Mr. Kellogg, United States Secretary of State, in inviting the nations of the world to enter into a multilateral treaty to outlaw war, was enthusiastically welcomed by all lovers of peace, and nowhere quite so heartily as in Canada and other parts of the British Empire.

Already fifteen nations, including, with the exception of Russia, all the Great Powers, have signified their willingness to sign such a treaty. The draft of this momentous international document is brief and to the point, and, as it may well prove to be the Magna Charta of world peace, it is worthy of the widest possible reproduction in order that all people, everywhere, may read it. The preamble, in part, is as follows:

"Deeply sensible of their solemn duty to promote the welfare of mankind;

"Persuaded that the time has come when a frank renunciation of war as an instrument of national policy should be made to the end that the peaceful and friendly relations now existing between their peoples may be perpetuated;

"Convinced that all changes in their relations with one another should be sought only by pacific means and be the result of a peaceful and orderly process, and that any signatory power which shall hereafter seek to promote its national interests by resort to war should be denied the benefits furnished by this treaty;

"Hopeful that, encouraged by their example, all the other nations of the world will join in this humane endeavor, and by adhering to the present treaty as soon as it comes into force, bring peoples within the scope of its beneficent provisions, thus uniting the civilized nations of the world in a common renunciation of war as an instrument of their national policy."

Then follows the names of the fifteen nations who have signified their willingness to sign such a treaty, namely: Belgium, Britain, India, Czecho-Slovakia, France, Germany, Great Britain, India, Irish Free State, Italy, Japan, New Zealand, Poland, South Africa, United States of America.

To what do they agree? Having approved the declarations in the preamble quoted above, they bind themselves as follows:

"Article I. The high contracting parties solemnly declare in the names of their respective peoples that they condemn recourse to war for the solution of international controversies, and renounce it as an instrument of national policy in their relations with one another.

"Article II. The high contracting parties agree that the settlement or solution of all disputes or conflicts of whatever nature or of whatever origin they may be, which may arise among them, shall never be sought except by pacific means.

"Article III. The present treaty shall be ratified by the high contracting parties named in the preamble in accordance with their respective constitutional requirements and shall take effect as between them as soon as all their several instruments of ratification shall have been deposited at (——).

"This treaty shall, when it has come into effect as prescribed in the preceding paragraph, remain open as long as may be necessary for adherence by all the other powers of the world. Every instrument evidencing the adherence of a power shall be deposited at (——), and the treaty shall immediately upon such deposit become effective as between the power thus adhering and the other powers parties hereto.

That is the whole document, beautiful in its simplicity, momentous in its sweeping renunciation of war under any and all circumstances. It does not replace the League of Nations, but adds power and strength to it. No loophole of escape for any nation signing the treaty is provided, and any resort to war it would become, as never before, an outlaw among the nations.

One-Eyed Automobiles

The Danger To Night Travel From the Car With Only One Lamp Burning

There are always a certain number of people who operate their automobiles at night with one lamp unlighted, thus considerably lessening, to any one, because of failure to realize that one lamp has gone out. But some people keep on running a car thus incomplete from mere thoughtlessness. The practice is dangerous because people in meeting them may think that their left light is their right one, and that there is more room to pass than actually exists. We used to trouble when we once read in our childhood tales about these awful one-eyed giants that were supposed to roam the land but they were less dangerous than the one-eyed automobiles are now.—Newcastle Courier.

A Great Germ Carrier

Common Housefly Covered With Deadly Disease Germs Says Scientist

The common housefly is literally covered with bacteria and deadly disease germs. Scientists have estimated that many flies carry as many as 6,000,000 germs. This estimate is determined as follows: A fly is placed in a bottle full of water. The bottle of water is then shaken so that the germs will all be washed off the fly, and they will be evenly distributed throughout the water. A tiny drop, perhaps a millionth part of the water, is then placed on a glass slide and examined under a powerful microscope. The scientist counts the number of bacteria visible, say 1,000,000, and then counts the drops in the bottle, and his answer is that the fly carried 6,000,000 bacteria.

Stories Are An Asset

An Aberdeen editor says that tourists come specially to that city to see the place and the people that are the basis of so many anecdotes. The stories are all of a piece, dealing with the alleged closeness of the inhabitants. They do not object; the stories are an asset. It was left to a Dundee firm to make a volume of the anecdotes under the title of "Cannie Tales from Aberdeen." At its 1st. over 100,000 have already been sold.

Actors in the Passion Play of Oberammergau are without exception all carvers of wood and ivory.

Vacationists!

You'll find many uses for Minard's in your vacation days. Pack a bottle in your grip.

MINARD'S LINIMENT
"KING OF PAIN"

W. N. U. 1740

The Canadian Appetite

Dominion Bureau Of Statistics Give Some Interesting Figures

Toting up the estables consumed by Canadians and their guests, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics finds that the annual per capita consumption of eggs is 352, or just short of one a day. The favorite meat is pork; the annual consumption of this is 775,000,000 pounds; other flesh foods used to keep the Canadians going are 654,543,023 pounds of beef, 58,191,717 pounds of mutton and lamb, 63,335,981 pounds of fowl and chickens, 14,126,555 pounds of turkey, 4,886,890 pounds of duck, and 9,863,980 pounds of geese.

Figured on a per capita basis, the records show that for every member of every household in Canada there is sold every year half a heavy hog, a small bullock's quarter of beef, two chickens and a loin of lamb, which cost at average prices $43.09 a person a year. This is where $410,173,710 goes in twelve months. The daily consumption of meat and poultry is seven and a fifth ounces for every man, woman and child; infants let their elders have their allotments. Canadian babies are willing to be classified in the society of the Average Man, and the Economic Man, but will not eat with those interesting abstractions.

Medical Science In Middle Ages Crude

Royalty Could Not Get Relief Given To Poorest Now

The very highest in the land in the Middle Ages had to suffer and die, from complaints, which today, can command the services of the greatest specialists for the very poorest of people, no matter what their station. As was pointed out recently by the British Minister of Health, Lord Ernle, the late King George's leg, which had crippled him for years, and for which the medical and surgical science of his day could do nothing, Edward VI. appears to have had consumption. He had the attentions of a famous physician, but that could do no good they called in a professor from Oxford, and even he had to confess himself beaten. Then they called in a female "quack," who gave the poor boy such drastic remedies that ,ah his hair fell off and the nails of his fingers and toes rotted up and fell away. As for Charles II., he was simply tortured on his deathbed by the attentions of more than fourteen doctors, who dosed him from morning till night with prescriptions.

Another Great Possibility

Passengers May Soon Be Transferred From Moving Train To Dirigible

Transfer of passengers to and from trains by means of dirigibles was described at Belleville, Ills., as a "practicable possibility of the near future," by Col. John A. Paegelow, colonial commandant of Scott army field.

Paegelow based his opinion on the success of the "ship-to-trailer" transfer of mail, in which a 210-foot nonrigid blimp synchronized its flying speed of 30 miles per hour with that of a moving Illinois Central train.

The dirigible came to rest on top of a coach for a period of few seconds, during which the mail was transfer of a pouch of mail without difficulty.

The army blimp which made the test carried a crew of six men.

Substitutes Cards For Pistol

Affair Of Honor In Czecho-Slovakia Settled In New Way

Pistols have given way to cards in the settlement of "affairs of honor" in Czecho-Slovakia, judging by the method adopted by a business man at Brunen, near Prague, to avenge an insult.

An engineer in the town is said to have given offence to the business man, who challenged him to a duel. "Why not settle the affair at cards?" another man suggested. The men agreed, and sat down at the cardtable to play for a stake of £1,000. The business man won.

Continuing War On Weeds

Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railway companies will cooperate with the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture again this summer in continuing experiments in the destruction of noxious weeds. Canadian thistle and sow thistle will be the two outstanding weeds to be attacked. A power sprayer has been purchased from an Ontario firm and representative tracksge along both C.N.R. and C.P.R. will be treated.

Expensive, Therefore Popular

In the days when "shooing all around" cost only 6d cents cash at the crossroads blacksmith shop, horseshoe pitching was not among the fashionable sports, but now when horseshoes are purchased in the stores for several dollars a pair, the country pastime is becoming popular.

Eskimo Census Taken

A census of the Eskimo people has just been completed. From the most reliable sources it is estimated that there are 7,103 Eskimos in Canada.

The average duration of the human life is only 33 years.

A Wonderful Performance

Recent Flight Over Pacific Was Great Achievement For Fliers

The great flight over the Pacific Ocean by the Australian, Captain Kingsford-Smith, leader, and his companions, puts British prestige at the peak in this form of endeavor. The "Southern Cross" winged its way to fame under control of four men, each performing an essential task in the long trip scientifically safe and sane. This feature also marks the Pacific flight out of the category of regular daredevil stunts and enhances notably the merit of the performance. Regular radio reports received from the Southern Cross during its flight robbed the journey of some sensational features beloved of the crowd, but detracted not a bit from the glory won by the fliers. Their accomplishment is the more valuable because they made use of every possible device to combat the fury of the elements with man's most powerful weapons.

HOW DELICATE GIRLS ARE MADE STRONG

Rich, Red Blood Needed To Keep Up Their Vitality

It should be borne in mind that pale, sickly girls need plenty of nourishment, plenty of sleep and moderate out-door exercise. But a lack of appetite and tired, aching limbs tend to hinder progress. To such girls Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a boon. They add to the blood's store, and so give vitality and strength as well as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills not only enrich and increase the blood supply, they help the appetite and aid digestion, relieve that tired feeling, and by thus bringing new health and strength make the weakest girl bright and active, women into cheerful, happy people.

Mrs. Jas. Bell, of Sherbrooke, Que., says: "From the age of 12 to 15, I was a sickly, delicate girl. I was very thin and nervous had no appetite, and sometimes had pains in the dolngs of those of my age. My mother got medicine after medicine for me, but they did me little good. Then Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me. They cured me, at first they seemed to be just what I needed to give me new strength. After taking the pills for a time I felt an altogether different person. I got up in the morning feeling bright and active, and ready for work or play. Since then I have always kept a couple of boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house, for I know and have thus kept in the best of health."

Every weak girl should promptly follow the example of Miss Stoddart, feeling sure that they will benefit as her health. You can get the pills through any medicine dealer, or direct at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Show Canadian Films

Views Of Canada To Be Shown In Britain and Central Europe

"Seeing Canada" films, made by Canadian Government, will be shown in from 300 to 500 British theatres this year as well as in Germany and Central Europe, says Captain Frank Elliott, of the Canadian Pacific Railway Publication Government Motion Picture Bureau, upon his return from Great Britain. Plans for showing films in the near future Canada would become an important field for the British Empire pictures.

Birch Most Important Hardwood

Birch is Canada's most important hardwood. There are two Canadian species, the yellow birch (Betula lutea), and the paper birch (Betula papyrifera). The latter is also known. The former is used for flooring, furniture, cabinet-work, and veneer stock, while the tough, resinous wood of the red or Labrador birch was aborigines for centuries with the material for covering their famous birch-bark canoes.

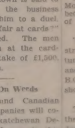
Many mothers have reason to bless Mother Seigel's Syrup, particularly because it has relieved the little ones of suffering and made them healthy

The bagpipe is a very ancient instrument and appears on the sculptures and coins of Hehrenic Greeks and Romans. A terra cotta of 200 B.C. found at Tarsus, in Asia Minor, shows a figure playing a bagpipe.

Trucks outnumber pleasure cars in the importation of automobiles in Japan.

BABY GIRL HAD DIARRHŒA WHEN CUTTING TEETH

Mrs. A. J. Murray, Gull Lake, Sask., writes: "Last summer, my baby girl was cutting her teeth, because I was weak with the effects of diarrhœa. I didn't know just what to do for her as she couldn't retain anything. At the advice of neighbors and to me, 'Haven't you any



why, I wouldn't be without it where there are children.'

"My husband went to town and got a bottle, and the very first dose helped her wonderfully, and in three days she was well over the diarrhœa and was running around as well as ever."

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

"Swat the fly" with GILLETT'S LYE

A teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye sprinkled in the Garbage Can prevents flies breeding

Use Gillett's Lye for all Cleaning and Disinfecting

Costs little but always effective

The Sioux Lookout Map Sheet

Where the Miner's Pick Now Displaces the Tomahawk

The Sioux Indians were among the handsomest as well as the most warlike of the aboriginal inhabitants of North America.

Their memory is perpetuated in the Sioux Lookout map sheet of the National Topographic series, now issued from the press of the Topographical Survey of Canada. The new map embraces an area lying 150 miles north from Lake Superior and spanning the Lac Seul map sheet on the west.

The town of Sioux LookOut gets its name from the prospectors' cry on looking it. From the top of the hill, in days gone by, the Ojibways whose land it was, kept watch up and down the waterway, and from this place, in war, destroyed all the canoes. The women and children with one decrepit old man were marooned upon the island near the site of the present town, and there they starved to death. The island is still called Squaw Island.

This country with its broken lakes and streams, teeming with fish and surrounded with low and waterfalls, is a tourists' paradise. Here are old fur trading posts like Osnaburgh House, founded over a century ago. At historic Lac Seul the chief factor of the Hudson's Bay Company has a four-hole golf course. (Ingrtoo to Lac Seul is by the Canadian National Railways and thereafter by innumerable connecting waterways with its outlets, high and low.) This territory is part of the newly discovered mineral horseshoe embraced on the east known as the great Canadian shield.

The Sioux Lookout map sheet of the National Topographic Series, on the scale of three miles to the inch, may be obtained in sheet form from the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, for the nominal fee of 25 cents. If desired in folder form or linen backed the fee is 50 cents.

For Both House and Stable. — There is a good deal of similarity physically speaking, between human beings and horses. Both are subject to many ailments arising from inflammation and to all manner of colds and chills. Of the latter Eclectric Oil is an entirely reliable remedy for man and beast, and perhaps in both human beings and the lower orders of animals.

Weaving Is Ancient Art

Was Invented In At Least Four Different Places

The Chinese claim that silk weaving was practised in China in 2500 B.C., and the art of weaving was certainly known to the Egyptians at a still earlier period. Some scholars believe that it was first invented in Egypt, but in all probability it was invented in at least four different places,—by a primitive white man, a primitive yellow man, a primitive red man, and a primitive black man. The earliest attempts at weaving were simply the plaiting of grass blades, reeds or rushes, done by hand without the aid of a loom. With the invention of the loom—even in its simplest kind, such as is still used among American Indian tribes of the southwest—great strides were made in the art of weaving. Even the grandmothers used the hand and treadle loom. The same was in general use in the days of Queen Bess. Englishman of whom it was said that he had never seen a loom in his life, invented the power loom in 1787. Since his day the loom has been altered and improved until it has now come to a high state of perfection.

Should Be Well Known

A small but alert lad applied for work in a factory.

"What is your name, my lad?" "Scott, sir."

"And your Christian name?"

"Walter, sir."

"A very well-known name; if I can say so," said the manager.

"Yes, sir. I've been delivering groceries round 'ere for two years now."

Yesterday is a waste-basket into which lost opportunities are dumped.

Sunburn? Use Minard's Liniment.

France Has Too Much Coal

Production Rises Until There Is No Need To Import

France, desperately short of coal for ten years, and always an importer, now has too much of it. For the first time French production equals consumption and imported coal is threatening to break the market.

When the Germans flooded French coal mines in the north during the World War, France lost half of her fuel and it has been a long struggle to get back to normal. Not only was the pre-war figure of 40,000,000 tons annually reached, but last year it went up to 60,000,000 and the Saar Valley has added another 13,000,000 tons.

All European coal mines have been working hard since the war because British strikes, the occupation of the Ruhr and the trouble in Upper Silesia created big shortages. Now that all are at work, Europe, according to French figures given to the League of Nations recently, has a surplus of 60,000,000 or 70,000,000 tons a year.

As all countries for generations have considered France as an importer of coal, they all still try to capture the market there, knowing the fact that France now mines all she burns. Therefore the French coal operators are puzzling how to reduce costs; curtail production and restrict imports or coll won't become too cheap.

Railways Arrange New Circle Tour

Convenient Visit To Glacier, Waterton and Jasper Parks Is Made Possible

An arrangement has been completed by the Great Northern and Canadian National Railways to make available to tourists a circle tour of three of the greatest playgrounds in the world. Under it tourists will be able to visit Glacier National Park, Alberta, without loss of time and at a considerable reduction in cost.

The inter-change point between the two companies will be Calgary where passengers for Jasper will take the Canadian National Railways and those for Watertoon and Glacier will take Great Northern automobiles. The same rail and the trains will make connections and summer tourist fares will apply in both cases. In the past it has only been possible for travellers to combine these places in one visit by making a round-about and expensive trip.

In Glacier and Waterton Parks the Great Northern Railway operates a number of splendid hotels, among them the Prince of Wales Hotel, on the Glacier Park Hotel, and the Many Glaciers Hotel. In Jasper, the Canadian National Railways operate Jasper Park Lodge, a unique and distinctive summer resort.

A Fish Pool

Latest Development In the Co-Operative Movement In Manitoba

A fish pool is the latest development in the co-operative movement in Manitoba, and after being tested over for years, the Manitoba Co-operative Fisheries Limited has been incorporated. Heretofore all the energies and abilities of those engaged in the industry in Manitoba have been directed almost wholly to the production end of the business, but now attention is to be paid to marketing.

Dust Causes Asthma. Even a little spock too small to see with the naked eye is sufficient to cause the tender tubes constract and it seems as if the lungs will burst. Relief is quick and certain Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy brings the user to perfect rest. It relieves the passage to normal breathing is firmly established during the long nights of sleep. Over received annually prove its effectiveness.

Find Blue Best Color

Blue is the most effective color to attract policemen at night, according to tests made by city officials of Sheffield, England. The city has just installed in outlying districts boxes surmounted by powerful blue lamps, which when lighted by a switch in the nearest house, attract the attention of men from their beats to nearby telephones to receive instructions.

Every Home Needs Minard's Liniment.

Largest Concrete Slab

The largest concrete slab in the world has just been made in a form for the roof of a Masonic temple. The slab is 78 feet 8 inches wide; 110 feet long and 12 feet 6 inches deep. The supporting columns are 40 feet high.

HERCULES
PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

Between the Brick and the Plaster

Concealed, unthought of, the space between brick and plaster spells health and comfort—or the opposite—to the occupants of any home.

In homes where Hercules Permanent Building Paper is behind the outer walls comfort and health are assured. Hercules has been rigidly tested and has proven wind proof and damp proof. Examine Hercules carefully. Prove its qualities for yourself. Ask for samples of the three grades—x, xx, xxx.

Appleford Paper Products
HAMILTON, CANADA

ZIG-ZAG Cigarette Papers

Large Double Book. 120 Leaves. Finest You Can Buy! AVOID IMITATIONS NOW 5¢

GILLEX FOR ALL CLEANING

SOFTENS WATER

Jane Gillex

Everywoman's Maid of all work

Agrees with Baby

Eagle Brand Condensed Milk has been used for bottle-fed babies for three generations. Write THE BORDEN COMPANY LIMITED, MONTREAL, for Free Recipe Charts and Welfare Booklets

RUG YARN

$1.15 per pound Up. Twenty-one samples free—Stocking & Yarn Mills, Dept. 17, Orillia, Ont.

A Smith Gathering

All the Smiths In the World Invited To a Picnic In St. Louis

All the Smiths in the world have been asked to a picnic at St. Louis, Mo., this month, as the guests of the Smith Association of the World, just formed by St. Louis Smiths.

Frank B. Smith, of St. Louis, president, explains that it is hoped to form the greatest organization in the world, with local branches in all members, at a membership fee of 50 cents.

"We all were placed on this earth for some good," he said, "and the Smiths will account for themselves in the future as they have in the past. The Smiths are a good history and we will help to keep the name where it belongs—in the front."

Smith could give no estimate of the probable attendance of Smiths at the all-Smith picnic, but pointed out there were approximately 1,000 families in St. Louis alone that were eligible.

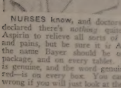
"We hope Governor Alfred E. Smith, of New York, will attend," he said.

Whether the corn be of old or new growth, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Remover.

Convicts Are Good Students

A convict who was admitted to the Prince Albert prison some months ago could not read or write. At the end of his first year his education had progressed sufficiently for him to gain Grade IV standing. There were 24 prisoners started in could not read or write English. Seven passed their Grade III exams, six their Grade II, eight their Grade I, and several others were rewarded during the year. Three men wrote Grade VIII. exams and two of them passed, one with honors.

NURSES know, and doctors have declared, there's nothing quicker, like Aspirin to relieve all sorts of aches and pains, but be sure it is Aspirin, the name Bayer should be on the package, and on every tablet. Bayer is genuine, and the word genuine on red—is on every box. You can't go wrong if you will just look at the box!



Aspirin
"The trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid."
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.
Genuine Bayer Aspirin is manufactured in Canada with Canadian Bayer Know-How under the exclusive supervision of Bayer Co. Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

PAINTED FIRES

— BY —

NELLIE L. McCLUNG

Copyright, Canada, 1925

CHAPTER XXVII.—Continued.

Dr. St. John would not have been critical of his wife if she had chosen to follow some profession. He would have liked that. He did not believe that every woman had to be run in the domestic mould, making the coffee and dusting stints—anyone could do that! But the companionship—the good fellowship of a wife—how he craved it! And now that craving was slowly turning to resentment. Other men had wives—he had a queen of chatter, a hoarder of trinkets, a bridge player, a tea drinker!

The telephone rang.

"Yes, it is Dr. St. John. Who is speaking?"

"Jack—Jack Doran."

"Eva's brother? On your way through? Come along, yes, we are at home—I'll drive down for you—only thirty minutes. Grand Trunk. I'll be there—yes. Eva will come, too."

The Doctor hurried into the living-room and spoke to Eva. "Jack is at the station—on your through," he said, "my car is at the door. Leave the crowd here."

"We will all go," cried one girl with very bare shoulders; "I want to see Eva's good-looking brother. Let's give him a regular send-off."

The crowd arose flutteringly, like chattering. There was something particularly irritating to the Doctor in their silliness, their gaiety, their lack of seriousness. "Stay here," he said curtly; "Jack Doran has no desire to be met by a crowd of admirers for whom he cares nothing. He wants to see his sister."

Eva turned on him indignantly. "What a thing to say," she said. "Remember, a station is a public place—anyone can go. Come on, kids, every one of you."

The doctor took his wife's arm with a suddenness that surprised her and said, "Hurry Eva—have you no sense?"

"You have no right to be rude to my friends," said Eva peevishly, when they were on their way to the station; "you acted abominably just now!"

"Oh forget it!" the Doctor said curtly and try to get a serious thought in your mind for once. Your only brother is going to war, and the chances are against your ever seeing him again. Have you nothing to say to him? Forget that cackling gang for half an hour. Their feelings are not hurt."

Eva looked at him in speechless amazement.

Jack had hoped that he might see his sister and the doctor alone. He wanted to tell his sister about Helmi. The boy's heart craved companionship—he must tell someone. But the whole crowd swarmed around him with their incoherent gaiety, their senseless chatter, and the few minutes went by uselessly. The Doctor was furious, and it was against Eva that his rage was directed. Here was her only brother going away, and she had not a serious thought in her head, not one loving, personal word for him.

The Doctor took Jack's hand at the last as they stood at the steps of the train. "I am going over too, Jack," he said; "it is going to be a long fight—we will all be needed soon. I cannot stand back and see other men go. I am proud of you, Jack. Can I do anything for you?"

A great impulse to tell the Doctor came to Jack but the conductor was calling and the train bell was ringing.

"I wish I could have had a good talk with you," Jack said, all the tender longing in his voice.

That night when her company had gone, Eva came into the Doctor's room. His light was still burning and she knew he was not asleep. Contagious and graceful, in a light gown of cream satin, was determined to check what she felt were signs of insubordination in her husband. Her married friends assured her that if a man is "let away" with an exhibition of temper or crossness he will be worse the next time, so Eva had her mind made up to be very haughty and distant. She would not speak to him, but only after a distinct understanding.

"Well, what have you to say?" she asked him, with the queenly manner that had never failed.

"Nothing," he answered, "only that I do not like you and act badly."

"Do you mean to say that, after insulting my guests—"

The doctor laid down his book. "If your guests had any sense, which they have not, they would have stayed here and let you and me go alone. They know you are a queen, and care nothing for him. They raced to the station because it was something to do—anything to break the deadliness of their vacant minds. I told you to hurry if you wanted to see your brother. Now you can be as haughty as you like, but I am not trying to understand you, and have come to the conclusion that there is nothing to understand. The fact you have ceased to interest me."

Eva had not expected this. "What do you mean?" she said at last.

"Just what I know you people pay for their selfishness in the end, though they may be able to run on credit for a time. The world is at war, Eva, but you do not know it. While you and your overfed friends were eating and drinking yesterday, boys were dying in mud and cold to save the world, brave boys like Jack. Nurses were binding up shrapnel wounds and dying from fever to help them; refugees were pouring into England to be cared for by the women of England, and you, of all, might last a long time in peace, but it shows up badly in time of war."

Eva was looking at him now through half-closed lids. Dull anger burned in her eyes.

"You are no longer a child, Eva, though I am sorry to say you are a woman. You are a perfect form to hang clothes on, and a very graceful figure, and you are as vain as you yourself—and if you thought you could get away with it right now you would give a violent exhibition of temper. Your mother tells you that would be quite useless. You will never be an old woman, Eva; don't be scared on that score. Old women are kindly, motherly people, ready to help, ready to warn, anxious—perhaps—to help a relative, if there is any left in 50 years!—Detroit Free Press.

Served Many Years

A farmer correspondent of the London Times gives the following records of continuous service on a farm: Shepherd, 63 years; foreman, 61 years; horsekeeper, 41 years; three other employees, 38, 33 and 30 years. These persons, the correspondent says, are all working at full-time rates on the farm; there are also three no longer working for employees, still living in the village who served 47, 45 and 42 years on the same farm.

The cheapness of Mother Graves Worm Remedy cannot put it within reach of all, and it can be got at any druggist's.

The strangest club existing in London is run to help those who cannot afford a dinner and do not intend to go there again; it is aptly named the "Run Straight Club."

It is estimated that 2,500,000 workers quit their jobs or change them each year in U.S.

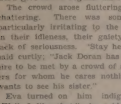
It is easier for some men to sing a hymn than to tell the truth.

Tennis.

After a brisk game of tennis there's stiffness by using Minard's.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

A Friend to Women



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. Lynn, Mass., U.S.A. and Cobourg, Ont., Canada.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA
WINNIPEG

Offers, among others, the following Courses:

Through its FACULTY OF ARTS AND SCIENCE courses leading to the degrees of B.A. and B.Sc.; B.A. and B.Sc. including B.Sc. (Chem.) and M.Sc.

Through its FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND ARCHITECTURE courses leading to the degrees of B.Sc., B.E., M.Sc., M.E. and B.Arch.

Through its FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE courses leading to the degrees of M.S.A. and C.M.

Through its FACULTY OF MEDICINE courses leading to the degrees of M.D. and C.M.

Through its FACULTY OF LAW courses leading to the degrees of B.A. and LL.B.; B.Sc. and LL.B.

MANITOBA GRADUATES are given an affiliated institution, a course leading to the degree of B.D. For terms of admission, details of courses, etc., write immediately to

W. J. BRENCE, Registrar,
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg

Can Anybody Enjoy Idleness

Succession Of Lazy Days Would Bore Most People

Mrs. Baldwin says that when her husband retires he is going to settle in Canada. Why is it always the men of busy brains who retire from the scene of their operations, and spend a life of inaction, when, in reality, they would be happier if they were more bore them to tears? The unattainable is always a dream of surpassing joy and delight; it is always that refuge in the desert which becomes us. But what a good thing that we so seldom reach it! For disillusionment of the impossible would be cruel. And I cannot believe that to retire from active participation in what has interested us all our lives is other than keenness for any one of us. Yet at times, when work has pressed harshly upon us, it is lovely to think of idleness, and nothing that seems done, and slow speed, whether we want to do it or not. And when you come to think of it how can anyone spend a week busy man or woman really enjoy idleness? To the habitually idle it is no doubt a joyous continuous holiday. And, I am quite certain that it would very soon become the most boring thing in the world to anyone who has been at least for it. To them, artistically needs real talent, I love to dream of idleness, to imagine a succession of days when I have no troubled cares, no work, not even a letter that must be answered, or a book that must be read, and that is delightful. But as a reality, wouldn't it be awful?

The Friendly Hour

Weekly Red Cross Broadcasting Service Known as

In the capital city of Alberta, the beautiful Edmonton, there is one hour known and beloved of radio listeners, which comes round with unfailing regularity all through the season of Red Cross Broadcasting on Tuesday afternoons. It is known as the Friendly Hour and is conducted by the Radio Lady.

Besides talks on health, with friendly admonitions to women how to care for their young families, there are short periods of inspiration, when the Radio Lady reads of the great and the wise and presented to the listeners for their consideration. Sometimes she reads original problems is here studied in the light of the newest discoveries in the realms of mental hygiene and moral development of boys and girls.

The Friendly Hour reaches many a lone shelling in the backwoods, many a farmer who sit in the solitudes tune in to a voice that sounds to their homesick hearts as welcome as a letter from home. Hundreds of letters pour into the Radio Lady at the Edmonton Journal Broadcasting Station from those who feel the full pulse of the brave pioneer—far from home—facing hard conditions but encouraged and cheered by the weekly Red Cross Radio Service.

Trouble Was Doubled

"Mandy, I'se a sick man," said Jake, looking very miserable. "At de horspittle dey says I'se got berkerlosis."

"All right, Jake, we'll take keer of you and git rid of dat berkerlosis."

A week later Jake stumbled in, more woebegone than ever.

"Tain't no use, honey, nary bit of use. I ain't never gwine git well. De Doctors say dis morning I got two berkerlosis."

Good Roofing Material

Actinolite, a fibrous magnesium silicate, is another mineral use in Ontario. Mixed with tar and other ingredients, it forms a roofing compound which is stated to be a non-conductor of heat and resistant to the weather.

Successful Fur Farmer

A successful fur farmer on Vancouver Island is Lady Emily Walker, who on her estate at Metchosin, a suburb 9 miles of the city of Victoria, is successfully raising blue foxes, chinchillas and Siberian rabbits and white New Zealand foxes.

Dinard, the fashionable coast resort of France, was discovered by an American named Coppinger, in 1860, while in search of good fishing.

He: "Will you marry me?"
She: "You! Why, you couldn't keep me in handkerchiefs."
"But you're not going to have a cold all your life, are you?"

Latitude of a place is its angular distance from the equator.

Airman's Greatest Foe

Weather Conditions Seem Hardest Thing To Overcome

Seemingly there is only one thing to stand in the way of the complete triumph of the science of aviation—weather. It is probable that planes can be made so that under ordinary conditions they will be as safe from breakage as the ordinary railroad train or automobile. They cannot be made fool-proof, but under conference of proper regulations the fools can be kept on the ground.

The advance in aviation within the last two years has been amazing. Accidents are diminishing and long-distance flights have proved that a staunch plane can "stand up" in severe storms. There are storms, however, which no plane can encounter and live. However, it is possible to avoid these storms when travelling over the vast ocean spaces.

Fog is one of the enemies of the aviator. Long continued fogs conditions will hold up air traffic indefinitely. Today, however, experiments are being made to fog dispelling. Sir Oliver Lodge believed at one time that he had found the answer to the problem of doing away with fog, but his experiments ended in failure. Others are at work on the problem, and science, never daunted, generally succeeds in everything that it undertakes to do unless the everything happens to be known in advance to be impossible under natural laws.

Little by little people are overcoming their fear of the air. Passengers on the planes of the already established air lines are increasing month by month. One day fear will disappear, and it will disappear slowly or quickly as the danger is diminished slowly or quickly.

RED HOT JULY DAYS HARD ON THE BABY

July—the month of oppressive heat—the month of sleepless days and nights; is extremely hard on little babies. Diarrhoea, dysentery, colic and cholera infantum carry off thousands of precious little lives every summer. The mother must be constantly on her guard to prevent serious trouble, or if they come on suddenly to fight them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during the hot summer as is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the bowels and stomach, and an occasional dose given to the well child will prevent summer complaint, or if the trouble does come on suddenly will bring quick relief. They are sold by Medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Cheap Advertisement

A mouse that catches flies was the novel window display used recently by an establishment in Sydney, New South Australia. Heedless of the large crowd watching him, the tiny rodent went about his business, sitting in a corner and spring up the window pane or take a flying leap. He would "stalk" his prey like a cat, and when window clear of all the buzzers, and the dealer says he was the best and cheapest attraction he ever had.

Sunburn? Use Minard's Liniment.

Regina College Extension

Tenders are being called for the construction of the Regina College Arts Building to be completed by next year with auditorium capacity of 800. It will be built of Tyndal stone and Manitoba brick in the Tudor collegiate style.

The right possessed by the British public to take gold to the Mint to be coined into sovereigns was withdrawn in 1925.

THE tire that gives the most mileage has extra miles *Built-In* at the factory. Firestone uses the best materials, purchased economically in the primary markets. Special processes, including Gum-Dipping, add to quality—yet cost is reasonable, due to modern factories and facilities. Your local Firestone Dealer saves you money and serves you better. Let him handle your tire requirements.

Always put a Firestone Steamwelded, high-speed tube in your Firestone tire.

FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED
Hamilton, Ontario.

Firestone

Builds the Only
GUM-DIPPED TIRES

Neighbourly Advice
SMOKE
OGDEN'S
CUT PLUG

SAVE THE VALUABLE "POKER HANDS"

Teeth and Health

Issued By The Canadian Dental Hygiene Council and Published By The Educational Dental Society

HOW TOOTHACHE STOPS

In toothache we find a fight progressing between the invading organisms and nature's little warriors, the phagocytes.

Then what decides the tide of battle?

Should the invaders not have made too great headway through the tissues in the pulp wall, the chances are that the little warriors would win the day, and the tooth get well again, especially if the tooth cavity were cleaned of all decay, by this means destroying the hosts of the invading organism. Nature needs assistance at times you see.

But should this aid be not forthcoming, the attacking organisms pour through the breach in increasing numbers, and discharge their poisons, while mature, making a desperate effort to stem the tide, rushes her little warriors into the conflict in such vast numbers as to prove her own undoing. In this wise that the tiny blood vessels within the pulp chamber become congested resulting in an increased pressure that flattens the thinly walled veins at the constricted opening which serves as both entrance and exit to the pulp chamber. Consequently, the flow of blood outward is progressively slowed up and ultimately stopped, and pulp stagnation results.

The pulp dies; and the gallant band of little warriors is annihilated; then, with the pulp death the pain ceases. But is the danger past? Not at all.

For the invading hosts, finding in the dead pulp tissue conditions of heat and moisture for their propagation and growth, multiply exceedingly, and power through the exit of the chamber into the body tissues carrying their poisons, as well as other products of decomposition of the lifeless pulp.

Thus coursing through the body fluids, they become at once a menace, not only to the health and life of the tooth, but of the individual as well.

Given High Navy Post

Canadian Has Been Appointed Commander By British Admiralty

The admiralty has announced that Lieut. Commander Ronald Neil Stuart, V.C., a Canadian, now in the Royal Navy Reserve, has been appointed commander.

Stuart was the first Canadian in the Imperial forces to get the Victoria Cross. The deed for which he won the coveted honor was not fully disclosed, but it was officially stated it was for his services in action against German submarines.

Scientist Says Oysters Talk

Oysters are not dumb, but are quite talkative, according to a European scientific writer. He reports said they know enough to provide themselves with sustenance in a most efficient manner, each drinking 15 gallons of water in 24 hours of every day, and extracting 99 per cent. of the minute food particles from the water. The opening and closing and shutting of shells under water are sufficiently audible to be broadcast.

Ranch Has 10,000 Muskrats

At Swan Lake, some forty miles from Quesnel, B.C., good progress is being made with the big muskrat ranch covering 11,000 acres, which is now all fenced in, with 10,000 of the "little beaver" now being cared for.

Largest Wheat Cargo

The steamer "Lemoyne" recently cleared from Fort William, Ontario, with the largest cargo of wheat ever loaded on one vessel. It consisted of 534,309 bushels.

If marriage is a mistake it is at least one that one doesn't make every day.

There is nothing more uncertain than a sure thing.

Minard's Liniment heals cuts, bruises, etc.

Little Helps For This Week

"But yo, brethren, be not weary in well doing."—Thessalonians iii, 13.

Life is not living
Just for food is it either
Life is not dreaming
All the short way.
It is living for others
To lighten their load;
It is helping your brothers,
And sisters in need.
—Hadley.

Life is made up, not of great sacrifices or duties, but of little things, in which smiles and kindnesses and small obligations given habitually are what preserve the heaf and secure comfort.
—Sir Humphrey Davy.

Canada's Capital Cities

"Canadian Capitals" (Natural Resources Service, Department of the Interior, Ottawa), a folder containing ten lithographed cards in folder, each representing one of Canada's capitals as it is today, and as it was in 1867. The intention of this publication is to help on the tourist business which is now of considerable importance to the Dominion. The views may do something towards dispelling the erroneous impression of Canada and its present position which exists in the country south of the border and elsewhere.

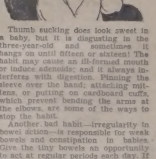
Powerful Medicine. — The healing properties of Minard's Liniment are concentrated in every bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, forming one of the most powerful medicines ever offered to the use of man. Many can testify to its power in allaying pain, and many more can certify that they owe their health to it. Its wonderful power is not expressed by the small price at which it sells.

Lady: "I asked for a dozen oranges and you've given me only eleven."
Hawker: "Quite right, lady. One was bad and I threw it away for you."

The monetary unit of Holland is the guilder, or guilden.

Cute in a Baby—Awful at Three —and it's Dangerous

by Ruth Britton



Thumb sucking does look sweet in a baby, but it is disgusting in the three-year-old and sometimes it bangs on until fifteen or sixteen! The habit may cause an ill-formed mouth or induce adenoids and it always interferes with digestion. Pinning the sleeve over the hand, attaching mittens, or putting on cardboard cuffs, which prevent bending the arms at the elbows, are some of the ways to stop the habit.

Another bad habit—irregularity in bowel action—is responsible for weak bowels and constipation in babies. Give the tiny bowels an opportunity to act at regular periods each day. If they don't act at first, a little Fletcher's Castoria will soon regulate them. Every mother should keep a bottle of it handy to use in case of colic, children's diarrhoea, or disordered stomach and bowels, constipation, loss of sleep, or when baby is cross and feverish. Its gentle influence over baby's system enables them to get full nourishment from his food, helps him gain, strengthens his bowels.

Castoria is purely vegetable and harmless—the recipe is on the wrapper. Physicians have prescribed it for over 30 years. With each package, you get a valuable book on Motherhood. Look for Chas. H. Fletcher's signature on the wrapper so you'll get the genuine.

COMBINES!

HOLT and MINNEAPOLIS Combines, equipped with Swather and Pick-up, make a safe, sure, inexpensive method of harvesting.

No spoiled or sprouted grain

Literature and full particulars on request

R. C. COAD, Agent, Delia - Phone: Res., 48

Opportune

Flour Mills

DELIA

Our Flour is always reliable. Made from selected wheat, and backed up with many years milling experience and modern machinery, give Opportune Flour its assured uniform quality.

Custom Milling and Feed Grinding

Bran and Shorts for Sale

First-class service guaranteed

McKAY & GATES

PROPRIETORS

Delia Bakery

Our Bread is baked with all the skill and care you can use in your own kitchen.

Fresh Bread Daily

Pies, Cakes and Pastries

Ice Cream

and Ice Cream Bricks, served under latest sanitary methods

ICE CREAM SODAS

SOFT DRINKS, Etc.

W. A. LOW, LL.B.,
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
MONEY TO LOAN
Phone 10 DELIA, Alberta

D. L. Sloan
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
Phone 7

W. N. GRABURN, LL.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
DELIA, - ALBERTA
Phone 12

THE HARTMAN NURSERY
DELIA, - ALBERTA

For Your Home or a Friend's

WHETHER you buy a Hotpoint Percolator for your own use or to give to a friend, you'll always be satisfied. Your selection of a Hotpoint Percolator is backed by the judgment of hundreds of thousands of other buyers who have proved that the Hotpoint is without equal in making fragrant coffee—in retaining its good looks—in giving years of care-free service. There's a Hotpoint Percolator of size and price to meet your needs. Ask your dealer.

$16.20 to $28.50

Hotpoint

PERCOLATOR

CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC Co.

James W. Clark

FIRE — INSURANCE — ACCIDENT

Marriage Licenses—Game Licenses

Commissioner for Oaths

Registrar Births, Marriages, Deaths, Public Stenographer — Multigraphing

Office Work a Specialty

Official Auditor

TOWN HALL, - DELIA, Alta.

Dr. F. J. Netherton

RESIDENT

DENTIST

DELIA, - Alberta

June—July Prices

Canadian Chicks, Pure Bred-to-Lay. Hatched from tested, Trapnested, R. O. P. and Government Inspected Flocks. 25,000 hens under our supervision, producing chicks that will live—A—Gro and make your poultry profitable.

30,000 chicks per week, hatched every Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday.

Leghorns, Anconas—25, $3.75; 50, $7.25; 100, $14.00.

Barred Rocks, Minorcas, White Rocks—25, $4.25; 50, $8.25; 100, $16.00.

Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds — 25, $4.75; 50, $9.25; 100, $18.00

Males from 313 318 Registered Hens in our Pen Matings. Chicks—30 cents each. $25.00 per 100.

Immediate Delivery Guaranteed. 100 per cent. Alive.

ALEX. TAYLOR'S HATCHERY

262 Furby St., Winnipeg, Man.

25 28s Phone 33—352

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given under Section 43 of The Domestic Animals' Act (Municipalities), that the following animal has been impounded and sold, and may be redeemed by the owner, or on his behalf, within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in *The Alberta Gazette*, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipalities and pound-keeper of the said animal:

One Grey Mare, weight 1,450 lbs.; aged; no visible brand, impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned, located on the S. ½ Sec. 2, Twp. 32, Rge. 17, on the 14th day of June, 1928, and that the said animal was sold on the 5th day of July, 1928, to Roland Kydd, of Craigmyle.

G. H. ROSS, Sec.-Treas.
M.D. of Lambton, No. 306.
P.O. Craigmyle, Alberta. 28s

Tenders

Tenders wanted for building a barn, and hauling material for same, for Majestic School District, No. 2675.

For particulars Apply to

A. K. McDONALD,
28s Phone 1016, Delia.

Tenders

Addition to front of Enterprise School House, 8x22x8—1 pair cedar shiplap, 1 ply siding, paper between; 1 9" door, 2'6"x6'8", 1 window, 4-light, 2'6"x2'4"; 2 Toilets, 6x8x8, same material as front building. Tenders to be in to Sec.-Treas. by July 27th, 1928.

28s MRS. E. PEARSON, Sec.-Treas.

Tenders

Tenders are invited by Starland School Board for carpentry work, same to be in by July 30th, 1928. Plans and specifications can be seen on application to either of the undersigned.

A. E. HILL, Chairman.
25-28s J. ROGERS, Secretary.

WANTED

To buy a farm. Can pay ½ cash. Write and give location and price to

R. T. BECK, Delia Alta.
26 29p P.O. Box 126

FOR SALE

Chevrolet car, one cook stove, cabinet phonograph, quantity of coal oil, two beds, one dining-room table and chairs, and a few other articles.

Apply, DR. KYDD
29p

FOR SALE

Fordson Tractor, with complete new motor and radiator. This Tractor is in first-class condition, complete with fenders and induction rim, and is a real buy at $400.00. Apply

28-33s WM. GIBSON Phone 28

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Jos. McKibbin, Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $1.50 per annum payable in advance.

Classified Advertising, cent an line, Minimum charge 25c per insertion. For Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion.

Municipal, Legal and Reader Advertisements 10c per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising and Local rates on application.

Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1928

EN PASSANT

As stated in our issue of June 28th, we intended moving "The Times" offices into new premises, situated on Second Avenue East, opposite Delia Flour and Feed Stores. We also intimated that there would be no issue of the paper on July 5th. This we found to be impossible, and trust our numerous readers and advertisers will bear with us in our failure to publish the regular issue of Thursday, July 5th. We are now comfortably located in our new premises, and when thoroughly settled will endeavor to give better service to our many patrons than heretofore. Although our new location is not in as central a position as formerly, we hope customers will not find this an inconvenience. Second Avenue needs gravelling, and the sidewalks and deep ditch require repair, but the council has given us to understand this will be attended to in the near future. In conclusion we desire to thank everyone for their valuable assistance during moving week, and especially Messrs. Lalonde (carpenter), and McCarty (machinist), for their efficient and satisfactory services in connection with installing all machinery, etc., in "The Times" new home.

CANADIAN CHAUTAUQUAS

The ever-increasing success of co-operative movements in the Dominion of Canada is a well known fact. The Canadian Chautauquas, as a co-operative movment, has shared in this conspicuous success. This year two new circuits will be added to those already in operation, which means that at least one third more the number of towns served last year will have the Canadian Chautauqua service.

Something like twenty-five thousand of the leading citizens west of the Great Lakes are earnestly co-operating in order that they may meet the needs of the people through the medium of this institution. Even in the larger centres of Eastern Canada Chautauquas has proved to be a means of contributing to the higher well-being of the people. Successful Chautauquas have been held in St. John, Halifax, Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto, but even these centres cannot boast of the success attained by Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, Moose Jaw, etc. In fact, so great have city Chautauqua audiences become that Canadian Chautauqua will have to provide new tents approximately more than twice as large as former tents used, in order to accommodate the increasing number that are eager to enjoy Chautauqua programs. Something like three thousand people attended the evening sessions of Chautauqua in the city of Winnipeg last year. This naturally means that smaller communities have received the benefit of better Chautauqua programs because of the co-operation of these larger centres.

Local and District

The total rainfall for June was 6.32 inches.

* * *

Mrs. F. Mason and Gladys left on Sunday for Windsor, Ontario.

* * *

Mrs. V. R. Tiffin is visiting in Calgary and Banff.

* * *

Miss A. McQuoid returned to Calgary on Monday morning.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Greer are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son.

* * *

Miss Annie Thompson is spending part of her vacation with her parents.

* * *

Wm. McPherson, and two daughters, May and Jean, left on Monday night's train for Saskatoon.

* * *

Quite a number from this district are taking in the Calgary Stampede this week.

* * *

E. A. Thompson attended the Postmasters' Convention held in Calgary last week.

* * *

G. A. Richardson, jeweler, and Mrs. Richardson, are at present holidaying at the coast.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Anderson, and daughter Beatrice, left last week by auto for Winnipeg.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Stewart and family left on Wednesday, 4th inst., for a month's holiday at Sylvan Lake.

* * *

Reginald and Loftus Tillotson have returned home after spending the last two months attending C.C.I. in Calgary.

* * *

Tom C. Smith, a former resident of the Delia district, accompanied by Mrs. Smith and her daughter, spent a short while visiting here, having motored from their present home in Atlantic City, Iowa.

Mrs. E. M. Bigelow and her two daughters, Evelyn and Mirrion, are camping at Lake Winnipeg.

* * *

Mrs. V. J. Simpson and children left on Saturday night for a two months' visit to Mrs. Simpson's old home in Quebec.

* * *

Dr. Kydd is leaving Delia at end of July for Lytton, B.C. Dr. W. A. McDonald, of Victoria, is taking up the practice in Delia.

* * *

J. Lundal, of Rowley, was a visitor in Delia on June 29th, on his way to Craigmyle baseball tournament.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Gib. Morrison and family left by auto on Tuesday for Three Hills, where they will reside for the present.

* * *

W. W. Floyd, teller at the Canadian Bank of Commerce, arrived back on monday night, after spending two weeks' holidays in Vancouver.

* * *

Mrs. Norman Burke and Miss Margaret Burke left on Tuesday last for an extended tour through Jasper Park, Prince Rupert and Vancouver Island.

* * *

F. J. Stewart, manager at the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and Mrs. Stewart and family, left Sunday morning by car for Prince Albert and other points.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Phillips and their two children left on Tuesday for Vancouver and the Pacific Coast, where they are spending the holiday season.

* * *

Albert Poland, accompanied by Mrs. Poland and baby daughter, is in Delia looking after the interests of Bert Dawson, who is taking his holiday in Calgary.

* * *

L. W. Graves, teacher at Farrel Lake school, left on Wednesday, June 27th for Edmonton, and will attend the university during part of his vacation.

* * *

Miss Eileen Reid left Monday morning, July 2nd, for Edmonton, where she will attend summer school, taking a special course in Primary Teaching.

* * *

We are pleased to learn that Mr. Leslie Dunfield has come home from the Craigmyle Hospital feeling much improved in health. Mr. and Mrs. Dunfield left on Tuesday morning for Banff.

* * *

W. M. Hartman, of Hartman & Son's Nursery, left at this office on Thursday last a sample of his cut flowers—namely, full grown pedigreed peonies. He had them in mixed colours, and was delivering a number with his compliments to friends and customers.

* * *

A typographical errors occurs in Clam 25, Sec 51, Poultry, Delia Agricultural Society Prize List, which reads as follow: "The Delia Times are giving a special prize of $3 00 and $2 00 for the best Barred Rock cockerel and 2 pullets hatched in 1927." The last words in this paragraph should read "hatched in 1928".

* * *

A most successful picnic was held by Farrel Lake School at the home of Mr. and Mrs Lewis Swerdahl on Wednesday, 27th ult. A large list of races proved most exciting everyone taking part. Just before supper the school attendance prize was presented to Alex. McClaren, with a record of 203 days out of 203. An excellent supper was served by the ladies, the Mesdames Severin and Louis Swerdahl acting as convenors. Mr. Graves, the teacher, wishes to thank everyone for their kindness and co-operation during the term.

* * *

The pupils of Hillview School and their parents met on Friday afternoon, to bid farwell to their teacher, Miss Farrow. Miss Ethel Bryan spoke a few well-chosen words of the respect and esteem they all felt for Miss Farrow, and their regret that she was leaving them, and wished her every success in her future work. Miss Beatrice and Isabelle Singlair then presented Miss Farrow with a small pearl and amber dressing table clock. Miss Farrow replied, and spoke very feelingly, and how she would always look back with pleasant memories to the two years she had spent as teacher of Hillview School. The afternoon's entertainment closed by singing "She is a jolly good fellow"

Advertise in the "Delia Times."

You Are Invited To Witness

A Special Sale And Display

OF THE FAMOUS

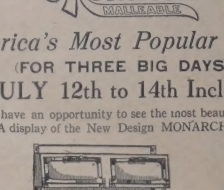
Modern Monarch Malleable *Compact*

America's Most Popular Range

(FOR THREE BIG DAYS)

JULY 12th to 14th Inclusive

You are going to have an opportunity to see the most beautiful range display ever shown anywhere—A display of the New Design MONARCH Full Enamel Finish.



The Range Built to Conform With The Most Modern Practical Ideas Of the Day

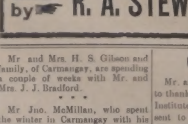
Comprising Efficiency, Economy, Durability, Beauty *And* **Compactness**

Every housewife appreciates the advantage of Compactness and the disadvantage and needlessness of great, large kitchens with ungainly equipment which means only additional work and drudgery for her.

That's why large kitchens are not being built to-day, and the size and design of kitchen ranges must necessarily be in keeping with these sensible, practical ideas. MONARCHS are COMPACT in all their dimensions without sacrificing a fraction of an inch of needed space.

WHETHER YOU NEED A RANGE NOW OR LATER, COME IN AND SEE THIS INTERESTING AND EDUCATIONAL DISPLAY

You will see at a glance why the MONARCH Malleable is the most popular range on the market today. You will be interested in the many Marks of Merit which make it the greatest quality range value ever offered. And it sells for a lower price than the others.



An expert from the MONARCH Factory—the Largest, Finest Malleable Range Factory in America—will be here to explain everything to you.

Remember too that a magnificent 26 Piece Set of Oneida Community Silverware or a 35 Piece Set of Limoges Chinaware will be given Absolutely FREE to everyone purchasing a MONARCH Range during this Special Sale.

The MONARCH Practical Payment Plan enables you to buy your range now—during this Sale—on convenient monthly or single time payments—if you haven't the ready cash.

Remember the Dates--July 12th to 14th.

Sold by R. A. STEWART, Hardware Merchant

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Gibson and family, of Carmangay, are spending a couple of weeks with Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bradford.

* * *

Mr. Jno. McMillan, who spent the winter in Carmangay with his daughter, Mrs Gibson, has returned to Delia.

* * *

Mrs. Warke is spending a couple of weeks with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr and Mrs W. Gibson.

* * *

J. J Bradford took a market carload of stock to Calgary on Tuesday, and while there will take in the Stampede.

* * *

The Annual Twelfth July celebration of the Orangemen of this district is being held today (Thursday), at Long Lake.

* * *

The large number of people who assembled at the United Church, which was kindly lent for the purpose of hearing the Bishop of Calgary, were greatly disappointed at the non-arrival of the Bishop, owing to cond and weather conditions

* * *

The death took place on June 29th of Irene Hawthorne, aged 10 years and 8 months, after an illness of seven months. Funeral services were conducted from the home by Rev. G. A. Steele, of Delia United Church, and interment took place in the Delia Cemetery. Much sympathy is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Hawthorne and family in their bereavement. Many floral tributes were paid by numerous friends and neighbors, and deeply appreciated.

Cards of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Smith wish to thank the Scotland Hill Women's Institute for the beautiful plant sent to Mrs. Smith during her recent sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Murdock wish to thank the Majestic and Farrel Lake Women's Institute for the lovely flowers sent to Mrs Murdock, during her recent illness in the hospital at Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. John O. McKee and family wish to thank the Ladies' Aid and Women's Institute for the beautiful flowers; also kind enquiries of friends during Mr. Mckee's recent illness in the Drumheller Hospital.

Words cannot express our heartfelt gratitude to the many friends and neighbors for kindnesses and sympathy shown us during the illness and death of our little daughter.

MR. & MRS. H. HAWTHORNE
AND FAMILY.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Dunfield wish to thank the Delia Ladies' Aid and Women's Institute; and the Oddfellow's Lodge; also Mr. and Mrs. McCully, for the beautiful flowers sent Mr. Dunfield while a patient in Craigmyle Hospital. Also the many friends and neighbors for kind help and enquiries during Mr. Dunfield's illness.

Card of Thanks

The members of the Junior Institute wish to thank the following for their kindness in giving their service and care to aid in the Constitution camp, which was very much appreciated:—Mr. George Martin, Dr. Netherton, Mr. C. Grant, Mr. S. Schatz, Mr. W. J. Barss, Eric Sharp, James Clark, and Oscar Edstrom. Also all who gave donations of fruit, eggs, etc., or in any way assisted in making the camp successful.

Church Services

THE BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. Dr. M. WHYTE, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—

Sunday School ..	11 a.m.
Morning Service ..	12 p.m.
Evening Service ..	7.30 p.m

WEDNESDAYS

H.Y.P.U. ..	7 p.m.
Prayer Meeting ..	8 p.m.

Subjects:—

Morning—"We look for a Saviour."
Evening—"Lord, I believe."

The Lord's Supper is observed on the first Sunday of the month, after the morning service.

Church of England Service,

VETERANS' HALL

REV. W. JACKSON ARCHER.

Sunday, July15—Holy Communion 11 a.m.

Service every Third Sunday in the month.